

returned to Washington. The Court will make the trip on the converted yacht Niagara, now at Washington Navy Yard. An adjournment was taken by the Court of Inquiry today until Monday at 10 a. m. in order to give the Judge Advocate Major Jesse F. Dyer, U. S. M. C., further opportunity to look into the matters involved.

BOLOGNA, ITALY, Oct. 27th.: Both the defence and the prosecution in the case of Alfred Cocchi on trial here, charged with the murder of Ruth Cruger, an eighteen year old high school student in New York City in February 1917, announced this evening that they would rest tomorrow and begin summing up.

WASHINGTON: Eloquent appeals for recognition of the Irish Republic by the United States were made to Secretary of State Colby last night by a committee of prominent leaders in the Irish cause who met the Secretary by invitation at the State Department.

LONDON: The strike of coal miners throughout England and Wales was settled this afternoon but the settlement is contingent on a ballot of the miners. The terms which the executive body of the miners are recommending to the men provide for an advance of two shillings per ship ton to persons of eighteen years of age with a corresponding advance for younger miners. The miners pledge themselves to co-operate to the fullest extent to obtain an increased output.

LONDON: Sylvia Pankhurst who was arrested on October 19th. charged with attempting to cause sedition in the Navy by editing and publishing an issue of the newspaper "The Workers Dreadnaught" on October 16th, was sentenced today to six months' imprisonment on conviction of the offense.

OMAHA, NEBRASKA: Hundreds of thousands of bushels of corn may be burned as fuel by farmers in Northern Nebraska this winter, according to reports brought here. High priced coal and abundancies but low priced crop of corn is given as the reason.

WASHINGTON: The Navy Department is informed that the U. S. S. Isherwood is in distress ten miles southwest of Cape Look-Out and it is reported that she is at anchor and out of water. The position of Isherwood was located by the radio compass somewhere in the vicinity of Cape Look-Out, the location being accomplished from the radio distress calls sent out by the destroyer. The Commandant Fifth Naval District at Norfolk, has sent out the destroyer Blakely to the assistance of the Isherwood and the Commandant at Charleston has sent out a tug to the assistance of the boat.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Halifax, Oct. 25th.—Forty thousand

is the estimated majority by which the dry won over the wet in the vote yesterday on the referendum whether or not the importation of liquor into Nova Scotia will be forbidden.

Winnipeg, Oct. 25th.—The Province of Manitoba has voted out the liquor imports in the referendum taken today.

Regina, Sask, Oct. 25th.—Saskatchewan will go dry, but the amount will finally be a close one.

Cork, Oct. 25th.—Joseph Murphy, one of the hunger-strikers in Cork jail, died tonight.

London, Oct. 26th.—The formal negotiations between the Govt. and the executive officers of the Miners' Federation, in an effort to settle the coal strike, were reopened this morning.

London, Oct. 26th.—Strong opposition to the Govt. Emergency Power Bill, giving the administration far reaching authority in the event of a general strike or of disorders, was anticipated in the House of Commons today. The measure entered the committee stage of consideration and the Govt. issued instructions for all supporters to be present at today's session of the House.

Sebastopol, Oct. 26th.—15,000 Russian Bolshevik soldiers have been taken prisoners and many guns and material captured in raids by General Wrangel's forces recently.

Ottawa, Oct. 25th.—A healthy state of business conditions is reflected in the bank statement for September by the Finance Department today. The assets of the Canadian Bank which now stands well over the three billion dollar mark have increased by approximately seventy million dollars as compared with August. Notice deposits have increased by about nine millions and demand deposits by about 37 millions.

Ottawa, Oct. 26th.—Spring will see the completion of all the 60 ships for the Canadian mercantile marine. 35 of the number have been put in commission and the others are in various stages of completion but will be finished by May.

Warsaw, Oct. 25th.—Leon Trotzky has arrived at Kharkoff to supervise the regrouping of the Bolshevik armies for a general attack on General Wrangel, according to advices received here on Monday. A despatch from Riga said the Soviets have ratified the Russo-Polish Peace Treaty and have set the final exchange of signatures for November at Libau. Kovno is expected to fall soon to Polish troops. Despatches from Libau said the Lithuanian front there had been broken.

New York, Oct. 24th.—The local refined sugar market unchanged on Saturday. The demand has fallen off considerably but brokers expect a renewal of business this week. A cable from London stated that Great Britain had placed the sugar ration at six ounces per week per person owing to the great strike there. Raw sugar continued quiet, about

steady on nearby positions but a little easier for shipment sugars as indicated by the sale of a small lot of full duties for November shipment at 7c. cif. At the moment about the only buying interest and that is small is centred in the very prompt offerings for which fractionally higher prices might be realized from operators. It was said that Porto Rico's early November shipments were offered at 8.53 cif. with no buyers.

London, Oct. 26th.—The House of Commons was occupied in rushing the Emergency Bill through all stages after the second reading. The Emergency Bill provides for all contingencies in the United Kingdom should the miners strike involve the railwaymen and transport workers. In the House of Commons last night a motion for the rejection of the Bill offered by Mr. Adamson, Labour Leader, was defeated, by a vote of 257 to 55, and the measure was passed to second reading. Mr. Asquith, Mr. Thomas and Mr. Adamson and Mr. Clynes, former Food Controller, made strong appeals to the Govt. to withdraw the measure which Mr. Adamson characterized as "panic legislation which is always dangerous". Mr. Thomas based his appeal on the ground that emergency powers were not needed, pointing out that although 1,000,000 workers were directly affected by the coal strike and that a million more were indirectly interested, there had been no disorders. Mr. Lloyd George replied to these criticisms and defended the Bill which, he declared, was not intended as an attack on Trades Unions but absolutely necessary to "face the threats of railwaymen and the triple alliance to cripple our national life almost without notice".

Athens, Oct. 26th.—The Greek Cabinet assembled immediately after the death of King Alexander last evening and drew up a message to the people expressing the grief at the King's death and adding, "In conformity with the constitutional order of succession, the youngest brother of King Alexander, Prince Paul, is called to succeed him. However in view of his absence and the relation existing between the nation and the house of the ex-King Constantine, the Govt. has decided in conformity with article fifty of the constitution to convoke the Chamber just adjourned to proceed to the election of a regent until the arrival of the new King. Meanwhile and until the oath is administered to the regent in compliance with the same article of the Constitution, the Royal and Constitutional Powers will be exercised by the Council of Ministers." The Cabinet decided that King Alexander's body shall lie in state next Wednesday.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 26th.—Another drop in the wholesale price of sugar of \$17 for 100 lbs., was announced this morning by the British Columbia Sugar Refinery.