

believed are too long. Further, behind the strike, the committee found, was "a considerable element, of revolutionary Radicalism, of which it is said there is no question but that William Foster, Secretary of the general strike committee, was a leader.

Washington, Nov. 10th.—Solemn warning was given the United Mine Workers of America tonight by Attorney General Palmer, that resolutions of conventions and orders of officers of organizations, are not above the law. A formal coal strike was announced by the Attorney General while officers of the miners organization at Indianapolis were struggling with the question how to answer the courts blunt and peremptory command to rescind the strike order. Describing the strike as a plain violation of a Federal statute, Mr. Palmer, speaking with the authority of the Government, announced that all the power of the United States would be used to enforce the mandate of the courts. Although no reference was made in the Attorney General's statement to the pronouncement of organized labour supporting the miners and demanding the withdrawal of injunction proceedings, it was evident that Mr. Palmer had that document in mind. Official Washington, accepted his declaration to mean that the refusal of the miners to cancel their strike order would mean a fight to the bitter end.

Indianapolis, Nov. 11th.—The United Mine Workers of America, through its general committee, decided today to obey the mandate of district judge Anderson, which means the recall of the order for a strike of 425,000 bituminous coal miners of the nation, the decision was reached at 4.10 this morning after more than seventeen hours discussion. The conference then adjourned at two o'clock this afternoon.

London, Nov. 10th.—The Empire press meeting provisionally suggested that representation at the press conference to be held in Canada next year should be divided as follows. Australia fourteen delegates. New Zealand eight. South Africa nine. India six, including four Anglo Indians and two Vernacular press representatives. The proposed representation from Great Britain is Northern newspapers eight, southern four, Irish four Scottish six, also one each from the Institute of Journalists and the National Union of Journalists. This leaves sixteen places still to be filled. The Empire press union suggests that the Daily Herald, which is a newspaper representing the extreme labour view points, should be included. Further representation suggested, is one delegate each from Ceylon, Malay Peninsula, West Indies and the far east.

Washington, Nov. 10th.—Plans of the union of Russian workers to bring about an overthrow of the Government

throughout America was revealed in documents seized in the nation wide raids of Federal authorities on Friday and Saturday night, and made public by Assistant Attorney General Garvan. With the Government overthrown and everything wiped from the earth that is a reminder of the right of private ownership of property, the Russian workers, according to their manifesto "looked forward to the magnificent, beautiful formula without a God, without a master and free of authority. The documents and publications obtained in raids, officials said today, are of the most inflammatory nature and make no effort to conceal the union's programme of destruction and manner to achieve its end. Much of the material made public is of such a nature as to cause ordinarily any newspaper reprinting it to be barred from the mails.

London, Nov. 11th.—The West India committee has issued an appeal for contributions towards an endowment fund of at least £20,000 to provide development work for the West Indies in many directions. Seven thousand five hundred and eighty nine pounds have already been subscribed.

London, Nov. 11th.—Mr. H. A. Cotter, Deputy chairman of the West India committee, since May 1917 has been selected by the court of directors as Deputy Governor of the Bank of England.

London, Nov. 11th.—The House of Lords committee, which has been conducting an enquiry into allegations that girls of the woman Royal Air Force Service, at the Hurst Park Camp, had not always conducted themselves properly, concluded its work today. Lord Wrenbury, the chairman, announced that the committee unanimously found the allegations of immorality absolutely unsupported by any of the testimony presented. The House of Lords today rejected the clause in the bill for the removal of six qualifications, which would permit women to sit in the House of Lords. The clause in the form of an amendment was added to the bill by the House of Commons.

Dublin, Nov. 11th.—The Sinn Fein Parliament was raided by the authorities and nine members of it were arrested. Those taken in custody included O. W. G. Mahoney, J. Hayes and Frank Lawless, Sinn Fein members of the British House of Commons. Many documents were seized by the raiders.

Washington, November 11th.—Having forced the miners to call off the coal strike the Government set out today to help them negotiate a new wage agreement. After the announcement that Federal judge Anderson at Indianapolis had approved of the order by the United mine workers of America rescinding the strike notice, Secretary Wilson invited representatives of the miners and operators from all the fields involved in

the walkout to meet here on Friday for the purpose of negotiating a basis for settlement. "The miners accepted. Mr. Wilson had received no formal reply from the operators, but was unofficially advised that they would comply with his request. The Secretary was assured by the operator and miners that they would endeavour faithfully to frame a pay scale that would send the 425,000 strikers back to work willingly and at once. Mr. Thomas T. Brewster, head of the operators association of the Central Competitive field, who arrived here during the day from St. Louis, to take an active hand in the situation, made public tonight in a telegram to Mr. Lewis, acting President of the Miners Organization urging "prompt resumption of negotiations."

NEW YORK, Nov. 12th 1919.
Flour, Blended Clear St. Lawrence Brand
pr. bbl. \$11.00
Meal, Kilndried per 100 lbs \$3.80
New Season's Pork per bbl. \$45.00
Heavy Mess Pork per bbl. \$46.50
Sugar---Crystals (Confirmed by Brokers)
per 100 lbs. \$7.28.
Molasses 89° test pr 100 lbs. no quotation.
Cotton, Middling Upland, at Liverpool per
lb. 24 80-100d.
Exchange, New York and London, 60
days' sight \$4.10
Exchange New York and London, sight
\$4.11

LONDON, Nov. 12th 1919.
Sugar-Demerara Crystals duty paid price,
fixed by the Royal Commission per cwt
66s. 0d. -96s. 0d.
Muscovado, 89° basis, floating terms in
bond, Ditto duty paid. 63s. 3d. 81s. 0d.
German Beet 88°/o f.o.b. no further sales
during the war
Java 96°/o Gibraltar or Channel for Orders
floating terms, no quotations.
Demerara Rum, per gal. nominal.
Trinidad Cocoa, Good Middling Red per
cwt 127s. 0d. 130s. 0d.
Cotto Medium Fine Sea Island, at Liv
erpool nominal per lb.
Bank of England rate of Discount per
cent. 6.
Consols 50½
Three per cent rentes in Paris Fcs. 61.05
All prices subject to correction.

Cacao Competition. The object of this competition is also detailed in the Agricultural Department report 1916-17, and is to improve the general condition of bearing cacao plantations among the peasants. It is open for a period of one year to persons owning not more than 20 acres of land.

The number of persons who entered this competition was eleven. The plots were visited, and cultural instruction given to the growers on the spot in the same way as was done in the Lime competition.

Eight of these growers worked in a more or less satisfactory manner throughout the competition.—Agricultural News.