

Catalonia. The President of the Free Syndicate has been killed and others assaulted and killed. A general strike has been declared as a protest against the arrests which have been made.

Athens, Nov. 26th.—The political situation is having an unfavourable influence on business, which is entirely suspended and the banks have stopped all credits. The discussion in the Chamber on the Rapallo Treaty is nearing its end and Count Sforza will leave this evening for London. The Govt. is making every effort to recall Former King Constantine to Athens before the plebiscite, in order to forestall any manifestations by the Venizelists. Eight Generals and twelve hundred officers who were removed on account of their German sympathies have been reinstated, as also many Magistrates and Metropolitans. Great demonstrations are being organized for Sunday, in honor of the arrival of Prince Nicholas, brother of the ex-King.

Madrid, Nov. 26th.—The King and Queen arrived here today and received a warm public welcome.

Lisbon, Nov. 26th.—The New Cabinet under the leadership of Senor Alvaro Castro is already encountering serious Parliamentary difficulties.

Paris, Nov. 27th. A Hava's despatch from London states that the first interview between Mr. Lloyd George and M. Leygues was devoted to an exchange of views on world problems concerning England and France. The Delegates during the afternoon examined the question of reparation and the plebiscite in Upper Silesia. An exchange of views, regarding Greece will commence on Sunday. M. Leygues will probably remain until Monday evening. In British circles it is considered advisable to await developments at Athens and that there is little probability that the Foreign Office will associate itself with any official manifestation, but will limit its action to official intervention at Athens. A Greek representative may perhaps be summoned to London for a conference.

Douglas, Arizona, Nov. 27th.—Senor Alfonso Pesquier, brother of the Confidential Agent of Mexico in the United States, has been suspended as Mexican Consul here, owing to his refusal to carry out an order of his Govt. to vicer the passport of Senator Tall.

Washington, Nov. 27th.—The resumption of commercial relations with Russia is foreshadowed in a resolution prepared by Senator France, which it is intended to introduce in the next session of the Senate.

Washington, Nov. 27th.—Colonel Tarafa, representing President Menocal of Cuba, had a long interview with Under Secretary Davis in an effort to find a satisfactory plan for ending the financial crisis in Cuba. Various projects were examined, but no results were reached, and after the conference Colonel Tarafa

left for New York to confer with Bankers relative to a loan.

Warsaw, Nov. 26th.—The Foreign Office states that the reports of the possibility of a new war between Poland and the Bolsheviks are due to German press propaganda. The policy of Poland is declared to be entirely pacific and negotiations at Ri a are stated to be proceeding favourably.

Rome, Nov. 27th.—The Chamber has closed the general discussion on the Treaty of Rapallo.

Milan, Nov. 27th.—By an explosion in an establishment for the unloading of projectiles five soldiers were killed and many workmen wounded.

Washington, Nov. 27th.—The Chairman of the House Immigration Committee has announced that Congress at the coming session is unable to legislate restricting immigration, it probably will be urged that all aliens be restricted, temporarily, by an act of Congress.

Berlin, Nov. 27th.—An American named Chase, en route to Berlin with two American acquaintances, disappeared from the Dortmund Railway Station. Newspapers report that Chase is believed to have been murdered, as he had a million marks in his possession.

Ancon, Nov. 27th.—President elect Harding inspected the defences of the Panama Canal here today.

Geneva, Nov. 27th.—Lord Robert Cecil, acting delegate for the South African League, told correspondents today that he believed the United States to be the best nation to accept the mandate for Armenia.

Geneva, Nov. 27th.—(Associated Press) All danger that the Assembly of the League of Nations can encroach upon the Monroe Doctrine considering American questions in the absence of the United States has been averted by the withdrawal of a request by Bolivia and Peru for a revision of their treaty with Chili. It was the purpose of Bolivia to gain access to the sea and Peru to secure reconsideration of the vexing act.

Dublin, Nov. 27th.—Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Feiners, and several other leaders have been arrested. According to information obtained by an Associated Press correspondent from authoritative sources the arrests were a prelude to a contemplated round up of all believed to be connected with the Republican Government.

Washington, Nov. 26th.—President Wilson received today from the League of Nations a request to act as mediator in the Armenian Question. The telegram arrived at the White House from Geneva yesterday evening, but was not delivered to the President until this morning. Although Mr. Wilson has already consented to fix the frontiers of Armenia, there is no intimation regarding his attitude on the question of mediator.

Dublin, Nov. 25th.—Enormous crowds, standing twenty deep, lined both sides of the route and witnessed one of the most impressive military corteges which Dublin has ever seen, when the coffins of the officers assassinated last Sunday were taken today by way of North Quay to North Wall, where they were placed on board a torpedo-boat destroyer, bound for England. The throngs, composed largely of women and girls, showed the utmost respect for the dead, and, as far as is known, no untoward incident detracted from the solemnity of the occasion. Men and boys in the gathering uncovered their heads as the lengthy procession passed, and the silence maintained was so profound that no sound was audible between the intervals of the Dirges played by the bands. In accordance with the request of the British Government, all shops, public houses, and even hotel doors remained closed from ten o'clock in the morning until one o'clock in the afternoon. The funeral was a truly imposing one, every arm of the British forces in Ireland being represented and by a large contingent.

London, Nov. 25th.—Sir Edward Carson denies that he had received an intimation to appear before the Committee of a self-constituted Council of one hundred Americans who are investigating the Irish situation, and adds he would regard such an investigation as gross impertinence.

London, Nov. 26th.—The Irish problem was again brought up in the House of Commons yesterday and the question of conciliation was raised Mr. Lloyd George giving his opinion on the matter, declared that he had always been convinced that no policy of conciliation was possible in Ireland until the reign of terror was broken, as for very obvious reasons men in Ireland who would be prepared to enter into negotiation at the present time are in terror of their lives and cannot do so freely.

Dublin, Nov. 26th.—Mr. Arthur Griffiths, founder of the Sinn Fein organization, Professor John MacNeill, Sinn Fein Member of Parliament for Londonderry City and the National University of Ireland, together with a number of others including Professor MacNeill's son were arrested today by the auxiliary police. The Irish Office, in stating this noon that Mr. Griffith was arrested at two o'clock this morning, said that no formal charges had yet been preferred against him. He was taken in a lorry to a destination which has not as yet been made public.

PASSENGERS GIVE TO CHARITY

Passengers on a recent trip of the Mohwak, arriving here October 21st, contributed \$87.50 for St. Gabriel's School for the Deaf.—Porto Rico Progress Nov. 12th.