

NOTICE.

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING,
the 12th of April, there will be
A Grand Variety Show
 in the Christiansted Theatre by the
 Old Timers.

Program will follow later.
 Christiansted, St. Croix, V. I., April
 5th, 1922.

Mails Close
 in Christiansted
 for New York N. Y. by S. S. Gui-
 ana at 4 p. m. Friday, 7th inst.

LOCAL.

We have not got our copy of West End
 News No. 116 of Tuesday 4th. instant,
 and are informed at the post office that
 that number has not been received.

The Creole is here today with local
 St. Thomas mails.

Tonight The Flaming Disk will again
 be presented to its admirers, at the
 Christiansted theatre.

It would appear that the steeple clock
 is changed so frequently or is running so
 incorrectly that it is impossible to adjust
 any clock to agree with it for more than
 a few hours. Recently all our clocks
 were slow, then all of a sudden they
 gained ten minutes in one day, and now
 last night they have lost seven minutes.
 This is regrettable for one of the most
 valuable aids to business and working
 people here is correct time.

The picture shown at St. Mary's School
 House last night was a very charming
 production and everybody who was pre-
 sent at the exhibition agrees that it
 deserved a better attendance which
 is possible to be excused owing to there
 having been two successive shows pre-
 ceding this. At any rate this much is
 scored that the class of film to be han-
 dled is shown to be the right one, and
 that which should appeal to those who
 appreciate the clean, wholesome drama.

VIRGIN ISLAND ELITES TO RECEIVE AND ENTERTAIN COMMISSION.

Following the report sent out by Mr.
 Ashley L. Totten in social circles here to
 the effect that a commission from the
 Virgin Islands would be passing through
 the city on their way to Washington,
 several Virgin Islanders of prominence
 has offered to work on committee to re-
 ceive and entertain them.

One of the first to offer their assistance
 were Mr. Alexander McIntosh, Mr. Louis
 Fair, Mr. Finlay and Mr. Henry Foss.
 There are several ladies interested,
 and many of the American here
 offered their assistance.

No preparations however will be made
 unless it is fully understood that Virgin
 Island Society will receive the first and
 full recognition.

It is also of great importance that as
 much time be given with which to make
 the necessary preparations.

Mr. Totten is quoted as having said
 that he will not appeal to the Masses.

The committee will be chosen from the
 best there is intellectually, socially and
 otherwise.

An opportunity for everyone to hear
 the commissioners will be given, if this
 programme be feasible to them.—Com.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, March 31st.—The Irish Free
 State Bill became law today, when the
 King gave his assent to the measure.
 The House of Lords decided not to insist
 upon the Amendments it had adopted,
 and an adjustment was reached between
 the two Houses of Parliament.

Belfast, March 31st.—The demobiliza-
 tion of the police in six counties of Ul-
 ster begins today, and it is expected it
 will be concluded not later than May 31st.
 Their disbandment in the twenty south-
 ern counties will begin at the same time
 and will be finished as soon as possible.

London, March 31st.—The Free State
 party has been enormously strengthened
 by the agreement for the pacification of
 the Island, signed here last night, the
 House of Commons was told this morn-
 ing by Mr. Churchill. Paying a tribute
 to what he termed the statesmanlike
 courage of the Ulster leaders, Mr.
 Churchill said that the agreement gave
 hope for cooperation between the North
 and South and opened a prospect for a
 future such as had never been contem-
 plated.

London March 31st.—The signing of
 the agreement between the representa-
 tives of Southern and Northern Ireland,
 outlining measures for the pacification of
 the country came with unexpected sud-
 denness, and the cheers with which the
 House of Commons greeted the an-
 nouncement by the Secretary of State
 for the colonies in an indication of the en-
 thusiasm with which the majority of
 England is expected to greet the news.

London, March 31st.—730 men belong-
 ing to two French columns were killed or
 wounded in a surprise attack by tribes-
 men in Moulouva valley, French Moroc-
 co, according to despatches to the Times
 from Huelva, Spain dated Thursday,
 quoting private advices received from
 the El Airish, Morocco.

Belfast, March 31st.—The sentiment
 in Northern Ireland, as reflected by the

press comment, welcomes the s.
 the agreement aimed at suppressing the
 reign of disorder, but editorial writers
 point to some of the difficulties which
 must be surmounted in carrying it out.

Constantinople, March 31st.—The Gov-
 ernment at Constantinople has accepted,
 in principle, the suggestion transmitted
 last week by the Allied Foreign Minis-
 ters, looking towards peace between the
 Greeks and the Turkish Nationalists in
 Asia Minor. The Constantinople Gov-
 ernment, however makes certain reserv-
 ations with respect to Thrace. The Al-
 lied Commissioners here have been in-
 formed of this decision and a committee
 of experts is preparing counter proposals.

Paris, April 1st.—Replying to a ques-
 tion in the Chamber of Deputies, con-
 cerning the Governments foreign policy
 especially with regard to the Russian So-
 viets, M. Poincare stated that for some
 weeks past he had been visited by sev-
 eral veiled women, bringing him let-
 ters from Radek and Krassire en-
 deavouring to induce the Government
 to enter into conversations with the
 Soviets in order to arrange in ad-
 vance the programme to be followed at
 the Genoa Conference. He added, that
 he had replied to these women that the
 Government would discuss the matter
 with its Allies only and he declared that
 all the proposals had been rejected.

Paris, April 1st.—The Government has
 handed Mr. Herriek, the United States
 Ambassador, a reply from France to the
 American note relative to the payment
 of the cost of occupation by the army of
 the Rhine, accepting in principle the
 American claim. A further reply will be
 made later by the British French and
 Belgian Governments.

Washington, April 1st. At the inaugu-
 ration of the international memorial com-
 memorating peace between the United
 States and Canada, Marshal Joffre who
 performed the ceremony, expressed the
 hope that peace would never be broken.
 Messages from M. Poincare and Mr.
 Hughes, Secretary of State, were read.
 Thousands of persons witnessed the cere-
 mony and warmly greeted the hero of
 the Marne.

London, April 1st.—Advices from Mad-
 rid state that the Cabinet has decided to
 adopt a pacific policy in Morocco, after a
 consultation with General Berenguer,
 and the embarking of troops for Alhuce-
 mas has been postponed in consequence.

Lisbon, April 1st.—The aviators Saca-
 dura and Coutinho, who left here on
 their flight to Pernambuco, have arrived
 at Laspalmas, Canary Island, the first
 stage of their journey having been ac-
 complished without difficulty.

Paris, April 1st.—The Council of the
 International Chamber of Commerce has
 approved of the arrangements for the
 creation of an International Commercial
 Arbitration Commission, to which busi-
 ness men of the world will be able
 submit their industrial and commerce