

S T. C R O I X A V I S

vantageously used for and as good fresh Honey is now readily procurable. A more pleasant remedy could scarcely be prescribed.

Yrs. truly

E. GRIGG.

To the Editor of the "St. Croix Avis."

SIR,

It will be considered a favour if you will kindly give insertion to the following remarks ABOUT HONEY.

And oblige,

Yours truly,

B. KNUDSEN.

Three years ago honey was known here but as honey of squill or other medical compositions and no body put any great confidence in its medical powers, as it had never been tried but in cases of ordinary colds &c. It was very dear and not very good. Now it is quite common and the price is a mere trifle, consequently a remedy everybody can use. I, the undersigned, have known it and used it much in Europe and had the greatest wish to introduce bees here, as imported Honey never has the same medical qualities, as fresh; and the price too high to continue the use of it long and in large quantities. But it was not an easy task to make bees natives here, this, combined with the large outlay to introduce Bees, hitherto prevented me. Lieutenant Thorsen, who has studied this matter and understands it thoroughly, deserves the highest praise for having brought bees to this country, where they thrive so well and give a large and most beautiful produce. I have a great experience in the use of honey in several cases of sickness, and have succeeded in curing many most desperate cases of consumption almost by this remedy alone, I have therefore a full right to recommend it to my colleagues, the doctors, and the public at large and need only to add: If to be used with success it must be at least 1 lb. every day, and it will in this way shortly leave Cod Liver Oil far behind

B. KNUDSEN.

Garrison-Doctor.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Annapolis Royal, Sept. 6th.—Fire unchecked for three hours swept out of existence one third of the town this evening destroyed hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of property, and the tragedy of it was that a pail of water might have saved it all, but there was not even a cup of water available. Only the super-human efforts of the citizens, assisted by contingents of men from Digby and Bridgetown and adjoining communities saved to the province one of its most beautiful towns, and to the nation and to the world one of the priceless shrines of American history.

Geneva, Sept. 6th.—Charges that the "Purely Negative" position of the United States have been responsible for the delay in the application of mandates by the League of Nations were made by Lord Robert Cecil, representative for South Africa, at today's session of the assembly of the league, which took up a general discussion of the accomplishments of the body today.

Lisbon, Sept. 8th.—The British Royal Mail steamer Almanzora, having on board 1,200 passengers enroute to England from Brazil, is aground off Cape Espenel, 20 miles south of here. Eight launches and a cruiser have gone to the assistance of the stranded vessel.

London, Sept. 8th.—The text of Mr. Lloyd George's letter, which was despatched to Dublin from Inverness, Scotland, yesterday, in answer to the latest note from Eamon De Valera, the Irish republican leader, follows: "His Majesty's Govt. has considered your letter of Aug. 30th. and has to make the following observations upon it: The principle of Govt. by the consent of the governed, is the basis for a foundation of the British constitutional development, but we cannot accept as a basis of a practical conference an interpretation of that principle, which would commit us to any demands you might present even to the extent of setting up a republic and repudiating the crown. You must be aware that a conference on such a basis is impossible. So it applies that principle of government by consent of the governed would undermine the fabric of every democratic state and drive the civilized world back to tribalism. On the other hand we have invited you to discuss our proposals on the merits in order that you may have no doubt as to the scope and sincerity of our intentions. It would be open to you in such a conference to raise the subject of guarantees on any points in which you may consider Irish freedom prejudiced by these proposals. His Majesty's Govt. is loath to believe that you will insist upon rejection of their proposals without examining them in a conference. To decline to discuss a settlement which would bestow upon the Irish people the fullest freedom for national development within the Empire can only mean that you repudiate all allegiance to the crown and all membership in the British commonwealth. If we are to draw this inference from your letter the further discussion between us could serve no useful purpose and all conferences would be in vain. If however, we are mistaken in this inference, as we still hope, and if your real objection to our proposals is that they offer Ireland less than the liberty we have described, that objection can be explored at a conference. You will agree that this correspondence has lasted long enough. His Majesty's Govt. must therefore ask for a definite reply as to whether you are prepared to enter a conference

to ascertain how the association of Ireland with the community of nations known as the British Empire can best be reconciled with national aspirations. If as we hope, your answer is in the affirmative I suggest the conference should meet at Inverness on the 20th inst.

NEW YORK, September 9th 1921.

Flour, Blended Clears St. Lawrence Brand
pr. brl. \$8.00.

Meal, Kilndried per 100 lbs \$1.95

New Season's Pork per brl. \$37.00

Heavy Mess Pork per bbl. \$25.4

Sugar---Crystals maximum per 100 lbs.
\$4.47

Molasses Sugar 89° test, no quotation.

Cotton, Middling Upland, at Liverpool
per lb. 12 56-100d.

Exchange, New York and London, 60
days' sight \$3.79

Exchange New York and London, sight
\$3.72½

LONDON, September 9th. 1921

Sugar, Demerara Crystals, per cwt. 44s.
—49s.

Muscavado per cwt. 32s. 42s.

German Beet 88° f.o.b. no sales.

White Java sugar cif United Kingdom
24s. September shipment.

Demerara Rum, per gal. nominal.

Trinidad Cocoa, Good Middling Red per
cwt 56s. 58s. nominal.

Cotto good Medium West Indian Sea
Island per lb. 26d. nominal.

Bank of England rate of Discount per
cent. 5½.

Consols 47½.

Three per cent rentes in Paris Fcs. 56.50.

NOVEL ORNAMENTS FROM FEATHERS.

Did you ever hear of jewelry being made from the feathers of birds? The Chinese manufacturers make some of the most fascinating and attractive jewelry from the exquisite metallic feathers of the blue and green kingfisher and the blue jay. These bits of rare and lovely plumage are so skilfully worked into a setting of silver or gold as to resemble the most beautiful enamel. In southern China this is the favorite style of jewelry. The well-to-do women wear it in the form of artificial butterflies, and flowers of the most refined work, while the more humble class wear cheaper ornaments made of these feathers on a ground-work of base metal. Wonderful head-dresses adorned in like manner are worn. Showy marriage crowns are generally made, imitation gold, as a foundation for these curiously wrought ornaments.—*Everyday Life*.

ON HIRE

One Ford Touring Truck,

For terms apply to

C. S. MAYHEW,

No. 3 Company Str.

Christiansted, 22nd July.