

tionist volunteers, convicted of unlawful assembly, have been given sentences varying from one to six months. The East Indian Railway has extended eastward to within 115 miles of the city.

Rome, Feb. 17th.—Premier Bonomis Cabinet was defeated in the Chamber of Deputies this evening on a vote of confidence. The vote was 295 to 107.

Paris, Feb. 17th.—The German Government today advised the Allied reparations commission that the fourth ten day payment of 31,000,000 gold marks was made this morning to the banks designated by the guarantors committee. The payment is in accordance with the temporary schedule adopted recently by the reparations commission at Cannes.

Paris, Feb. 17th.—Lord Curzon, British Foreign Secretary, has informed Premier Poincare, who also acts as the French Foreign Minister, that he wished to meet him to discuss the question of Near East peace as soon as the Ministerial situation in Italy permits, an Italian Foreign Minister to come to Paris.

Paris, Feb. 17th.—Poland and the little Entente countries will participate in the preliminary examination of the Genoa conference programme by experts of France, Great Britain, Italy, Belgium and Japan, under an accord which it is semi-officially announced, has been reached by Great Britain and France. The inclusion of the little Entente countries of Jugo-Slavia, Czecho-Slovakia and Rumania, together with Poland in the conversations is the suggestion of France.

Mexico, Feb. 17th.—The Standard Oil Company has definitely suspended all work at its refineries near Tampico and workmen numbering upwards of a thousand will be discharged immediately, according to advices from Tampico which say orders to this effect were received, but pump workers will be retained, it was added.

New York, Feb. 17th.—The coldest day of the winter in this section tonight was held responsible for several deaths, an explosion and temporary crippling of one of the New York subways, besides a host of minor mishaps. Two of the deaths occurred at landing in New Jersey when the dynamite packing house of the Atlas powder works blew up. The plant officials pointed out that it was the third explosion to occur in February in the last three years, and expressed belief that the extreme cold should be held accountable. With the mercury two degrees below zero in this city and as much as 50 below in the Adirondacks, blocks signals in one of the tubes connecting Manhattan, and Brooklyn failed and all signals shone red. Obeying rules, no motorman would pass a danger signal without first walking ahead of his train to investigate. All through the night and until noon the city shivered and suffered.

London, Feb. 17th.—Field Marshal Lord Allenby, hero of the Palestine cam-

paign has convinced the Cabinet that the protectorate over Egypt must be abolished as the first step toward setting up an Egyptian Cabinet at Cairo, it was learned authoritatively today. Lord Allenby was received by the King this afternoon to whom he set forth the principal details of his plan for the revision of Egyptian affairs. It is learned officially that the statement that Lord Allenby has been empowered by the Government to terminate the protectorate and recognize Egyptian independence under certain guarantees is "substantially correct." This signalizes a virtual return to the policy suggested more than a year ago by Lord Milner and the abandonment of the belief that the British should concede nothing until the Egyptian set up a functioning Government. It is understood in well informed quarters that Abdel Khalek Sarwat Pasha, Egyptian Minister of Justice will be called upon to form a cabinet at Cairo. He is more acceptable than Adly Pasha ex Egyptian Premier, who headed the nationalist delegation to London last November. Lord Allenby has also been empowered, it is understood to terminate the state of martial law in Egypt and to call a meeting of representatives of the Egyptian Nationalists and the Govt to consider the future disposition of British troop garrisons and to define the guarantees, which London wants for the military protection of the Suez canal. Their guarantees which Great Britain wants and which will be discussed at this meeting are maintenance of the right to protect foreigners in Egypt and the prevention of interference in Egyptian affairs by any power other than Great Britain. Lord Allenby is returning to Cairo probably next Wednesday and is expected to take immediate steps toward the formation of an Egyptian Government, including a ministry of foreign affairs and the convening of a constituent assembly. Until this has been done, British troops will remain in Egypt although it is possible that they will be redistributed within the next few days.

Berlin, Feb. 17th.—The floating debt of Germany on February 10th amounted to 259,127,311,000 marks, an increase of about 3,500,000,000 since February 1st.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th.—Initial steps toward the bringing down of an immigration policy during the coming session of Parliament have been taken by the appointment today of a sub-committee of the cabinet to deal with the whole matter of immigration and report back to the Cabinet Council.

London, Feb. 18th.—The shipping trade in Liverpool is dislocated and Liners are unable to enter or leave port today owing to strike of the tugboatmen says a message from Liverpool this afternoon. The strike of the mine is against the owners demand for increased hours with a reduction of wages.

London, Feb. 18th.—The cost of living in the United Kingdom continues to fall.

The decline in the last month was four points, to 80 per cent above the pre war level. The drop is mainly due to the reduction of food prices. There has been a continuous decrease since November 1920, apart from a slight interruption in the summer of 1921 and the figure now officially recorded is the lowest since January 1918.

Philadelphia, Feb. 17th.—An order of \$4,150,000 a year for five years to the Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Herbert Hoover, to become Director of the proposed sesquicentennial exposition in Philadelphia in 1926 has been made by Edward Bok, it was announced today by Major Hampton Moore.

London, Feb. 17th.—The bill establishing the Irish Free State passed its second reading in the House of Commons today, after the amendment offered by Captain Charles Craig, Leader of the Ulster Unionists, for altering the boundary provision of the Anglo-Irish treaty had been defeated by a vote of 302 to 60. With the amendment decisively defeated the second reading was adopted without a division. The amendment thus disposed of stipulated that in view of the fact that the treaty provided for the creation of boundary commission and that such provision was in direct abrogation of Ulsters rights as secured by the Government of Ireland act of 1920 and a breach of the pledges given by the Premier, the House declines to proceed with the second reading until the Govt. had given assurance that the provision in question would be eliminated, or that any decision of the boundary commission should only take effect after approval of the Northern Parliament had been given.

New York, Feb. 17th.—Rulers of the Irish Free State, for both sentimental and practical reasons, will make a close study of the possibility of establishing financial relations in New York, rather than with London, Sir Horace Plunket intimated to a group of business men and bankers at a luncheon today. Sir Horace reminded the gathering, that Ireland, unlike England, is an exporting country wholly self-supporting and with productive resources enormous developments when satisfactory conditions prevail. Road transport, to supplement the railways of Ireland, with possibly a larger utilization of canals likely will be an early development following a return to favourable conditions, he declared.

FOR SALE.

A Dinner Set of Royal Copenhagen China

complete for 18 Persons

also

One Brass Chandelier.

Apply to

MRS. THORNBURG.
Bonne Esperance.