

(Alexander) remarked: Mr. Chairman. I agree with the remarks of the Honorable 2nd Member for Christiansted Town that a public market and an abattoir are not the same. I also agree that the fee suggested in the ordinance should go toward cleaning the slaughter house. Further there is a big difference between butchering and the selling of fish and fruits. The butcher pays a fee and therefore are more entitled to the use of the abattoir. A butcher should have a free access to the abattoir at any time.

2nd Member for Christiansted Town (Canegata) remarked: Mr. Chairman. I am surprised to know that my honorable friend has so little knowledge of local conditions. He should know that no animal can be slaughtered without being inspected by the Sanitary Officer.

1st Member for Frederiksted Town (Jackson): I know an animal was slaughtered sometime in the country without having been inspected.

2nd Member for Christiansted Town (Canegata): As regards the case the Honorable Member has referred to I understand that the Sanitary Department gave per mission for the slaughtering of the animal.

2nd Member for Frederiksted Country District (Curry) moved that a committee of five members be appointed to receive and report on the Ordinance.

To be continued.

LOCAL

New York, Porto Rico and St Thomas mail consisting of 70 odd pieces was received here via the Catherine on Saturday. Our previous note as to 50 bags referred only to mail from San Juan.

A sharp and soaking shower of rain amounting to 8½ lines fell in this town yesterday afternoon occasioning the postponement of the concert by the Native Brass Band.

The Native Brass Band entertained a large gathering with a popular concert last evening.

We welcome back from the islands after an absence of three weeks Revd. and Mrs. C. Stanley Mayhew who arrived by the Parima this morning.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Allahabad, India, April 24th.—More than 1,700 persons have died from plague which has been ravaging the Punjab since the first of the year, during the past fortnight, according to statistics made public yesterday. Of 70,000 cases reported since the first of January, 54,000 have been fatal.

Paris, April 24th.—The toot of a steam whistle has replaced the boom of the sunrise and sunset gun in French navy

yards, in pursuance of the programme of economy now under way. The annual saving in ammunition, it is estimated, will amount to several thousand francs.

Moscow, April 24th.—Roumania's reported action in purchasing 400 airplanes and other equipment from France, has prompted an appeal by General Frunze, assistant war commissaire to the Russian workers, directing them to prepare themselves for any possible attack on the Federal Republic. Addressing a conference of non party workmen of the Moscow district, he said the Red Army must be strong, not only in spirit, but in technical equipment, so as to repel invasion from any source.

Paris, April 24th.—France today entered the race for the long distance supremacy in the air. A military airplane took off secretly from Villa Coublay and headed for Japan. The flyers hope to establish a record for sustained flight. The first jump was to be an unprecedented one, a nonstop flight to Constantinople, 1,935 kilometres away. The Air Ministry did not announce the departure officially, because it is planned, unless the plane succeeds in reaching Constantinople in one jump, to call it a false start. The most careful preparations have been made to show France's predominance in the air.

Karachi, B. I., April 24th.—The flight of 700 miles here from Bunderabbas, Persia by Major MacLaren and his companions in the British around the world venture, was made without incident. The weather conditions were ideal and the arrival was exactly on schedule time. All the airmen were in excellent health, although a little weary and somewhat deaf. Their arrival here ends the first stage of their world flight. They now have covered about 4,890 miles, or approximately one fifth of the total distance. The next section to Tokio is roughly 5,880 miles.

Simla, India, April 24th.—The British round the world flight, now at Karachi, will not get under way again before Friday or Saturday, according to advices today. Some minor defects developed in the big amphibian when it reached Karachi yesterday, it was said, and Major MacLaren commanding the expedition decided to overhaul his plane. From Karachi the flyers, now well ahead of their United States army competitors, who are held up in Alaska, will fly to Nasrabad then to Calcutta.

Paris, April 24th.—M. Poincare in an election speech delivered at a banquet of the Republican Federation tonight, answered the reproach that he had neglected home politics, by setting forth at great length the proposed programme of the new Chamber in the way of social and economic legislation. "At the same time," he added, "I must regret that the new Chamber, just as the one whose mandate is about to expire, will above all have to cast its eyes beyond the frontiers to

safeguard France's rights and consolidate the peace of the world." The Premier then proceeded to define the guiding principles of his foreign policy and continued: "We shall study the new economic regime, which the Treaty of Versailles obliges us to negotiate at an early date with Germany herself, to obtain reparations and guarantees of safety without giving any one a pretext to misrepresent our peaceful intentions and let slip the opportunity offered us by your success in the Ruhr, by the report of the experts and by the preliminary decision of the reparation commission. In a word, we shall seek to accomplish settlement, but not exchange solid guarantee for mere German promises, the insincerity of which, according to past experience, does not inspire confidence, and not rely blindly in advance on a debtor who has done nothing up to the present to discharge his obligations."

St. Johns, N. F., April 24th.—A want of confidences vote was carried against the Warren Government in the Newfoundland Legislature late today, by a vote of 16 to 15. The whole fabric of the Warren Government came tumbling down this afternoon, immediately after the opening of the local assembly. Members of the Lower House had just returned from the Legislative Council Chamber, when Premier Warren rose in his place in the house and stated that he had but seven men out of a total membership of thirty six on his side. Immediately Mr. Richard Cramm moved a resolution of want of confidence in the Government. The motion was supported by the Opposition, who were there in force.

Seattle, Wash., April 25th.—A severe earthquake was felt here this morning. Residents pronounced it the most severe tremor in this district for many years. No damage has been reported.

Brussels, April 25th.—Prince Victor Napoleon, head of the House of Bonaparte, has sent from Brussels instructions to the Bonaparte Party in France to vote the straight Republican Ticket at the coming Parliamentary election. "You will vote with discipline," the instructions read: In favour of the patriotic candidates, who are resolved to create in the Republic a Government of order, authority and with an essential guarantee of internal peace and external security. "You will oppose energetically the Communist and international candidates, who are in league with the country's enemies. Place the interests of France and the honour of serving it above our political aspirations and personal preference."

Geneva, April 25th.—The British Government has filed with the Secretariat of the League of Nations for registration, the Washington Naval Treaty of 1922 and the Pacific Treaties of 1921 and 1922.