

CHRISTIANSTED THEATRE

8.15. THIS EVENING 8.15.

At Bethlehem Wednesday 7.30

THE LAST EPOCH OF

"J' ACCUSE"

THIS EPOCH was Made with the Army of the 28th American Division in the actual West Area.

Show Will Conclude With A Sidesplitting Comedy:

THURSDAY EVENING:

"THE FLAPPER"

A D M I S S I O N

Reserved Seats.....25c.
Children.....15c.

General Entrance.....15c.
Children.....10c.

June 1st, as does also the substituted tax on carbonic acid gas. Some new additions to the list of exemptions from the sales tax go into effect on the same date, June 1st. There is added to the list of exemptions, manuscript, raw furs, wool, not further prepared than washed, earthen drain tiles for agricultural purposes and syrups and molasses of all kinds. The most important tariff change is that in regard to the dumping duty on sugar. As proposed in the budget speech, this tax was not to apply when the home consumption value of sugar at the place of shipment to Canada was more than eight cents per pound. It is now proposed that the dumping duty shall apply but it shall not be more than three-quarters of a cent per pound. According to existing legislation the maximum of the dumping duty is 15 percent of the value of the shipment, so that three-quarters of a cent a pound would be equivalent to the maximum duty on sugar as 5 cents a pound. The new clause put in to deal with crude petroleum is varied, the duty under the general tariff being reduced from six-tenths of a cent to half a cent. The drawback provided in the budget on raw sugar for use in the manufacture of syrup is dropped.

Dortmund, May 23rd.—Five persons were killed, including one woman and one child and from sixty to eighty persons were wounded in conflicts between striking workmen and the police, according to the casualty lists issued by both the workers and the police.

London, May 23rd.—Art O'Brien, Sean McGratt, Sean O'Mahony and Michael Galvin, four of the men recently released from internment in Ireland, appeared in Bow Street Court today charged with seditious conspiracy. The attorney for the Crown, Travers Humphreys, explained that the charge was one of con-

spiracy to compel by force of arms a change in the constitution of one of the self-governing dominions of the Crown and by force of arms to establish a republic in a part of the British Empire, namely the Irish Free State.

London, May 23rd.—Russia, in a note signed by Leonid Krassin, the Soviet representative here, and personally handed by him to Lord Curzon at the Foreign Office, makes important concessions to the demands made in the ultimatum to the Soviet Government recently. The note explains these concessions are made because the Soviet Government does not desire to give ground for placing even the smallest degree of responsibility for the results of a possible breach between Russia and England upon the Soviet Govt., even indirectly. The note further declares that such a breach, it is felt, would declare a basis for action to carry out the aggressive aims of the militarist elements in most countries, even independent of the will of the British Government. The note offers on behalf of Russia, the concession of a convention giving Great Britain fishing rights outside the three mile limit off the Russian coast, but still insists that an international conference is necessary to settle the territorial limit question. In political quarters the note is regarded as displaying the moderate and conciliatory hand of Krassin, who had a half hour talk with Lord Curzon on delivery of the note. The Soviet Government says it is ready to pay compensation for the seizure of British trawlers and for the execution of Charles D. Favson and the arrest and detention of Mrs Harding, a newspaper correspondent, but it refuses to recognize that there was any irregularity in the measures taken against "these spies". It offers to withdraw the two Weinstein notes, written in reply to the

British protests over the prosecution of High Church officials, which notes the British declared offensive. While denying the charge of having infringed the Anglo-Russian trade agreement by propaganda in the East the note suggests that the only way of co-ordinating the different viewpoints of the two countries is through detailed discussion by specially delegated representatives of both Governments. The Soviet Government is ready to reiterate the understandings of trade agreement, provided Great Britain makes a similar undertaking. It is also ready to investigate friendly representations regarding allied infringement of the trade agreement on a basis of reciprocity. If Great Britain agrees to a conference, it is stated Foreign Minister Tchitcherin will be delegated to represent Russia. The note generally sets forth that the consequences possible from the breaking of relations have caused the Russian Government serious apprehension and that it is to avoid such results that the Soviet is willing to make these concessions.

Ottawa, May 23rd.—By the narrowest majority the Government has yet had, the budget proposals were carried in the House tonight. On the amendment the government has a substantial majority of 101, but on the motion which embodied the budget proposals the government majority was reduced to eight. The Government had been calculating on a majority of ten, but seemed satisfied with what they got.

London, May 24th.—The Sussex XI today completed their first innings making a total of 190 runs. Bowling for the West Indians Francis captured four wickets for fifty runs, Pascall three for forty-six and Constantine two for twenty-nine. In their second innings the West Indians made 75 runs. Nunes 16 Tarilton 2 Challenger 3 Fernandes 11 Holt 17 Browne 15 Constantine 1 Dewhurst 4 Pascall (not out) 1 Francis 0 ex ra 4 total 75. Austin was absent on account of illness. Sussex replied with 72 runs. Francis and Pascall of the West Indians XI captured six wickets for 33 and four for 24 respectively, the West Indians thus winning the second match of their tour by 26 runs.

Belgrade, May 24th.—The Greek Government, it is reported has asked the Jugo-Slav Government to state what attitude it will adopt in the event of resumption of hostilities in Thrace. The Jugo-Slav Government will make known its viewpoint at an early date.

Copenhagen, May 24th.—A Moscow report by way of Berlin says that the Soviet authorities at Petrograd, Moscow and Kiev have arrested several Swiss citizens. A number of Swiss shops have been wrecked at the first named city while at Ogden three Swiss were attacked. The Soviet Government is said to have prohibited visas for Swiss passports.