

tung question at the conference to be held at Washington, if China declines to negotiate regarding the turning of Shantung over to China.

Brusa, Asia Minor, Sept. 17th.—A cessation of their offensive has been announced by the Greeks, this, they state, being due to fatigue of the troops which were endeavouring to overcome the resistance of the Turks East of the Sakaria River, necessitating the shortening of their line of communication.

Atlantic City, Sept. 17th.—The Navy Department has been requested by the United States Fisheries Association to discontinue submarine and other manoeuvres and the firing of depth bombs at the fishing grounds, as being very inimical to the fishing industry.

New York, Sept. 17th.—Memorial services were held today at the Brooklyn Navy-yard where the last honours were paid the American victims of the ZR 2 catastrophe, whose bodies were brought to the United States by the cruiser "Dauntless". The President and members of the Cabinet attended and wreaths were placed on the coffins by Mr. Denby, Secretary of the Navy. The guard of honor was formed by marines and officers and men of British, French, and Brazilian ships of war took part in the ceremonies.

Geneva, Sept. 17th.—It is announced that the delegates at the League assembly are divided on the question as to whether the League should attempt to intervene in the Greco-Turkish war, some of the members being strongly in favour thereof, while others oppose it, fearing complications.

Constantinople, Sept. 18th.—A general retreat has begun by the Greek forces towards the positions occupied by them prior to their offensives. The Turks are jubilant over the reverses sustained by the Greeks, who they declare are disheartened by the failure of their attempt to take Angora.

Simla, Sept. 11th.—The rebellion in the Malabar district is still unbroken, according to a report issued by the Home Secretary.

Vienna, Sept. 17th.—A great demonstration took place here today under the auspices of the pan-German party as a protest against alleged evils in the Peace Treaty. An immediate union of Austria and Germany was demanded.

Berlin, Sept. 18th.—The Upper Chamber has ratified the American Peace Treaty.

Philadelphia, Sept. 17th.—Playing today in the National Tennis Championships, Tilden and Johnson had tied in their series when play was postponed until Monday on account of rain.

Logan, West Virginia, Sept. 18th.—The President and Secretary of the district mine workers union are among the men to the number of three hundred and twenty five, who have been indicted for murder in connection with the recent

coalfields outrages. Besides these, two hundred others have also been indicted on charges of unlawful carrying of fire-arms and insurrection.

Riga, Sept. 17th.—Owing to delays in transportation on the Russian railroads the work of the American Relief Commission is being seriously handicapped, the first shipment of supplies to the Volga district having taken three weeks to reach its destination, the ordinary time being usually five days.

London, Sept. 17th.—The "Quest," the small ship in which Sir Ernest Shackleton will explore the uncharted section of the South Atlantic, Pacific, and Antarctic seas, left the Thames today on the start of her two-year voyage. Large crowds gathered on the docks to wish Sir Ernest and his party a successful voyage.

Dublin, Sept. 17th.—Mr. De Valera's telegram yesterday to Mr. Lloyd George was today declared by the "Freeman's Journal" to make it more evident that the Prime Minister had been too hasty in his conclusion that the Sinn Fein letter conveying details of the Irish acceptance of his invitation to a conference implied a demand for recognition in advance of an Irish republic. The newspaper asserted that one encouraging fact was made clear by the correspondence, and that was that both the British Government and the Irish leaders desire an honourable peace, and that the peoples of both countries were overwhelmingly with them in this common desire, and that to allow such a position to be lost would be a hideous blunder and a crime against civilization. The newspaper continued: "We are expressing the unanimous wish of the Irish people when we assert that some method should be found to dissolve the dead-lock without the threat of force, and that the conference should proceed untrammelled by differences that will almost disappear on the day that the conference meets".

London, Sept. 17th.—The Sinn Fein acceptance of membership in the British commonwealth, as the basis for negotiations with Mr. Lloyd George, is seen as the only way out of the present Irish situation and the deadlock by the London newspapers, although the prospects regarding the conference are considered lessened by Mr. De Valera's last note to the Premier.

London, Sept. 17th.—With the splendid aggregate of 3,170 runs, compiled in fifty two innings and giving him an average of 69.10. Mead, the Hampshire professional head the first class English cricket averages for the season just closed.

Winnipeg, Sept. 18th.—With a return of fine and moderately warmer weather, after more than a week of unsettled conditions, harvesting has begun again and will be in full swing early this week in most sections of the three Prairie provinces.

London Sept 18th.—Official investiga-

tions show that the situation in India is more serious than was believed. The military are experiencing difficulty in dealing with the rebels, owing to the latter's mobility and the nature of the country, which is largely forestland, where formidable gangs are scattered. The opinion is held that the recalcitrant Moplahs, who fled into the jungle, could be starved out if the main roads are held and contained parts garrisoned. Two thousand rebels are massed on the Bandadul hills in a favorable position, where an action is imminent and where the ground is unfavourable to the use of artillery.

NEW YORK, September 17th 1921.

Flour, Blended Clears St. Lawrence Brand
pr. brl. \$7.50.
Meal Kilndried per 100 lbs \$1.95
New Season's Pork per brl. \$37.00
Heavy Mess Pork per bbl. \$25.4
Sugar---Crystals maximum per 100 lbs.
\$4.00
Molasses Sugar 89° test, no quotation.
Cotton, Middling Upland, at Liverpool
per lb. 14 33-100d.
Exchange, New York and London, 60
days' sight \$3.68
Exchange New York and London, sight
\$3.71½

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Sugar, Demerara Crystals, per cwt. 43s.
—47s. 6d.
Muscavado per cwt. 28s. 39s.
German Beet 88° f.o.b. no sales.
White Java sugar cif United Kingdom
23s. September shipment.
Demerara Rum, per gal. nominal.
Trinidad Cocoa, Good Middling Red per
cwt. 56s. 58s. nominal.
Cotton Good Medium West Indian Sea
Island per lb. 26d. nominal.
Bank of England rate of Discount per
cent. 5½.
Consols 48.
Three per cent rentes in Paris Fcs. 56.60.

FATHER'S FAULT

Edward Bok, the talented ex-editor and reformer, said at a business men's luncheon in Philadelphia:

"I claim that business men are partly to blame for the ridiculous fashions from Paris which their daughters wear. The business man should not permit his innocent child to appear in shocking creations designed in the Rue de la Paix for the demimondaine trade."

Mr. Bok paused and smiled.

"A Merion business man," he went on, "entertained a house party the other week. As he came from his dressing room one evening during the party he overheard his butler saying in a fierce whisper down the dumb waiter:

"For de land's sake, cook, hurry up de soup. De ladies is all stripped for dinner."—*Detroit Free Press.*