

ries the germs; the proper screening of houses and the sterilization by quinine of the blood of human malaria carriers.

"As a consequence of these demonstrations", the report continues, "public funds for malaria control operations are now being appropriated faster than sanitarians can be found to do the work. From the outset the Foundation's International Health Board has entered an area only at the invitation of the Government concerned. All of its work has been based upon at least three primary considerations: co-operation with the authorities, the community's assumption of some part of the expense and an agreement that if the experiment is successful the Government will take over the enterprise as part of its official machinery.

"In June, 1919, a conference was held to plan a concentrated campaign against malaria in the Southern States. Representatives of the United States Public Health Service and of the International Health Board of the Rockefeller Foundation were present, and these men worked out a program which was subsequently approved and adopted in ten Southern States."

President Vincent said that hookworm control has proved a most successful means of convincing communities that health is purchasable. In 1919 hookworm control measures were continued in twenty-five States and countries and the campaign extended into eight new areas.—*Porto Rico Progress, July 23rd.*

### TRUE SYMPATHY.

If you have a friend who has suffered some bereavement, do not mention the fact or anything which will bring thoughts of it. You may think that your words of condolence were not as impressive as you would wish, but is it not cruel, merely for your own satisfaction to open up wounds made by death? Do not be thoughtless in such matters. Above all things, do not be the low, mean, hypocritical kind, bringing up matters which touch the heart of the afflicted one, just to see how the sufferer behaves. There are some who delight in an act of the sort, just to be able to have a "subject of gossip." There is a time when words of sympathy should cease. Continued too far, they stamp those who utter them, as insincere, and in some cases malicious. The true friend seeks to make others more comfortable and happy.

Are you a true friend, or a hypocrite?  
—*Barbados Times, 10th July.*

### SUGAR NOTES.

The last week in June the Amalgamated Sugar Company, of Utah, distributed another lot of sugar at the old price of \$13.73 per hundred weight. The allot-

ment is 4,800 bags and comes as a surprise to the sugar fraternity which does not understand what the motive is behind this generosity. None of the sugar was sold in Salt Lake City.—*Louisiana Planter, July 24th.*

There is a general feeling everywhere among manufacturers in the United States that though sugar regulation may have been necessary during the war by federal authorities, yet they believe it has signally retarded the sugar industry in the whole country. Germany has been itching with what is called the "Zwangswirtschaft," a forced policy, and they claim that that has so deteriorated the whole tone of the industry that it will be years in recovering.—*Ibid.*

The Holly Sugar Company is planning to build a 35-mile railroad from Pueblo, Colo., along the south side of the Arkansas River and then a branch for about ten miles into the Wilson district. This would give the company more adequate railroad facilities to get beets, say from the Swink district and other thrifty districts. It is believed the project will cost close on to a million dollars. Co-operation is asked of the farmers who will guarantee to raise beets for some seasons for beet growing has been hindered in these parts just because there were no adequate railroad facilities.—*Ibid.*

Great things are expected from the Rocky Mountain states in the line of beet sugar. From the glaciers and lofty heads of this mighty range will be poured out water and moisture that will see 25 factories in operation this fall turning our sweetness and light on the sugar situation. Colorado alone will have 40,000 more acres than last year, an increase of 12 per cent. Seventeen factories will be operated in Colorado alone. The Great Western Sugar Company will have ten plants alone doing business. Two plants will run for the first time at Delta and Fort Lupton. Nebraska boasts of five factories.—*Ibid.*

A grand jury in Ohio has been conducting an investigation into labour problems and has concluded that the cause of increased building costs everywhere is due to the fact of "labors refusal to do a day's work for a day's pay." It was also shown that the labor unions capitalized this "laziness" and that it was not the individual so much as the authority of men higher up, whose aim was to cripple industry and use the sledge hammer of autocracy to make men of means "come across". That there will be a readjustment is believed when a more sane view of the whole industrial situation will clear up and in this the sugar men expect to share as they now share in the excesses.—*Ibid.*

The web worm has cut its way into the

beet fields around Longmont, Colo., and is raising hob instead of beets, much to the chagrin of the planters and sugar makers. The cut worm is another cut-throat doing business on the same destructive principles. Halt!—*Ibid.*

The latest memorandum of India places the raw sugar production at 3,001,000 tons in contrast to 2,370,000 tons last year. The acreage was only 2,667,000, and the year before 2,884,000. This does not include 28,000 tons reported later. It also does not include 101,000 tons of date sugar, 35,000 tons of palm sugar and 125,000 tons of refined sugar.—*Ibid.*

Egypt expects to have a sugar shortage this year and the Societe Generale des Sucreries et la de Raffinerie d'Egypte has been permitted to import 9,500 tons of sugar for refining purposes. Owing to frost in certain regions, a condition which seldom occurs in Egypt the crop has been short and the government has permitted another 11,500 tons to be imported and also has raised the sugar prices. On April 7 Port Said paid 90 pounds per ton. On May 3 it was 106 pounds per ton. It has even gone to 109 pounds.—*Ibid.*

From reliable sources it is learned that the Japanese government has negotiated for the purchase of 437,000 long tons of superior white crystal sugar from Java at 55 guilders per picul which is equivalent to 16 cents a pound f. o. b. Java port.—*Ibid.*

From the beet sugar section east of the Mississippi River word comes of increasing tonnage of sugar beets. There are 33 plants in this section and of these four will be new ones. The factory at Mount Pleasant, Mich., of the Columbia Sugar Company, the Green Bay, Wis., Sugar Company at Green Bay, the new factory at Belmond, Iowa, and the Waverly, Iowa, plant will resume work this year. The latter belongs to the Iowa Sugar Company. The crop outlook is good. There has been considerable hoeing and thinning and there is no perceptible labor shortage, the companies having fair success in getting help, generally speaking. It is estimated that this region will have an increased acreage of 15 per cent and the states will be jubilant over these encouraging reports.—*Ibid.*

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