

St. Croix Avis.

77TH YEAR.

CHRISTIANSTED, V. I. U. S. A., MONDAY, 30TH JULY, 1923.

No. 174.

THE ST. CROIX AVIS

is printed and published daily (Sundays and Holidays excepted) by C. Johansen at the Avis Office.

TERMS:—50 cents monthly in advance, 2 cents per single copy.

Entered as second class matter May 26th 1917 at the Post Office at Christiansted, St. Croix, V. I. of the U. S. A. under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Contribution to this paper will be gladly received when the same deals with matters of general interest, and is accompanied with the author's name, as a guarantee of good faith. The editor cannot be responsible for the views of his correspondents nor does he necessarily endorse them.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, July 25th.—New and wonderful possibilities of medical science, which until now have been kept a close secret, will be revealed today by Dr. Banting, the Canadian who discovered the insulin treatment for diabetes, the Daily Express says. Dr. Banting is expected by the newspaper to take his audience of 500 doctors along new avenues of research that may lead to discoveries more important than insulin.

Prague, July 25th.—Emanuel Lasker yesterday was awarded first prize in the European chess tournament, which was played at Mahrtschostrau. It is believed Lasker will now issue a challenge for a return match with Capablanca of Cuba, the world's champion, who dethroned Lasker, the United States champion, at the Havana tournament.

New York July 25th.—The raw sugar market was a shade easier today with prices 1/16 lower to the basis of 5 3/16 for Cubas, cost and freight, equal to 6 9/16 for centrifugal. There were sales of 1,000 bags of Cuba's to local refiners.

London, July 25th.—Mr. Lloyd George addressing a meeting of National Liberals, his followers in the liberal party, on Monday night, contended that the coalition government had succeeded for nine months in preventing the French from entering the Ruhr, but since the present government came into power with a policy of greater friendship for France that act of folly had been perpetrated and the economic life of Europe thrown into confusion, while the most humiliating peace with Turkey this country ever signed has been concluded. Mr. Lloyd

George complained that lack of generosity on the part of official liberals had caused a division of the party which had put labour in the position of an alternative Government to the present one. He predicted that when the country found itself faced with some great emergency, the wretched squabbles of the liberal party would vanish and their regard for the country's interests would reappear.

Bristol, July 25th.—Mr. Lloyd George made a fierce attack on M. Poincare, the French Premier, in a speech here today. He objected to M. Poincare's habit of making speeches on Sunday, which he pointed out was a day consecrated to goodwill and hardly a day to unscrew the cylinder of carefully distilled hatred and anger among nations. Alluding to past negotiations Mr. Lloyd George said: "I did not fall out with M. Poincare, but it was very difficult to get along with him". Mr. Bonar Law also found it quite impossible to work with him. The ex Premier accused M. Poincare of wickedly distorting his speeches and expressed the hope that the British efforts toward peace would not be converted into "more fuel for further devastating and scorching flames, which burn up the peace, prosperity, progress and happiness of mankind".

Hamburg July 25th.—The Russian Soviet Government, it is learned, will establish a grain receiving and distributing station here. Russia's export of grain will be cleared through this station.

Birmingham, Ala., July 25th.—The United States must concern itself in European affairs, Senator Underwood declared here today, speaking before the Birmingham Rotary Club. Senator Underwood did not mention the League of Nations, but he frankly warned that "black clouds blowing from the wheat belt" brought by failure to find an export market, would cause economic suffering in this country unless this nation takes a hand to remedy conditions in Europe.

Quebec Steamship Co. THE S. S. "PARIMA"

is expected to leave New York on August 2nd and is due at Frederiksted on or about the 9th and will be dispatched for Windward Islands.

ROB'T. L. MERWIN & Co. Inc.,
Agents.

Publication.

IT is hereby brought to public notice that, effective this date, Lieutenant Commander William S. Zane, Supply Corps, U. S. Navy, has been appointed Government Secretary of the Virgin Islands of the United States, and Acting Chairman of the St. Thomas Harbor Board, relieving Lieutenant Commander John J. Gaffney, Supply Corps, U. S. Navy.

Government of the Virgin Islands of the United States, St. Thomas, July 16, 1923.

HENRY H. HOUGH,
Governor.

Publication

FROM THE POLICE.

THE public is hereby notified that in the event of an impending hurricane, the following signals will be given:—

During the day. Upon receipt of information that a hurricane is approaching, ONE HURRICANE FLAG (a red flag with a black square in the centre) will be flown. If this island is in the path of the hurricane, TWO HURRICANE FLAGS, (one above the other) will be flown.

During the night. Two rockets will be fired at an interval of three minutes between the first and second.

The above mentioned signals will be given from the forts in Christiansted and Frederiksted, as well as from the battery at King's Hill.

The telephone centrals will inform all subscribers, (country ones first) of the approach of a hurricane.

Office of the Director of Police, Frederiksted, St. Croix, V. I. U. S. A. 23rd July 1923.

F. COULTER,
Director of Police.