

terday's debate as "economy versus defence" and says that even if an agreement for disarmament is really achieved, it will hardly affect the ships under discussion, since the Japanese and American equivalents are already on the docks.

Washington, Aug. 4th.—Great Britain's willingness to accept any date the Washington administration might desire for opening of the forthcoming disarmament conference has led to the definite suggestion of November 11th. Armistice Day, this year as an appropriate occasion. The matter has been the subject of informal conversation, and while no formal announcement was available at the State Department today, it was learned that once assured of British acquiescence the United States officials put the original suggestion of Armistice Day into definite form for all the invited powers, and await acknowledgements.

New Orleans, Aug. 4th.—The cotton new year with its annual statistics and rush of excited trading was marked today by an advance in price, which experts estimated would bring southern planters \$41,000,000 more for their crop. The days developments put the price up a cent a pound.

London, Aug. 4th.—The Governments Airship Service, including the latest dirigibles such as the ZR-2, was officially wiped out today, and unless the Dominions come forward with some cooperative scheme for reviving it, it will cease entirely, so far as the Imperial Government is concerned. That decision was taken, and the date for it to become effective was set several months ago, although officials of the Air Service did not believe it could possibly go into force. It means abandonment by the Government of the lighter than air craft.

London, Aug. 5th.—Another meeting of the Ulster Cabinet has been called to discuss the Irish peace negotiations, it was announced today although it is reiterated in Belfast that no message had been received there from Eamon De Valera. It is added that no overtures will be entertained which diminish the powers of the Northern Parliament. None the less, the Imperial Government continues optimistic as to the outcome, if it can get the opposing leaders together.

Paris, Aug. 5th.—The Reparations Commission has notified the German Government that 29,400 horses, 130,000 sheep and 185,000 horned cattle must be delivered by Germany to the Commission in the next six months. This decision comes under annex four of part eight of the treaty of Versailles.

Madrid, Aug. 5th.—Spanish forces have suffered a severe defeat in north-eastern Morocco where they have been resisting heavy attacks by rebellious tribesmen, it is declared by newspapers here.

Lake Placid, N. Y., Aug. 5th.—George Duncan and Abe Mitchell, British professionals, yesterday defeated Seymour Dunn Lake Placid professional, and Hutton Martin, four times open champion of California in a 37 hole match. Mitchell made a new record of 69 strokes for the 18 holes.

Cowes Isles of Wight, Aug. 5th.—The United States won the fourth international yacht race here today, defeating the British entries by a close margin 17 to 16 points. Great Britain won the first three races. The yachts finished in the following order. Grebe U. S. first, Polly and Freya Great Britain second and third. Montauk and Gebe U. S. fourth and fifth. Victoria Great Britain sixth. The British yacht Jean and the United States Sheila had trouble with their gear and abandoned the race.

Geneva, Aug. 5th.—Ratification by the British Empire of the permanent court of international justice was deposited yesterday with the Secretariat of the League of Nations. It includes ratification by Australia, Canada, India, New Zealand, South Africa and the United Kingdom.

Athens, Aug. 5th.—After having been forced to retreat with enormous losses the Turks now are in a better position to offer serious resistance to the Greek forces, according to a communication issued to the Greek newspapers, which makes this assertion after giving details of the various operations since the offensive began. All the actions of the various units of the Greek army from the time they entered the fighting are described.

London, Aug. 6th.—Australians versus Glamorgan, drawn. Glamorgan 1st innings 213, Riches 75, Bates 79. Australian 1st innings 461 for 8 wickets. Bardsley 122, Macartney 63, Taylor 73, Armstrong 76, not out. No play third day rain. Australians v Lancashire. Lancashire 1st innings 100. Macdonald 8 wickets for 62 runs, Macartney 2 for 12. Australia first innings 317 declared. Bardsley 124, Collins 27, Macartney 38. Andrews 88. No further particulars received, but match was a draw. Australia Warwickshire. started yesterday. Warwickshire 96 for 6 wickets, when rain stopped play. The English team for the fifth test match will be picked from the following. Tennyson Fender, Douglas, Woolley, Mead, Brown Tyldesley, Parkin, Russell, Hallows, Hearne, Parker, and one other be selected. The following comprise England's eleven against the Australians at Eastbourne on 27th. Maclaren (captain) Falcon, Norfolk, P. R. Johnson, J. C. White, G. E. C. Wood, G. Ashton, H. Ashton, C. T. Ashton, A. P. F. Chapman, C. S. Marriott, and C. H. Gibson.

Washington, Aug. 5th.—Russian Soviet gold may now be shipped to the United States from Great Britain as a result of a recent test case in the British courts,

the Commerce Department has been advised by cable from Ambassador Harvey at London. "The London Board of Trade now takes the ground", the American Ambassador said, "that the outcome of the test case demonstrates that no holder of Imperial Russian securities can successfully contest the Soviet claim in regard to ownership of the gold reserve."

Paris, Aug. 5th.—There are prospects that the Allied Supreme Council here next week will develop into a miniature peace conference, with 8 to 9 different countries represented at various stages of the proceedings. The status of the Belgian delegation has not been fixed, but it is certain, that Belgian delegates will participate during the discussion on reparations and the Leipzig trials. It is understood that the French delegation favours permitting the Belgians to sit during the discussion of the Silesian question as it is closely related to that of reparations. The Albanians, Greeks and Jugo-Slavs will be heard on the Albanian and near East situation. The British delegation will number about 30 persons and will come to Paris by special train via Calais.

Kingston Jca, Aug. 6th.—A motion introduced in the legislative council on the 4th inst, by one of the peoples representatives urging confederation between the British West Indies and Canada was voted down. During the debate reference was made to the resolution introduced in the United States senate last February by Senator Reed of Missouri, enquiring whether Great Britain would be willing to consider the session of its West Indies possessions to the United States. The representatives declared that the people of the British colonies had no intention of becoming United States citizens and that the proposal made in Washington was resented. The opinion was expressed, however, that everything should be done to foster trade with the United States.

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