

Mr. W. L. Pentheny, (For Christiansted Town).

Mr. A. V. Nelthropp, (For Christiansted Country District).

Mr. W. H. Fleming (For Frederiksted Town).

Mr. A. J. Blackwood (For Frederiksted Country District).

At the meeting of the Colonial Council held on Wednesday, April 25, 1923, the following gentlemen were elected by Council to serve on the Electoral Board for the year beginning April 1, 1923:

Dr. D. C. Canegata, (For Christiansted Town).

Mr. Robt. W. Skoogh, (For Christiansted Country District.)

Mr. Robt. L. Merwin, (For Frederiksted Town).

Mr. G. B. Fleming, (For Frederiksted Country District).

OBITUARY.

The Mail yesterday brought the Lutheran Congregation the sad news of the demise of the Reverend Johannes Henrik Faber, in Copenhagen. His mortal remains were interred in that city, Monday in Holy Week.

Reverend Faber was well known in these islands, much liked, and had many friends who now mourn his passing away in the flower of life.

Deceased was born the 14th January 1879, was married the 7th, October 1910; and leaves a widow and six children.

He served in this parish for a few years as assistant to Archdeacon Petersen; opened and conducted for some time the Y. M. C. Association work in Bethania. Later on, in February 1912 he received the appointment as parish minister in Frederiksted, St. Croix, at which place he resided when the transfer of these islands to the United States took place.

Two years after he returned to Denmark, via America, where he spent a few months visiting, delivering addresses and preaching in many Lutheran Churches.

His many friends had hoped that he would have lived to a ripe old age, and their hearts go out to the bereaved widow and children who have suffered an irreparable loss; and they record their sympathy and condence here.

Reverend Faber was a beautiful character, a man of strong convictions, impartial, and when once convinced that the path of duty was, along certain lines he would proceed without swerving to the right or left. He was a very pious man, of a kind disposition, sympathetic to the poor and needy, and always ready to counsel the doubtful and succor the needy.—*The Bulletin, April 26th*

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Ottawa, April 26th.—Mr. Casgrain, in the Senate last evening, discussed Sir

George Foster's enquiry into the conditions in Europe. He did not have much faith in the League of Nations. Germany, claimed, was making rapid development, he especially in shipping. In support of his contention that Germany was not poor, Senator Casgrain explained the great canal system under construction in Germany. It consisted of 18 canals crossing Germany, making a complete network of water transportation facilities from Hamburg to the Danub and then along that river to the Black Sea. The cost was terrific, he said, but with depreciated currency it was being carried out. It was evident, he said, that a country that could carry to completion such a scheme could be made to pay its debts.

New York, April 26th.—66 employees of the Radio Corporation of America, most of them Canadians by birth, will lose their positions unless they become citizens of the United States. Mr. Harbord, President of the company, issued an order yesterday requiring all alien employees to take out naturalization papers. If they do not, they are at liberty to leave. The Radio Corporation was organized as the American Marconi Company, with most of its officers British or Canadian. Since being taken over by United States capital, naturalization has been vigorously urged.

New York, April 27th.—The raw sugar market was a shade lower early today with Cubas now quoted at 6 3/4 cents cost and freight, equal to 8.41 for centrifugal. The raw futures sugar market opened one to two points lower, under continued liquidation, but rallied on covering and hedge buying owing to the increased interest in the spot market. Prices at midday were five to seven points net higher, but trade buying was not very active. There was no improvement in the demand for refined sugar and prices were unchanged at 10.25 for fine granulated. Refined futures were nominal.

London, April 27th.—Washington has sent another note to Great Britain with reference to liquor smuggling, the Daily Telegraphs diplomatic correspondent learns. The note, he says, is of the friendliest character and indicates to Great Britain how it could cooperate with the United States in checking the abuse.

Dusseldorf, April 27th.—Five separate bomb explosions on the Ruhr railways during the night cut railway, telegraph and telephone communications, temporarily disorganizing traffic. French headquarters said the explosion had caused the most serious damage since the beginning of the occupation. During the confusion the Germans made a series of efforts to run the customs barrier into interior Germany, but large quantities of goods, which the Germans were trying to get through, were seized by the French.

London, April 27th.—Three thousand casualties, mostly fainting women, were

handled in emergency hospitals during the procession of the Duke of York and Lady Elizabeth Bowes-Lyons. The Duke and his bride, now the Princess Elizabeth, are honeymooning in Surrey today. The Prince of Wales has left for Belgium, where he will remain until Wednesday. He will unveil a British war memorial at Brussels.

New York, April 27th.—11 persons were believed to have died in a fire which swept through a tenement building in East 109th street early today. A family of seven were among the victims perishing in a fifth floor apartment. Scores fled from the flame-tiled structure by way of fire escapes, while a dozen others were rescued by police and firemen. Twenty persons were injured, many of them seriously. Several firemen and policemen were burned in effecting rescues. Nine of the dead perished in the building. The other two had been removed to a hospital, where they died of shock and burns.

Sydney, Australia, April 27th.—The Commonwealth Government has intimated that immediate action will be taken if Irish Republican envoys re-attempt, either publicly or privately, to raise money or obtain other support in Australia for rebels in arms against the Irish Free State.

London, April 27th.—The House of Laity of the National Assembly of the Church of England has decided to give general approval of the revision of the Anglican prayer book.

Dublin, April 26th. In announcing the release of the two women hunger strikers, Miss Nellie Ryan and Miss Annie O'Neill, a Government communication yesterday stated the decision was taken following upon the discussion in the Dail on Wednesday night, when Dr. Patrick McCartan gave notice that he would move a resolution next Wednesday, providing that in the opinion of the Dail any prisoners who decided after the passage of this resolution to go on hunger strike in order to secure their release, should be allowed to take the full consequence of their act. It is expected that the Dail will adopt the resolution, which will thereupon become the basis of the Govts policy.

London, April 27th.—The Govts majority in the House of Commons was again reduced to 21 today, when the second reading of the labour measure for the "prevention of unemployment" was defeated by 166 to 142. The Govt opposed the bill, but did not make the vote a question of confidence.

London, April 27th.—The conference between miners and the executive of the owners in London yesterday failed to produce an agreement. The mine owners rejected the demand for the revision of the National agreement in order to provide a higher minimum wage and the miners declined to agree to revert to the eight hour day.