

St. Croix Avis

76TH YEAR.

CHRISTIANSTED, V. I. U. S. A., WEDNESDAY 11TH MAY 1921.

No. 111.

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Contribution to this paper will be gladly received when the same deals with matters of general interest, and is accompanied with the author's name, as a guarantee of good faith. The editor cannot be responsible for the views of his correspondents nor does he necessarily endorse them.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, May 5th.—E. M. Baerlein, the British Tennis Star, who yesterday successfully defeated the champion (Singles) today won another Court Victory. With W. Renshaw of the Manchester Club, he won his way to the semi-finals of the open doubles inter club competition. The British pair defeated C. H. Cutting and C. E. Leonard, the United States players, in easy fashion, the score being 6-3, 6-2.

London, May 5th.—Invitation to appoint representatives to the Supreme Allied Council of Ambassadors and the Allied Reparations Commission was cabled to the United States Department in Washington by the Supreme Allied Council last night.

London, May 5th.—The striking of coal miners, it is reported, have intimated to the Govt. their willingness to accept arbitration on the wages question by Sir Arthur Duckham, with the view to an immediate settlement of the strike. Sir Arthur was a member of the Sankey Coal Commission and submitted a minority report favourable to the miner's claims.

London, May 5th.—The Canadian Pacific Railway has bought the former German Liner Kaiserin Augusta Victoria of 24,581 tons, and the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm of 17,082 tons.

London, May 5th.—Details of the demands included in the ultimatum to Germany were made public by the Supreme Allied Council when it adjourned at ten twenty-five o'clock this morning. The statement issued by the Council as follows. The Allied Powers have decided (A) to proceed from today with

all necessary preliminary measures for the occupation of the Ruhr Valley by Allied troops on the Rhine under the conditions laid down. (B) In accordance with Article 235 of the Versailles Treaty to invite the Allied reparations Commission to notify the German Govt, without delay, of the time and methods for the discharge by Germany of her debt and to announce its decision on this point to the German Government by May 6th at the latest. (C) To summon the German Government to declare categorically, within six days after receiving the above decisions, its determination (1) to execute, without reservation or conditions in regard to its obligations, the guarantees prescribed by the reparations commission. (2) Accept and realize without reservation or conditions in regard to its obligations the guarantees prescribed by the reparations commission. (3) To execute without reservation or delay measures concerning military, naval and aerial disarmament of which Germany was notified by the Allied nations in the note of January 29th. Those are the measures, in the execution of which they have so far failed to comply with, are to be completed immediately and the remainder on a date still to be fixed. To proceed without reservation or delay to the trial of war criminals and also with other parts of the Versailles Treaty which have not as yet been fulfilled. (D) To proceed on May 12th. with the occupation of the Ruhr Valley and to undertake all other military and naval measures, should the German government fail to comply with the foregoing conditions. This occupation will last as long as Germany continues her failure to fulfil the conditions laid down. Rumours that the Government would tend its resignation to President Ebert had been heard with considerable credit for several days and confirmatory despatches received last night caused little surprise. It was said last night that the German President had asked Chancellor Fehrenbach's Cabinet to continue in function in "dealing with current affairs." This the Cabinet consented to do. Dr. Gustave Stresemann, leader of the people's party in Germany, was mentioned as being the probable successor of Fehrenbach as Chancellor. Dr. Stresemann and his party were reported early in March as exerting considerable pressure upon the government to bring about a break with the Entente. It was said at that time that the people's party was urging the German Govt. to demand that the Allies withdraw their forces from the newly occupied districts along the Rhine, under the threat of breaking off diplomatic relations. Mr. Lloyd George planned to appear before the House of Commons later in the day and explain the arrangements made for collecting reparations from Germany. At the conclusion of last night's meeting of the council, M. Briand said to a representative of the Hava's Agency "Our deliberations have had the result of bringing about the resignation of the German government cabinet. Now the German government will be obliged to carry out the Versailles Treaty."

NOTICE OF ACTION.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF DANIELE HENRIQUEZ, DECEASED.

BY virtue of an order of the District Court, dated 7th day of May 1921, there will be offered for sale at a public auction to be held at property No. 59 A. King's Street in Frederiksted, St. Croix on

SATURDAY

the 14th day of May 1921

AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.

Personal Property of the above entitled Estate, consisting of:

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURES

consisting of fine old mahogany pieces etc.

COMPLETE HARDWARE STOCK

GROCERIES,

FORD AUTOMOBILE.

All articles will be sold to the highest bidder for cash at the knock of the hammer. Mr. Thomas Ramsay of Frederiksted, St. Croix, will act as Auctioneer.

Dated Frederiksted, St. Croix, V. I., May 9th 1921.

D. NOLL,
Administrator.

Mails Close

for the United States by S. S. Korona on Wednesday, 11th instant, at 4 p. m.