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FOR SALE AT

JOHN ALEXANDER,

Agents.

Christiansted and its Districts.

REWARD

Will be given to anyone who can give the necessary information leading to the discovery of the party responsible for the disappearance of a

Fishing Boat

belonging to the undersigned, or leading to the discovery of the boat itself which disappeared from Mannings Bay beach between 2nd and 3rd September.

J. SCHOU,
Est Mannings Bay.

A CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. & Mrs. A. H. Ögaard and children beg to sincerely thank all friends and acquaintances for kind sympathy and attention shown them in their sad bereavement, tokens of such being highly appreciated.

LOCAL.

The s. s. "Parima" is expected to leave New York on Thursday, 15th inst.

The Creole is just getting in with Porto Rico and St. Thomas mail.

Movie admirers are reminded of the big programme on for tonight when in addition to the concluding parts of The Secret Kingdom there will be presented a drama and screen magazine. It is suggested to the management to let the parts of the serial be the last item on the programme, this being desired by many who would not care to have it followed straightway by a new picture, on which interest is sure to be undeveloped.

ST. CROIX AVIS

OFFICIAL NEWS.

Mr. J. B. Thompson, who has been selected by the Secretary of Agriculture to take charge of the Agricultural Experiment Stations in the Virgin Islands, arrived on the U. S. S. Kittery Saturday night.

Lieutenant Leo. F. S. Horan, U. S. Marine Corps, who has been on leave of absence in the United States, returned to St. Thomas on the U. S. S. Kittery.

Lieutenant Charles W. Lane, Medical Corps, U. S. Navy, recently relieved as Chief Municipal Physician for St. Thomas and St. Johns, sailed on the Kittery for the United States.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, Sept. 2nd.—Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland, has been summoned to Gairloch, by Mr. Lloyd George. Robert C. Barton who took to Gairloch the reply of Mr. De Valera to Mr. Lloyd George's last note, is to remain at Gairloch at the request of the Prime Minister. The other Sinn Fein delegate, Mr. McGrath, will return to London. There is still no indication here of the time when De Valera's reply will be published.

Foresthill, N. Y. Sept.—Possible prospects that the Davis Cup, emblematic of the world's tennis championship, might travel to Japan this autumn, received a decided set-back on the courts of the Westside Club here this afternoon when the United States defending players won two straight matches from their Japanese challengers. Wm. Johnson of San Francisco, national champion in 1915 and 1919, defeated Ichiya Kumagai in straight sets at singles by scores of 6-2, 6-4, 6-2. Wm. Tilden of Philadelphia, present United States titleholder, had a far more difficult task in subduing Zenzo Shimidzu in a five set battle by scores of 5-7, 5-5, 5-2, 6-1. Tomorrow Watson Washburn of New York and R. Norris Williams of Boston, the United States doubles team, will play the same Japanese players in the third match of the challenge round. A victory for the United States pair would mean the retention of the cup won in New Zealand last winter as three victories out of five matches are all that is required under the rules.

Washington, Sept. 3rd.—An unfortified boundary line more than three thousand miles long, between the United States and Canada, is the best testimony that the world grows wiser and better, President Harding said in a letter to day to be read at the dedication of a peace portal in commemoration of more than a century of uninterrupted peace between the United States and Great Britain. The portal to be dedicated Sept.

6th. on the International line, was conceived by Mr. Samuel Hill of Seattle.

London, Sept. 4th.—A Reuter cable from Madras reports that in the course of a speech in the Madras Legislature, Lord Willingdon declared that the religious fanaticism of the Moplahs was the instrument used by the leaders of a widespread and dangerous organization, who were only watching for an opportunity to attempt to violently overthrow the Govt. and the whole civil administration. Although the policy of the Govt. had been as far as possible, to avoid exciting public opinion, they were ready to enforce observance of law and order and to punish the guilty. Lord Willingdon repeated a warning that the Moplah propaganda would inevitably culminate in chaos and disorder and he appealed to members to exert their efforts to refute the misinterpretations of the actions and motives of the Govt. and to encourage the people to resist the intolerable terrorism which was the very antithesis of liberty. Trouble is still brewing at Mannarageh, whence hundreds of refugees are fleeing in the direction of Palghat. Reports of robbery and plunder are coming from Ponani, whence the local police have telegraphed saying the treasuries of Ponani and Chaagot are threatened and requesting assistance.

London, Sept. 4th.—The reply of the Irish Republican Parliament to the Prime Minister's latest communication rejects the Govt's. proposal for settlement of the Irish question, on the ground that they are not based on a dominion status for Ireland. It leaves the way open for further negotiations, however, by offering to at once appoint plenipotentiaries on the basis of the principles of Government by consent of the governed. The Irish Republican reply says the difference between Great Britain and Ireland can only be reconciled on the principle of Govt. by the consent of the Government, and on this basis we are ready at once to appoint plenipotentiaries. The text of the communication reads. We too are convinced it is essential that some definite and immediate progress should be made toward a basis upon which further negotiations can usefully proceed and we recognize the futility of a mere exchange of argumentative notes. I shall therefore refrain from commenting on the fallacious historical references in your last communication. The present is the reality with which we have to deal. The conditions of today are resultant of the past, accurately summing it up and giving in the simplest form the essential data of the problem. These data are first, the people of Ireland, acknowledging no voluntary union with Great Britain and claiming as their fundamental and natural right to choose freely from themselves the path they shall take to realize their national destiny have by