

ing unemployment and the consequent industrial unrest, also the position of agriculture and the demand of the farmers for fiscal changes to meet their growing difficulties.

London, Sept. 25th.—Sugar in stock on the 22nd inst. was 97,000 tons. Last year 90,000 tons.

London, Sept. 24th.—The revolution in Bulgaria has burst into full flame and the whole country is in the hands of the rebels, according to a despatch to the Morning Post from Belgrade today. The despatch adds that Sofia is blockaded. King Boris has offered to resign, but this offer has not been accepted. The insurgents are said to have destroyed all means of communication and the new Government has lost connection with the provinces. The situation of the capital is critical, it is blockaded both in a military and economic sense, being short of provisions and threatened with attack. The despatch to the Post says Premier Zankoff is reshaping and reinforcing the Cabinet with adherents of General Theodore Alexandroff, the Macedonian leader, who has become Minister of Police and holds the whole city under military dictatorship. Bulgarian Communists have held up the Orient Express near the Turkish frontier, says a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Constantinople. The despatch adds that Turkish communications is interrupted.

Sofia, Sept. 24th.—A semi official statement issued this afternoon says that the Communist movement has been suppressed at two points in Southern Bulgaria, and that peace has been restored. Several centres of communist disaffection still exist in the North, the statement adds, but attempts to create an uprising have been fully suppressed and have not succeeded.

Paris, Sept. 24th.—Premier Zankoff of Bulgaria in a statement to the Le Journal Sofia correspondent says that northern Bulgaria was calm and that order has been restored in the south, though not without resistance. The Communists, he asserts, lost heavily, while five or six men of the Government forces were killed. As we have only a small volunteer army, "the Premier continued, "we judge it prudent to proclaim martial law everywhere, but that was only a temporary precaution.

Halifax, N. S. Sept. 24th.—H. M. S. "Constance", of the North Atlantic Squadron, arrived in port yesterday afternoon at four o'clock and proceeded to the dock yard.

Paris, Sept. 24th.—M. De Lasteyrie, Minister of Finance, in an address before the Chamber of Commerce Department dwelt upon the excellent situation in France from a financial and economic viewpoint. He produced figures to show that for the first time since 1914 the French budget balanced. The Minister said that France in the past four years without receiving aid from Germany had

accomplished the enormous task of spending one hundred billion francs in the reconstruction of the devastated regions and in the restoration of the country's finances. This was made possible by voting eight billion additional taxes, the collection of which was intensified, so that without an increase in customs tariffs or ordinary receipts were raised from 15,000,000,000 in 1920, to 19,756,000,000 in 1922. In 1921 there were 63,963 idle workmen in France, while on August 1st 1923 only 10,075 were unemployed in France, of whom 130 lived in Paris.

Ottawa, Sept. 24th.—The value of Canada's total imports for August exceeded the value of the total imports by over two and a half million dollars as shown in a report compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Brussels, Sept. 24th.—The International Balloon Race for the Gordon-Bennett Cup developed into an international disaster. Already five men have lost their lives, one is believed to be fatally injured and no less than six balloons were destroyed or badly damaged. Some of the contestants have not been heard from. They may have escaped the fury of the storm or met the same fate as the British balloon "Margaret", the latest to be reported, which fell into the sea off Denmark. The casualty list is as follows. United States Army S-6, struck by lightning and burned. Lieutenant Olmstead and Shoptaw killed. The Spanish balloon "Polar", caught fire from a lightning bolt and fell near Heystgood, pilot Barea killed and his assistant badly injured. The "Geneva", Swiss, struck by lightning near Beverloo and burned in midair. Her pilot killed. "Ville De Bruxelles" Belgian, damaged before starting and withdrawn. "Margaret" British, fell into the sea near Skagen, Denmark, pilots Allen and Berry saved. "Saint Louis," United States, burst before start, so far as reported late tonight the following balloons had made safe landings. United States A 6699 landed at Patten, Holland. "Fernandez Dico," Spain, at Schryck, Holland. "Banshee," British at Eerzel, Holland. "Zurich," Swiss, at Eersel. "Savoie," French, at Turnhout, Belgium. "Fernandez 11," French, near Aitwerp. The "Belgica," Belgian, is reported to have landed, but this is not confirmed. A message from the Belgian "Prince Leopold" reported "all well." The "Picardy," French, the "Helvetia" Swiss, and the "Esperia" Spanish have not been heard from.

Dusseldorf, Sept. 24th.—The seizure of 118,560,000,000 marks, a sum valued at a half million dollars at today's rate of exchange, was reported to French headquarters today. The whole seizure was effected in one operation by the French customs post at Brackel, on the frontier of the occupied region, discovering the huge pile of paper money in the false bottom of an automobile truck,

which was ostensibly hauling white paper for the Reichsbank printing office at Dortmund.

St. John, N. B. Sept. 24th.—H. M. S. "Cimetown", flagship of Vice Admiral Sir Michael Colme-Seymour, arrived here this afternoon. Hundreds of citizens lined the pier to watch the arrival of the "Cape town", the first warship that has visited these waters for several years.

London, Sept. 24th.—President Ebert, according to a Central News despatch from Berlin, had a long consultation with Gustav Roske, the Chief of Police, tonight and energetic measures were discussed and will be submitted to a conference of the Federal Premiers tomorrow. The correspondent says it is reported that should the Bavarian Nationalists make trouble, the Cabinet will resign and Roske will be appointed dictator.

Oklahoma City, Sept. 24th.—Adjutant General Marchan tonight was ordered by Governor Walton to "use all force necessary" to prevent the session of the lower house of Oklahoma Legislature, called for noon on Wednesday. All citizens, soldiers of the state, between the ages of 21 and 45 were directed in the order to hold themselves in readiness, with such arms as they possess or can obtain, to come to the assistance of the sovereign state of Oklahoma when ordered to do so by the Governor. As a precaution against any attempt of the legislators to meet elsewhere, should they be barred from the house chamber at the state capital, the Governor also directed Adjutant General Marchan to disperse the meeting at any other time, or place, in the State of Oklahoma. The Adjutant General was ordered to use all military forces of the state, if necessary, to disperse the assembly. Governor Walton reiterated his charge that the proposed meeting would be an unlawful assembly dominated and controlled by the so-called Invisible Empire, commonly known as the Klu Klux Klan. "He declared that since the Klu Klux Klan was proclaimed an enemy of the State of Oklahoma and his martial law proclamation of Sept. 15th, the session, therefore, would be in defiance of the laws of the state and an attempt to break the peace. The troops will be ordered to shoot and kill, if that is necessary to prevent the assembly. Governor Walton told newspapermen. "I hope, however, that no such measures will be necessary."

Constantinople, Sept. 25th.—The discovery of a hitherto unknown city in Thessaly has been officially reported. A large number of cities have already been unearthed. The ruins belong to the early Byzantine period and were discovered by Souirion, who stated that further explorations would cause a big sensation in the archaeological world.

Pointe a Pitre, September 26th.—Fairly strong shock earthquake of short duration felt here at 11.30 p. m. 25th.