

West End, St. Croix, V. I. U. S.
January 26th, 1920.

The S. S. "Guiana" arrived yesterday at 6.30 a.m. from Windward Islands.

She landed some over-carried cargo and the following passengers: Dr. H. Brockman, Miss L. Ranson, Mr. H. Lawson, Mr. G. Brand, Miss C. Buhrman, Mr. D. Armstrong, Mrs. Grant.

She sailed at 9 o'clock a. m. for New York via St. Thomas, with a cargo of syrup.

The following passengers for New York: Mrs. H. J. Koefoed, Miss Maria Goodridge, Miss Petrisa Thomas, Mr. William George, Miss Mary Ann John, Miss Evelyn Lewis.

For St. Thomas: Revd. Kastrup, Mrs. Sophie Browne, Miss E. Joseph, Mr. D. E. L. Lorand, Mr. P. Lorand and Child, Mr. Nathaniel Duncan, Miss Alice Browne and child, Mr. Isaac Williams, Mrs. W. H. Fleming, Miss M. Latimar, Mrs. R. W. Skeoch, Mr. Joseph Griffith.

The Schooner "Virginia" arrived at 3 o'clock p. m. with a large mail, 43 packages general cargo and the following passengers: From Porto Rico: Joseph Burke, William Robert Galbeath.

From St. Thomas: Rebecca Hall, Mary Hall, Frank Williams, Maria Moohed and child.

She left at 6 with the following passengers: For Porto Rico: Miss Albertha Richardson, Miss Ellenita E. Bastian, Mrs. Julia Thompson, Miss Rosa Roberts, Mr. Arturo Mescus, Mr. Patrick Joseph.

For St. Thomas: Mrs. Ether M. Gilbert, Mr. Theo. Ford, Miss Annie Muller, Miss Elith Rogiers, Miss Estella Gilbert, Miss Eliz. Hendrickson.

We understand the "Century" Band rendered a very fine concert last night on the wharf. Go ahead boys.

U. S. NAVY PRESS NEWS.

January 25, 1920.

NEW YORK: Frank A. Munsey owner of the New York Sun, who recently bought the New York Herald and Evening Telegram, announced yesterday that the Sun and Herald would be united February 5th. under the name of the "Sun and New York Herald".

PARIS: Senator Ernest Vaile died yesterday. Born in eighteen-forty-five, Senator Vaile had post of Minister of Justice from 1902-1905. He was President of commission for the separation of church and state and represented the Marne Constituency in the Senate.

NEW YORK: Prohibition agents raided a Park Row Cafe last night. Imitation whiskey is alleged to have been sold to high class people. The saloon for more than thirty years has been the gathering place of federal court officials, lawyers and attaches as well as officials and politicians from the City Hall. The raid netted seven gallons of liquor which

is said to be made of alcohol diluted with water.

WASHINGTON: Secretary Wilson of the Labor Department last night announced a new ruling as follows: "The communist party of America is a revolutionary party and membership in that party furnishes grounds sufficient for deportation". This ruling was made in a formal decision in the case of an Austrian arrested in the recent raids.

WASHINGTON: Secretary Glass of the Treasury Department, last night entertained the delegates of the Pan-American Conference at a dinner given in the Pan-American Union Building. There were several speeches of international repute.

NEW YORK: Prohibition yesterday closed the doors of the famous Old Eastern Hotel at the battery which was the first opened as an inn shortly after the war of 1812. The frame work of the structure is made of solid mahogany imported from Africa and the building is one of the oldest on the island of Manhattan. Robert Fulton, Daniel Webster, Commodore Vanderbilt, Genny Tind, General Grant and many other prominent persons made this hotel their headquarters which was then the center of social life of New York. It is now to be remodeled and converted into a pastry shop and cigar store.

TELEGRAMS

ST. CROIX STATION.

Warsaw, Jan. 22nd.—Rumour's are current that Roumania is preparing to occupy Odessa, and organize the defenses of the Black Sea Ports.

Helsingfors, January 22nd.—The net result of the Conference of the representatives of Esthonia, Letvia, Lithuania and Poland is the appointment of a Commission to work out a plan for a defensive alliance against Soviet Russia, Lithuania, at the outset, proposed an alliance of Esthonia, Letvia and Lithuania against Poland, but this was rejected, and later Lithuania did not participate in the Conference except as an observer, according to the Letvia and Polish delegates. Lithuania is on the point of linking up with Germany, as well as concluding an armistice with Soviet Russia.

Paris, January, 22nd.—M. Millerand, in his ministerial declarations, said the maintenance of the alliances that saved the world, would be one of the chief aims of the new cabinet. His declaration began with a graceful reference to M. Clemenceau, who, it the eyes of the world, he said, was the incarnation of victory. The execution of all the clauses of the Treaty of Versailles, he declared, will be law to us, and we will pursue it with violence or feebleness, but with unshakeable firmness.

Trinidad, January 21st.—H. M. S. New Zealand, with Admiral Lord Jellicoe and Sir Robert Borden aboard, left at 9

a. m. this morning, destination unknown.

Manchester, January 23rd.—The Iron moulcers' strike, which was declared last September, has been declared off and the men are returning to work immediately.

The Hague, January 23rd.—The Dutch Government has refused the demand of the Allies for the extradition of ex-Emperor William.

Paisley, January 23rd.—The local Unionists have selected Mr. James MacKean as the Coalition Candidate to oppose Mr. Asquith at the bye-election. The extreme Socialist of the Labour Party are reported to be dissatisfied with the selection of the Labour candidate and a split is expected.

London, Jan. 23rd.—A despatch received by wireless from Moscow says that the Russian Soviet forces have virtually cut off the Crimean Peninsula from the mainland.

Paris, Jan. 23rd.—It is announced that Mm. Millerand, Marshal and Isaac and Paleologue, the latter formerly Ambassador to Russia, have been appointed plenipotentiaries to the Peace Conference. The new appointees replace Mm. Clemenceau, Pichon, Klotz and Tardieu. M. Cambon remains as a member.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 23rd.—Vice-Admiral Napier, the new Commander-in-Chief of the North American and West Indies Stations, arrived here and proceeded to Ottawa.

London, Jan. 23rd.—The War Office announces that on the centre and left, the Caucasus army of the Bolsheviki has been forced back from the line astride the Baritsynkaterinodar railway further west. Repeated attempts by the Bolsheviki to cross the Dnieper east of Rostov, has been successful and bridgeheads have been established on the left bank of the river in two places. West of Rostov, attempts to cross were repulsed with heavy losses, the Red Cavalry here losing twelve guns, one hundred machine guns and many prisoners.

Rome, Jan. 23rd.—Energetic steps by the Government and the adverse attitude of the public seem to have brought about the failure of the railway strike. The national congress of employees in the postal, telephone and telegraph service voted to resume work. At Milan two hundred strikers have been arrested for sabotage and attempts to prevent other railway men from working.

Washington, Jan. 23rd.—An amendment to the National Prohibition Law so as to permit the manufacture and sale of beer, ale and porter containing three per cent alcoholic content and wine containing nine per cent, has been proposed in a Bill to Congress. Another resolution which has been introduced, declares that whiskey is needed for the cure of influenza, which is alarmingly increasing, and proposes a dispensation for ninety days of the national prohibition law.