

States will remain dry and that England will be dry in 1930.

Winnipeg, Sept. 14th.—That the promotion of cordial relationship between the United States, Great Britain and Canada was his constant desire and aim was the effect of a letter from President Harding, read at a banquet held at the Royal Alexandria Hotel last night.

Dublin, Sept. 14th.—The appointment of plenipotentiaries to the proposed conference at Inverness with British representatives, to discuss the settlement of the Irish question, was approved by the Dail Eireann at its session, and the Dail also unanimously approved the reply to recent proposals of Mr. Lloyd George regarding Irish negotiations.

London, Sept. 13th.—A resolution commending the work of the League of Nations was adopted without discussion and by an almost unanimous vote of the world's Methodist conference here this afternoon and was ordered to be sent to Geneva.

New York, Sept. 14th.—Mr. Curran, Coalition Republican, will be Mayor Hylan's opponent at the polls next November. He won the Republican nomination by a vote of more than two and a half to one over the nearest of his three rivals in the primary elections yesterday.

London, Sept. 14th.—The Earl of McAth, well-known for his advocacy of Empire day movements, has informed his tenants that his expenses on his Irish estates now exceed his income, that he had lately been living on his capital and that a continuance of this would shortly land him in the bankruptcy court. He had, he said, disposed of the use of his automobiles, horses and carriages and been obliged, though with great grief, to make further reductions among his employees.

(Delayed in Transmission)

Dublin, Sept. 14th.—The following plenipotentiaries to the proposed conference at Inverness to discuss the settlement of the Irish question were appointed by the Dail Eireann today. Mr. Arthur Griffith of the Sinn Fein and Foreign Minister of the Dail Cabinet, Mr. Collins Finance Minister, Mr. Barton one of the leading figures in the plenipotentiary negotiations, Mr. Duggan Sinn Fein member of parliament and leading figure in the arrangement of the Irish truce and Mr. Duffy, who acted as a representative of the Sinn Fein abroad. It was explained that they had not been appointed to go to Inverness in response to the Premier's invitation, but had been chosen to carry on possible negotiations which may or may not follow the receipt by Mr. Lloyd George of the Dail Cabinet's reply.

NEW YORK, September 15th 1921.

Flour, Blended Clears St. Lawrence Brand
pr. brl. \$7.50.
Meal, Kilndried per 100 lbs \$1.95

New Season's Pork per brl. \$37.00.
Heavy Mess Pork per bbl. \$25.4
Sugar—Crystals maximum per 100 lbs.
\$4.25

Molasses Sugar 89° test, no quotation.
Cotton, Middling Upland, at Liverpool
per lb. 13 24-100d.

Exchange, New York and London, 60
days' sight \$3.68
Exchange New York and London, sight
\$3.70

LONDON, September 15th. 1921

Sugar, Demerara Crystals, per cwt. 44s.
—47s. 6d.

Muscavado per cwt. 28s. 39s.

German Beet 88° f.o.b. no sales.

White Java sugar cif United Kingdom
24s. September shipment.

Demerara Rum, per gal. nominal.

Trinidad Cocoa, Good Middling Red per
cwt 56s. 58s. nominal.

Cotton, good Medium West Indian Sea
Island per lb. 26d. nominal.

BARBADOS NEWS

The paucity of the rainfall continues to give cause for anxiety. Heavy, soaking, rains are wanted and instead we have only had comparatively light showers. This morning however, there was fairly good rain accompanied by a few peals of thunder, which was a cheering sound as it aroused hopes of the ushering in of a real rainy season. The crops are reported to be holding out well in most district, but it is the weather from now on to the end of October, which will determine what sort of crop we will have for 1922.

One of the signs of the distress in the country districts, is the raiding of potato fields by gangs at night. The false economy which encouraged planters to limit as much as possible the area under sweet potatoes, the spread of the scarabee disease which made it impossible to grow potatoes in some districts, and adverse weather influences have all combined to make this Vegetable, which naturally bulks so largely in the food supply of the people, high in price. When sugar was also high priced and laborers' wages were increased somewhat, the advance in the price of potatoes from say 12 lb. for ten cent to two cents per lb. was felt severely but now when, owing to adverse circumstances in all directions, the wage has come down and the price of potatoes in around four cents a lb., the temptation to raid, open fields has increased. We may deplore the degradation which the raids imply, but those who fail to see that the causes have their roots in the economic position persist in imagining that the sole cure lies in severe and brutal punishment will only worsen matters, so far as in their power lies. At the same time where organized raids occur, it would go to show that there is lack of

police vigilance, and that there is something defective in the staffing of the District Stations which is being taken advantage of.

There is little sugar left to be disposed of, but there is estimated to be about 9,000 puncheons of syrup remaining unsold. The enquiry is very small, and the owners are determined not to let it go below 35 cents per gal—

For its size Barbados has a very large over sea population in Panama. Cuba New York, &c. from which large money contributions used to be regularly sent chiefly through the Post Office by registered letter or money order. The world wide depression has therefore affected the island not merely in the fall of local values but in the shutting off of these over sea contributions. Then the port trade has also fallen considerably so that the combination of adverse circumstances have made the scarcity of money severely felt, the more so as there has been but slight reduction in the cost of imported foods and of local food stuffs there was never so small a supply.

The Income Tax has not yet passed through all its stages, but thanks to a timely remonstrance by the Governor in the shape of a message against the House taking a long adjournment before the Bill had reached its final stage, its passage now seemed secured.—*Barbados, Advocate, August 31st.*

EDITOR HARDING'S CREED.

President Harding's creed as a newspaper editor epitomizes the man:

"Remember there are two sides to every question. Get them both.

"Be truthful. Get the facts.

"Mistakes are inevitable, but strive for accuracy. I would rather have one story exactly right than a hundred half wrong.

"Be decent, be fair, be generous.

"Boost—don't khoc.

"There's good in everybody. Bring out the good and never needlessly hurt the feelings of anybody.

"In reporting a political gathering give the facts, tell the story as it is, not as you would like to have it. Treat all parties alike. If there is any politics to be played we will play it in our editorial columns.

"Treat all religious matter reverently.

"If it can possibly be avoided, never bring ignominy to an innocent man or child in telling of the misdeeds or misfortunes of a relative.

Don't wait to be asked, but do it without the asking, and above all be clean and never let a dirty word or suggestive story get into type.

"I want this paper so conducted that it can go into any home without destroying the innocence of any child."—*The Porto Rico Progress, September 2nd.*