

to have its hands filled with work. All these labor troubles have been slowly maturing for months, but opponents of the Labour Government, connect their having reached an acute stage with the advent of the Mac Donald Government the Ministers of which daily have to sustain questioning and attacks in Parliament.

London, March 26th.—Replying in the House of Commons to the suggestion of Viscount Curzon, that in view of the threat of the tube railwaymen to join the strike of the tram and bus employees, the Government should organize emergency charabancs and lorries, "in order to minimize the intolerable sufferings and hardship to which workers who have to depend on transport to earn their daily bread would be deliberately subjected owing to the continuance of the dispute," the Premier stated that an emergency committee was preparing to meet immediately to present proposals, but still hoped it would be unnecessary for any action to be taken, particularly as it is understood the point in dispute have been considerably reduced. The others of the House suggested immediate steps to organize the London transport on the lines suggested and also that a committee should protect the men who are willing to drive trams during the strike. The Premier replied, "the law provides for certain things to be done and we are doing these things."

Lyons, March 26th.—The British round the world flyers took off toward Rome at 11 05 a. m. today.

Amalfi Italy, March 27th.—Ninety-one persons were killed and lives of many tourists imperilled when a series of landslides devastated villages on the Gulf of Salerno yesterday. It was officially announced today. The three towns Vettica where fifty lives were lost, Prafano and Caoca Marina were partly wiped out.

Toronto, March 27th.—Sir Edmund Walker D. C. L., L. L. D. one of the most outstanding figures in the banking and financial world in Canada and who was internationally well known died this morning at his home after an illness of only a few days of pneumonia. Sir Edmund was in his 76 year.

Ottawa, March 26th.—Hon. E. M. MacDonald Minister of Defence today furnished the House with comparative per capita figures of expenditure on military defence in the different parts of the Empire. The figures were Canada \$1.46 per head, New Zealand \$2.33 South Africa \$2.92 Australia \$3.30 Great Britain 1.32.

London, March 28th.—The race for the Grand National Steeplechase run today resulted as follows Master Robert first, Fly Mask second, Silvo third.

London, March 27th.—The Cabinet has met to discuss the gloomiest industrial outlook for some time. It is expected that a Privy Council will meet later today and it will declare that as the situation

is a state of national emergency, the Government should have greater powers to deal with the threatened extension of the tramway strike to the subways.

Paris, March 27th.—It is believed the Government was not defeated in the Chamber of Deputies on the pension bill and that it actually had a majority of 10 votes. In the count of votes these 10 were adjudged as belonging to the minority. M. Poincaré has conferred with M. Deselves, President of the Senate's Foreign Affairs Committee, and M. Dariac, President of the Chamber's Finance Committee. After these conferences he stated he was of the opinion that he would have a new cabinet before evening. The Morning Dailies are unanimous in urging M. Poincaré to return to the Cabinet, declaring that all France supports everything he has accomplished since he took the office. M. Millerand said that the new ministry would continue the policy of firmness abroad and economy at home. France will not evacuate the Ruhr until fully paid. France will abstain from loans and will not consent to expenditures unless fully covered by revenues. Should the new ministry not carry out the above policies and should the nation oppose such a programme, the President will take opportune measures to see that the programme is adhered to.

Athens, March 27th.—Despite unofficial denials unconfirmed reports come in from Salonika insisting that there are 50,000 Jugo-Slav artillerymen and cavalrymen mobilized in the Kral district, with the intention of occupying Greek Macedonia. The assembly at Tirana virtually declared in favour of a republic by a unanimous vote. A committee of four, with a supreme magistrate, will be the governing body until a new constitution can be framed. All Greek deputies supported the Republic.

Rome, March 27th.—It is unofficially announced from Amalfi that the number of victims total, 91, as a result of an avalanche in that section of the country. Refugees from Vettica, arriving at Amalfi, report that the avalanche of trees, mud, debris, buried a section of the town, killing fifty. The first rescuers arriving at Amalfi found the population panic-stricken and camping in the public square. Later reports from Amalfi bring the news that land slides repeatedly threaten the town as the roads have been blocked, the rescuers have to climb rocks and through trees to reach the hotel. The tourists were much excited, but safe. Troops of rescuers began clearing the high ways and afterwards repaired the lines of telegraph and telephone communication. The Bishop from Amalfi has placed the seminary at the disposal of the town authorities. In it many people who were wounded are recovering under the care of army doctors, but it is said that there are still many persons buried alive. Firemen from Naples and

Salerno have arrived at Vettica for the rescue of survivors and the exhumation of the buried bodies.

Paris, March 27th.—Wales defeated France in their annual rugby match here today by 10 to 6.

Paris, March 27th.—M. Poincaré, despite the fact that he is finding the work of setting up a new government harder than he expected and has therefore been unable to complete it, informed President Millerand this evening that he accepted the task of resuming the Premiership and constructing a Ministry. M. Poincaré this afternoon grappled with the difficulties of organizing his cabinet to fit the new political situation resulting from the Chambers attitude on the Pension Bill and to accord with the policy of economics for which he had fought so hard for several weeks in the Chamber and Senate.

Dusseldorf, March 27th.—The Socialist members of the City Council, backed by the Catholics, are endeavouring to have the name of General Ludendorff struck off the list of the city's honorary citizens.

Washington, March 27th.—The Honduran revolutionary leaders have agreed on Fausto Davilla as Provisional President of that Republic, according to information received in official circles here.

New Orleans, March 27th.—Fausto Davilla, who is reported to have been selected by the revolutionists as Provisional President of Honduras, sailed from this port for Honduras on Tuesday.

Washington, March 27th.—An unfavourable report on the nomination of Mr. Samuel Knight to be special oil counsel for the Government, was decided on by the Senate Oil Committee today. The District Attorney has announced that he will present the Sinclair contempt case to the Grand Jury here today. The House Judiciary Committee failed today to act on the Senate's resolution to impeach Mr. Chase, Customs Collector of El Paso, Texas, who refused to testify before the Oil Committee. The Treasury Department yesterday accepted Mr. Chase's resignation.

Washington, March 27th.—Attorney General Daugherty resigned today. Surrounded by an evergrowing storm of criticism and under the pressure of many of his ranking party leaders, he consented to follow Secretary of the Navy Denby into retirement. His resignation promptly accepted by the President, clears the administration of the the Cabinet members who have become centres in the oil scandal.

FOR RENT.

THE upper story on Property No. 35 Strand Street. For further particulars apply on the property.

Christiansted, February 21, 1924.