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TELEGR. MS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, July 6th.—A. G. Hill, the British olympic runner, won the mile run in the amateur athletic association meeting on the Stamford Bridge Ground, in 4 minutes 13 $\frac{3}{4}$ seconds, a new amateur record. C. Taylor, of Pennsylvania, won the broad jump with 22 feet 1 inch.

New Port, R. I., July 6th.—Oxford and Cambridge took two of the three doubles matches from Harvard and Yale in the opening of the international intercollegiate lawn tennis tournaments at the New Port Casino Court, yesterday. French and Duane, Harvards stars, defeated McCarthy and Horne of Cambridge 6-2, 1-6, 6-3, 8-6. Hopkins and Barbour of Oxford took the match from William Bamby, of Yale in five sets. Hepburn of Oxford and Lowrey of Cambridge won the third match from Wheeler of Yale and Holmes of Harvard in straight sets.

Liverpool, July 6th.—A remarkable feature of the visit of the Prince of Wales to Liverpool today was the display in many streets in the Irish quarter, of Sinn Fein flags entwined with Union Jacks. A prominent Sinn Feiner questioned as to whether any significance was to be attached to this replied, "all I can say is that the order to do this came from Dublin."

London, July 6th.—Mr. Harmsworth, under secretary for foreign affairs, stated in the House of Commons today that the action on General Harrington, commander of the British forces in Constantinople, in arresting an assistant of Bronislau Koudish, soviet commercial delegate in Constantinople and other members of the soviet mission there late in

June was entirely justified. The arrests were necessitated by the discovery of a plot to start a revolution in Constantinople beginning with the assassination of General Harrington, said Mr. Harmsworth who made his announcement in reply to a question. General Harrington arrested 52 undesirables, he added, of whom eight belong to the Russian trade delegation. Nine of the Russians were released the same day, and nine were deported. Mr. Harmsworth said he understood that the Russian delegations office was searched, he did not know what disposition had been made of their contents. A note from Leonid Krassina, Russian Soviet minister of Trade and Commerce, asking for an explanation of the arrests, had been received and a reply was under consideration he declared.

Leipsic, July 6th.—Major Crusius tried on a similar charge as Major Stenger was given a sentence of two years in prison and forbidden to wear the German uniform. General Stenger was commander of the 53rd German Infantry Brigade and Major Crusius held a command under him. Major Crusius asserted at the trial that the order had been given by General Stenger that no prisoners should be taken and the wounded men should be killed. General Stenger in his testimony flatly denied these accusations. The verdict rendered in the cases of Major Crusius was one of manslaughter.

London, July 6th.—Lord Balfour of Burleigh died today. Lord Balfour was born in 1849. He was a Chairman of the Royal Commission on closer trade relations between Canada and the West Indies in 1909, spending considerable time in these countries.

Washington, July 6th.—Refusing to accept the House action in reducing some appropriations in the naval bill, the Senate today returned the measure to conference. There was no dispute over the Borah amendment authorizing and requesting the President to call representatives of Great Britain and Japan to a Naval disarmament conference. The Senate's action today finally assured retention of the Borah order.

St. Lucia, July 6th.—His Honour Anthony Defreitas Chief Justice of St. Lucia left here yesterday to take up his appointment as 2nd Puisne Judge of Jamaica. The Hon. J. Stanley Rae, Attorney General and the Hon. W. V. Degason, have been appointed to act as Chief Justice and Attorney General respectively.

London, July 6th.—General Smuts, Premier of the Union of South Africa who has just returned from a visit to Ireland, publicly expressed his opinion tonight that the Irish problem is a soluble problem. This statement was greeted with loud applause by the distinguished company which attended a dinner given in honour of General Smuts by the South African colony in London. General Smuts opened his speech by declaring that he had not abandoned hope of the United States. "She is a shy maiden and must not be wooed too warmly", he said. "I want to see that the United States pull with us in this great world service that today is being rendered by the British Empire almost alone". Alluding humorously to his visit to Ireland, he declared that he found the people divided in two classes, those in jail and those on the run." He added, that he himself had been among those on the run, seeking to escape reporters and cameramen. The Irish problem, said General Smuts, was one largely engaging "the whole British Empire." It was a problem however, on which he could not speak tonight except to express the belief that it was soluble, and that there was a better atmosphere. "If we all help to create a better atmosphere and are determined to wipe out what is really a stain on the Empires record, we shall succeed." "Therefore," he continued emphatically, I think I am hopeful, I trust that the question will be solved and that thereby the British Empire will be freed from the imputation that in this ancient part of the United Kingdom there still exists violation of the fundamental principles upon which the Empire rests. I say that the problem is soluble, because I have seen it solved in my own country, under circumstances less embittered than in Ireland, but certainly of a very difficult character too. If ever this problem of the subjection of one people to another presented a hopeless view it was in South Africa, but finally in a spirit of give and take, forbearance and trying to render something to the point of view of the other side, we solved the problem, and today South Africa is one of the happiest countries in the Empire. Our forbearance and self sacrifice have paid us handsome dividends in our national life."

Washington, July 7th.—House Republicans at a conference last night fixed July 21st as the date for a final vote on the general tariff bill, consideration of which began today.