

government considers that the proposed change in the Greek constitution may be contrary to the interests of the Greek people. It is understood that the French and Rumanian Ministers proposed to make similar representations. A despatch from Athens on October 31st reported that at an important cabinet meeting it had been agreed that the time was ripe for a change in the form of Government. The Greek newspapers drew from this the inference that a republic was to be proclaimed, but it was semi-officially stated that some of the party leaders who attended the meeting opposed a change from the present revolutionary Government and that all concurred in approving the overthrow of King Constantine.

Mitchell Field, N. Y., Nov. 3rd.—The fastest speed ever attained by man was made yesterday by Lieut. Brow, U. S. Navy Aviator, who flew over a three kilometre straight-away course four times, at an average speed of 359.15 miles per hour. On one leg of the course he travelled at the phenomenal rate of 265.21 miles an hour. Brow's record was attained in competition with Lieut. Williams, winner of the Pulitzer race. Brow went up first and set a pace of 257.42 miles an hour and Williams was soon in the air. The latter made 258.61 miles an hour. Brow ascended again and made the record.

London, Nov. 3rd.—Canadian Press. A general election in Great Britain is coming within 12 months, at least that much seems assured out of indefinite political speeches. Sir Laming Worthington-Evans, Postmaster General, speaking at Cardiff yesterday, pointed out the impossibility of framing a general tariff until the advisory committee, which was being appointed, had sifted the matter in conjunction with representatives of industry and has presented its report. The committee's proposal, he said, would be submitted for the decision of the country before Winter next year.

New York, Nov. 3rd.—The raw sugar market was steady today, but no sales were reported and prices were unchanged with Cuba's quoted at 5 1/8 cents cost and freight, equal to 6.91 for centrifugal. Raw sugar futures were steadier, and prices were higher on covering and trade buying, prompted by reports of a better inquiry for refined. Final prices were at about the best and three to eleven points net higher. December closed at 5.00, March 3.96, May 4.04, July at 4.11. There were no changes in refined sugar prices, which are listed at from 8.60 to 8.70 for fine granulated, but a better inquiry was reported. Refined futures were nominal.

Melbourne, Nov. 3rd.—Reuters. The Government of Victoria is enrolling special constables to cope with a strike of the Melbourne Police which is spreading. At first the strike which originated because the police commissioners refused

to dismiss an officer who was accused of using spying methods, was confined to the policemen on the night shift, but yesterday a number of men who had been on day duty refused to go to work.

Saloniki, Greece, Nov. 4th.—The court martial, which has been trying officers involved in the recent revolt, has sentenced Colonel Marinatos, Colonel Spanavangelis and Captain Marketos to death and several other officers to terms of imprisonment. Many of the accused were acquitted.

Hamburg, Nov. 4th.—The police raided a secret meeting of Communists on Saturday. They arrested thirty of the leaders.

London, Nov. 3rd.—The body of ex-Premier Mr. Bonar Law, who died on Tuesday, was cremated at Golders Green this afternoon, only those closely connected with the family were present for the ceremony. After cremation the ashes were placed in an urn for burial in Westminster Abbey next Monday. The mourners at today's services included Mr. Bonar Law's two sons, his daughter, Lady Sykes and her husband, Major General Sir Frederick Sykes.

Melbourne, Nov. 4th.—The Cabinet at a special session today issued an order to all fit men of military age to enroll as special constables. This action was taken in consequence of rioting, growing out of the police strike, during which two persons were killed and many injured yesterday. It is estimated that the damage during the rioting will aggregate 100,000 pounds. Fifty-five persons were arrested during the disorders. The suburban train service has been curtailed. The Government has consulted military men regarding the situation. The executive committee of the police association has appealed to the strikers to resume work, promising that an effort will be made to obtain an equitable settlement of the dispute. One hundred and fifty persons were injured during Saturday's rioting. The cabinet has not yet decided to invoke military aid in breaking the strike, but it has troops guarding the public buildings and patrolling the streets. It is the intention of the Government to raise 5,000 special constables and to refuse to liberate any of the striking policemen.

New York, November 3rd.—Mr. Lloyd George sailed home today after a triumphant tour of Canada and United States cities, with his wife and daughter.

Geneva, Nov. 3rd.—The International Customs Conference adjourned yesterday, after unanimously adopting a protocol and convention of thirty-eight articles, which many of the countries represented have announced they will sign. The aim of the convention is to permit a freer development of commerce by simplifying customs formalities through the reduction to a minimum of restrictions and prohibitions on importations and exportations.

London, Nov. 3rd.—Crown Prince Gustave Adolph of Sweden was married today to Lady Louise Mountbatten, cousin of the King, in St. James Palace Chapel.

Washington, Nov. 4th.—British subjects, arriving in the United States yesterday on the Leviathan, numbering 358, probably cannot be admitted to the United States and may have to be deported as emigrants inadmissible under the quota immigration law. The Shipping Board was notified of the fact today by the Commissioner General of Immigration.

Washington, Nov. 4th.—For more than one hour earth tremors were recorded last night on the Georgetown University seismograph. Beginning at 7.35 p. m. they continued until 8.50 p. m. reaching a maximum intensity at 8.06 p. m. Father Tondorf, director of the observatory, said the shocks were very distant and fairly severe.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5th.

Flour, (hard winter clears \$5.00.
" hard winter straights \$5.35
Meal, Kilndried per 100 pounds \$2.25
New Season's Pork per barrel \$37.00.
Heavy Mess Pork per brl. \$25.50
Sugar—Crystals maximum per 100 lbs. \$7.28

Melasses Sugar 89 maximum 6.25.
Cotton, Middling, Upland, at Liverpool per lb 18 44-100d.
Exchange, New York and London, 60 days' sight \$4.44
Exchange New York and London, sight \$4.46 1/2

LONDON, Nov. 5th.

Sugar, Demerara Crystals, nominal per cwt. 60s. 0d.—65s. 0d.
" Muscavado nominal per cwt. 46s. 0d.—47s. 6d.
" White Java's cif United Kingdom 25s. 6d nominal.
Demerara Rum per gal. nominal.
Trinidad Cocoa, good middling red per cwt. 46s. 0d.

SOUTH AMERICA'S HUGE WATER-LILY.

Perhaps the most remarkable of the aquatic plants is the giant water-lily known to science as the "Victoria regia." It is a native of Guiana and Brazil. Large, spreading leaves seem to float on the water, though in reality their vast green surface is supported by a strong underwater framework of twisted tissues. The leaves, which are often over six feet in diameter with a rim from three to eight inches high, can support considerable weight. The plant bears immense white flowers, often measuring 18 inches across, which greatly resemble a huge daisy. They open in the evening. The seeds of the Victoria regia are edible. For this reason it is extensively cultivated in the Amazon valley.—*The Pathfinder*, Oct. 27th.