

will lunch with the Governor and guests at Govt. House. There will be a garden party from 4 to 6 p. m., private dinner at 7.15 p. m. His Royal Highness will hold a reception on board the "Renown" from 9 to 11.30 p. m. after which he will proceed to St. Lucia.

Grenada, Sept. 25th.—The following is the text of the Prince of Wales reply to the addresses delivered to him at the Court House yesterday: "Your Excellency, it is a very great pleasure to me to set foot in the ancient colony of Grenada, and I thank you most sincerely for your cordial welcome and loyal address. You have reminded me of the visit paid to the island as a young naval officer by the King. I can assure you that His Majesty has very happy memories of those days, and I am delighted to be making my first acquaintance with the colony today. Your far too generous references to myself have touched me very much for my journeys in the empire have been not only a very pleasant but a very inspiring experience. The strength and spirit of the British Commonwealth cannot be fully grasped by anyone who has not seen the British dominions and colonies at first hand. The more I see of the King's world-wide possessions the more deeply impressed I am by the strength of sentiment which binds them to the empire and throne. I also have learnt to realize in a very special way the value of personal knowledge of the many different peoples and problems which the British Empire includes, and I particularly appreciate those words in your address which welcome me not only as a Prince but as a friend. I am sorry that my time in Grenada must be so short, but I shall carry away a very pleasant picture of the colony and shall always have your welfare much at heart. Your Honour, I very much appreciate the spirit which has prompted the people of St. Vincent and the southern Grenadine to send an address of welcome to be presented to me here. It was a matter of very keen regret to me to have to abandon my projected visit to the island of St. Vincent. I beg you to convey to all its residents my great disappointment that I cannot receive this address in St. Vincent itself, and my most cordial thanks for the affectionate loyalty by which it is inspired. I am glad to hear that the island is making good progress in all matters relating to education and public health, and that so much new prosperity has been brought within the reach of all cultivators of the soil. I shall always take a deep interest in its welfare, and I send its people and its Govt. my best wishes for their future well-being and happiness."

St. Vincent, Sept. 25th.—H. M. S. "Renown" with H. R. H. the Prince of Wales on board steamed slowly past Kingston harbour at 9.30 a. m. today. Though taken by surprise the people

quickly manned the sea front, flags and bunting went up, and from the crowded pier and sea front loyal cheers sped the Prince on his way.

Versailles, Sept. 24th.—M. Millerand was yesterday elected President of France by the National Assembly in session here. He succeeds M. Deschanel who resigned from ill health. M. Millerand received 695 votes out of a possible 892.

Paris, Sept. 24th.—M. Leygues, Minister of Marine in the Clemenceau Cabinet, has accepted a call to the Premiership under President Millerand's administration. He will likewise act as Foreign Minister.

Paris, Sept. 24th.—Praise of M. Millerand, the new President, is the keynote of editorials on his inauguration. The only discordant news is from Socialist and some Radical journals.

Copenhagen, Sept. 23rd.—Special news despatches to the National Tidende from Helsingfors report conflagrations raging all over the Govt's. of Yaroslav, Kostroma, Archangel, Vologda, Vladimir, Moscow, Ryazan and Vyatka. In Vologda 500 houses have been burned, and 150 persons perished. In Saratow 300 people perished and 2,500 are without shelter. In the suburbs of Petrograd great fires are also raging.

Berlin, Sept. 23rd.—A wide spread conspiracy against the German Govt. has been discovered, the former Crown Prince being the nominal head. The real leader is the notorious former naval officer Ehrhardt, now a fugitive from justice, whose hiding place the authorities are not able to discover. The plot was discovered just in time to nip fruition. An active propaganda has been carried on throughout Germany by militaristic societies, suspected of secreting great quantities of arms and ammunition on estates of leading Germans. The Crown Prince had arranged to place himself at the head of the country's revolutionary forces as soon as they passed the German frontier.

London, Sept. 23rd.—A decision relative to a national strike of miners was expected when the Executive Committees of the Miners Federation, the National Union of railwaymen and the Transport Workers met here today. The representatives of the unions, the "Triple Alliance" of labour, considered the reply of Mr. Lloyd George to representatives of the alliance during an interview yesterday, which did not seem to meet the demands of the miners for an increase in wages and a reduction in the prices of coal.

Hamilton, Pa., Sept. 23rd.—Preparations were made today for a full resumption of operations in the anthracite coal fields, where for nearly a month the industry virtually has been at a standstill because of a "vacation strike" of the mine workers.

Paris, Sept. 23rd.—Germany had sur-

rendered 1,944,465 gross tonnage of steamers and sailing vessels by September 16th., according to the reparations commission. She has thus delivered virtually all the tonnage unquestionably due under the treaty, except some vessels under construction or repair. The vessels in the Schleswig district are held pending the plebiscite decision.

Dublin, Sept. 23rd.—An official report issued at Dublin, Castle this evening shows that the attack on Wednesday on a motor lorry containing six policemen near Lahinch was more serious than was previously announced. Six constables were killed, while soldiers who fired on their assailants assert that they saw four of them drop.

London, Sept. 23rd.—As a reprisal for the shooting of the policemen near Lahinch, says a despatch to the Central News from Ennis, a party of uniformed men during the night set fire to 18 houses in Milltown, Malbay Lahinch and Ennistown. Three civilians were shot dead. Castle Mary, the seat of Colonel Longfield, dating from the reign of King John, was set on fire and destroyed by raiders last night. The raiders gave the occupants of the castle ten minutes in which to leave the building.

Tokio, Sept. 23rd.—The American Govt. will be asked to appoint a Commission to effect a solution of Japanese United States problems, and in the event of the passage of the California anti-Japanese legislation, the Japanese Govt. will arrange for a law suit against the California legislature on the ground that the bill is unconstitutional, and a violation of treaty rights of the Japanese, according to the leading newspapers today. The newspapers say the above programme was drafted at a meeting of the cabinet and the Diplomatic Advisory Council.

Chicago, Sept. 23rd.—Price cuts pre-announced today by Sears, Roebuck and Co. and Montgomery Ward and Co. two of the largest mail order houses in the United States. Sears Roebucks reductions range from 20 to 60 per cent, and those of Montgomery from 10 to 20 per cent. Some of the Sears, Roebuck cuts are, sheeting 45%, standard muslin 60%, automobiles tyres 25%, women's shoes 20%, mens overalls 40%, jumpers 10%, although no radical cuts in foods were announced, prices of sugar, rolled oats, prunes, and a few other articles, were reduced from 5 to 10%.

Bekendtgørelse

EKSTRAORDINÆR Generalforsamling afholdes i Dansk Vestindisk Elektricitetsaktieselskab paa Direktørens Kontor Søndagen den 14 November 1920 Klokken 11 Formiddag.