

speaker shouted the following: We don't want Hall any more, to be Union Doctor, *he must go*, he must not stay longer than the end of the month, which was March, we are now in April, and the gentleman has not yet gone, for he is still seen on his job.

Since he should have gone from the end of March, and he has not yet gone I go so far as to ask, why hasn't he taken farther steps in seeing that he go?

I again ask, how does he feel to see that this man who he shouted must go, is still filling the same job, and still doing the same work as sick Superintendent of the Labor Union.

Mr. Speaker, doesn't he laugh at you when he passes you? Well, he is good if he don't.

Since that I have been hearing that Granady, who is working as Attorney for the Union, is to go too. If they didn't succeed in getting Hall to go, are they going to succeed with Granady?

Thanking you for space.

I am,
Respectfully,

O. C. HALL.

St. Thomas News.

The case of Jose Soto and Jose Lopez vs. Government of the Virgin Islands was argued before the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals in Philadelphia on April 8th. by Dallas M. Townsend of the New York Bar.

It is expected a decision will be handed down within a month.—*St. Thomas Mail Notes April 20th.*

Government has ordered that Elsa M. Govine placed on trial before the District Court of St. Thomas on a charge of attempting to poison by using sugar of lead. Government Attorney Horan will prosecute and Government Attorney Williams will defend.—*Ibid.*

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, April 19th.—A Berlin despatch to the Daily Mail says that the Mayor of Emmerich, near the German-Dutch frontier, placed on the coffin of the former German Empress a wreath of thorns entwined with laurels, symbolizing the sadness which overshadowed her last days.

Paris, April 19th.—The Allied reparation commission announced today that it has given Germany until April 22nd to transfer the gold holdings of the Reich Bank, the German Imperial Bank, to the Coblenz and Cologne branches of the bank. If Germany refuses to comply with the ultimatum the commission, it states, will require the immediate delivery of the gold to the commission itself. In the event of the transfer of the gold to the branches, the sum may

continue to figure as part of the balance of the Reich Bank, the commission explains, but the German Government would have no right to dispose of it without obtaining previous authority from the commission to do so. The German Govt. recently declared the demand to be unacceptable under any circumstances. The latest figures on the gold holdings of the bank, contained in its statement for April 7th, show that on that date there were 1,091,602,000 marks.

London, April 18th.—The cricket team which toured Australia last winter arrived home this morning. Capt. Douglas said the Australians put up better teams. He said he had every hope that the position would be altered in the series of test games to be played by the Australian team in England this Summer. The Australian team, which traveled from Australia on the same boat as the English team, left the ship at Monte Carla, where they will stay a few days before proceeding to England.

New York, April 19th.—The feature of the raw sugar market today was the announcement that the Cuban committee had sold 20,000 tons of Cuba's to the United Kingdom at a price said to be equal to about 4½ cost and freight. The committee also reduced their prices here to 4½, cost and freight, equal to 5.54 for centrifugal, or as on the same basis as uncontrolled sugar. The market for refined sugar as unchanged, to 25 points lower, with fine granulated now listed at 7.65 for hard grades, while several refiners offering soft grades at 7.50.

Ottawa, April 19th.—The House of Commons today gave the final reading to a Bill which ratifies the trade agreement between Canada and the West Indies. Criticism of the agreement was of a friendly nature and no serious clash developed. Sir George Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce, explained the terms of the agreement. The Dominion would give a preference of not less than 59% on the majority of articles imported from the West Indies. The West Indies would give a preference to Canadian goods ranging from 50% in the case of certain islands to 25 percent in others. Improved steamship facilities and consequent increasing passenger and cargo business between Canada and the West Indies were provided for in the agreement, which has been approved by several of the islands and also by the British Government.

London, April 19th.—The Prime Minister defends the Government's policy in Ireland and cites the United States civil war as providing an exact parallel for the situation there, involving the fundamental issue of union or secession, in his reply today to the recent memorial sent him by nine Anglican Bishops and the heads of the principal non-conformist churches in Great Britain. In this memorial the signers endorsed the Archbishop of Canterbury's protest in

the House of Lords against reprisals in Ireland and pleaded for a truce. Among other things the memorial declared that the Govt's policy in Ireland exposed Great Britain to misunderstanding and hostile criticisms, even of the friendliest of the world's nations.

London, April 20th.—Demands for the establishment of a National Wage Board and a National Wage Pool, have been re-affirmed by large majorities by district committees of miners throughout the country, it is claimed by the "Daily Herald", the organ of labour. The newspaper claims that these meetings which were held preparatory to the conference of the Miners Federation of Great Britain here on Friday, stood 14 to 1 in favour of the demands of the Union. The statement was issued by the Miners Federation last night, declaring that Mr. Lloyd George's address in the House on Monday did not carry the possibility of a settlement any further than it stood last week. The statement declared Mr. Lloyd George "Has not yet grasped the essential features of the National Wage Pool" and that he is "Obsessed by the view that the miners demand a pool of profits". It is suggested that there shall be levied a certain amount on each ton of coal, this money being used for the purpose of establishing the wage pool. It is proposed that the sum levied, should be figured as one of the elements of the cost of production. The statement asserts that this method of providing funds for the pool, is perfectly feasible, but that the mine owners have refused to accept it, on inadequate and mistaken grounds. British mine owners who met in this city yesterday, announced last night that the meeting had completed proposals, which would be submitted, in an effort to secure a settlement of the coal strike. These proposals, it declared, met many of the demands of the miners, and would care for men who were inadequately paid. It is improbable that the mine owners and the coal diggers will meet before Friday, and in the meantime the coal shortage is becoming acute in London and other large cities in England.

London, April 20th.—An echo of the Prime Minister's famous speech, accusing British labour leaders of revolutionary designs, was heard at Bedford yesterday, when Mrs. Lloyd George, who is speaking in the interest of the new Postmaster General in the Bedford bye-election, said, "We have beaten Prussianism, we must now prepare to beat Russianism. The disciples of Lenin and Trotsky are among us, bent on destroying our cherished institutions and bringing disaster upon the nation".

London, April 20th.—All the Salvation Army officials imprisoned in Russia have been liberated, according to a despatch received by General Booth from Salvation headquarters at Helsingfors, Finland.