

with the other estates and lesser-cane-growers are pretty certain to drop into the hands of the new Factory and with the Eastend landholders induced through facilities of easy transport of their cane, planned by the Factory, and arranged in such manner as to tempt their cooperation why there will we have in a fairly reasonable space of time, all that can be desired; namely a new and more extensive modern Sugar-Factory with methods of management and working that will ensure satisfactory results, and on the whole create and maintain a general feeling of contentment among all concerned.

We may bear it well in mind that the American business man has a keener perception where business promises success, than has most other such men, and Uncle Sam in nearly every case is sure of making handsome returns, because he starts in at the small openings and widens and expands in short metre. In this scheme, (says an experienced man with a knowledge of what he writes about) there are fair and square possibilities presented. There are no difficulties of a grave nature, if any at all, nor complication of a kind: not to be overcome by ordinary energy and skill. There is hardly aught for the consideration of enterprising men, but that which should tempt the spirit of adventure that is lying dormant, locally or abroad. It is hoped then, that after close and earnest investigation of the premises herein set forth—some one or other will be influenced even in his own interest to make an effort, and thus for Christiansted, give to that Town and people a chance of perhaps a better future, than its past.

With thanks, Mr. Editor

Yours faithfully

ARGUMENTUM AD REM.

P. S. The Eastend Estates are a number of well-laid-out properties that had been somewhat neglected in past years—but through large Danish investment have recently been reclaimed and restored. They cover an area of 2000 to 3000 acres and more, and are, of as good cane-growing soil as most of the Estates and other lands on this island.

Christiansted Oct. 25th 1920.

SOMETHING FOR FREDERIKSTED CHEMICALLY MADE ICE

Water may be converted into ice by the following process: Place same in a small metal container and set the latter into a large dish or earthen jar, containing a weak solution of sulphuric acid and water. Remember that in preparing this solution the acid must be poured into the water; never the water into the acid, and the water must be added gradually. This is a very strong acid and it must be handled carefully to avoid burning the

hands. A small quantity of Glauber's salts is finally added to the sulphuric solution. The mixture absorbs heat so rapidly and in such volume that the water in the metal container will be frozen. The same process can be used on a large scale for making ice for the refrigerator and other purposes but the cost of the chemicals is such that the product is more expensive than ice obtained from other sources.—*The Pathfinder Oct. 23, 1920. —Contributed.*

U. S. PRESS NEWS.

ATHENS: King Alexander of Greece died at five-twenty p. m. yesterday. His death was due to wounds received when a pet monkey attacked him early in October; the King being badly mutilated. He was on the throne only forty months. The throne of Greece will be offered to Prince Paul, third son of former King Constantine, it was officially announced today. Before Prince Paul may accept the throne, Constantine must formally abdicate and Prince George, the older brother of Prince Paul, must renounce his rights.

NEW YORK: Jack Dempsey and Georges Carpentier were matched here this afternoon for a fight for the heavy-weight championship of the world. The contract will be formally signed tomorrow. Under the terms the pugilists will meet some time between February 1st and July 1st, 1921. The conditions stipulate a bout between ten and fifteen rounds for a record purse and percentage of motion picture receipts. Place and date to be decided later.

WASHINGTON: Five Americans have been killed in the Tampico oil fields, despatch to the State Department said. The report said that the men were killed yesterday afternoon. No details were given.

WASHINGTON: The Naval Court of Inquiry investigating American occupation of Haiti will begin its hearings tomorrow at ten o'clock, according to plans announced this afternoon with General Barnett, former commandant of Marine Corps, as the first witness.

CHICAGO: Liquor thieves equipped with motor trucks invaded the "loop" early today breaking into a wholesale drug house within a block and a half of the central police station, bound the watchman and carried away thirty-three barrels and three hundred thousand dollars. The watchman said the robbers made three trips being gone about fifteen minutes each time.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, Oct. 26th. Enquiries which have been made of members of the family on behalf of the Govt. regarding the arrangement of the funeral of Lord Mayor MacSweeney have been interpreted

by the late Mayor's chaplain as an indication that there will be no interference with the family's plans and that the body will be turned over to them immediately after the inquest. This the Home Office says will be held on Wednesday morning. It is reported from Dublin that all the members of the Irish Republican Parliament intend to come to London for the obsequies here. It is also stated a body guard of fifty Irish volunteers will attend the funeral. A deputation of 21 members of the corporation of Cork headed by Deputy Mayor Ocallahan arrived this morning to attend the London services and accompany the funeral party to Cork.

London, Oct. 26th. Articles on the death of Mr. MacSweeney occupied much space in this morning's papers. The "Times" which is hostile to the Govt's Irish policy and the Irish Bill prepared by the Cabinet severely attacks the Govt. particularly in the matter of reprisals. Referring specifically to Mr. MacSweeney the newspaper expresses the fear that the effects of his death will not be confined to the British Isles. The "Daily News" says the Govt. imprisoned Mr. MacSweeney as a criminal and converted him into a martyr and must bear the responsibility for his death. Every day, the paper declares, Ireland is being welded more surely and more irresistibly by the Premier and his armies into a nation that will not be conquered. The murder of Mr. MacSweeney by the Govt., says the "Herald" was accomplished after slow torture of 74 days. The "Telegraph" defends the Govt. and pleads on behalf of the victims of the campaign of assassination in Ireland.

Capetown, S. A., Oct. 24th.—The Free State Nationalist Congress in session here, adopted resolutions supplemental to a declaration of party principles, proclaiming for the people of South Africa the right to self-determination, their right to secede from Great Britain or break any existing bond between the Union and Great Britain, and declaring opposition to a closer imperial union. The resolution advised however, that no decisive step regarding secession be taken unless a majority of the people express such a desire, through a referendum.

London, Oct. 23rd.—The railwaymen have postponed their strike in sympathy with the miners temporarily, at the request of the miners executive, it was announced this evening. The miners have accepted an invitation from Mr. Lloyd George for further discussions and the railway strike has been suspended, pending the negotiations with the Government. Official announcement of the suspension of the railway strike notices was made shortly after five o'clock.

London, Oct. 23rd.—In an international football game between England and Ireland, the English team won by a score of 2 to 0.