

Daniell of Somersetshire, E. Tyldesley of Lancashire, Dipper of Gloucestershire and Vine of Sussex all scored over 100 in the championship cricket matches today. Vine made 202, Tyldesley 244, the highest individual total this season. Middlesex beat Yorkshire by four runs, the scores being: Middlesex 105 and 261. Yorkshire 169 and 193. Surrey 294 and 291 for seven wickets. Bert Pent, 192 and 341, by their wicket Somersetshire 269 and 252 beat Hampshire who scored 526 in their only inning defeated Warwickshire by an innings and 38 runs. Essex beat Derbyshire by 194, Sussex who made 322 in their first innings, defeated Northamptonshire by 10 wickets. Leicestershire lost to Gloucestershire by 30 runs. Kent remains at the head of the championship table with Surrey now a good second and Middlesex third.

London Aug. 19th.—The Russians lost their bearings in trying to meet attacks on all sides from the Polish columns on their flank. The Poles continuing their advance, have occupied Kalusyn, 35 miles east of Wawsaw Siedlce five miles east of the capital, Miedzyrzyc 20 miles southeast of Siedlca, Wlodawa on the Bug river, 125 miles southeast of Warsaw.

Warsaw, Aug. 19th. The Polish offensive now in full swing, more than 1,000 prisoners, 30 cannon, 300 machine-guns and thousands of supply carts have been captured from the Bolsheviki. The Poles have occupied Plonsk, Pultusk and Wyszkw through which the Reds drove in their sweep towards the capital owing to the Polish pressure from the northwest, it is reported that the Bolsheviki are withdrawing their forces which reached the Vistula south of the Prussian border, and to the northwest of Warsaw.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 19th.—The Secretary of the Admiralty announced that Vice-Admiral Sir William Parkenham, K. C. B., K. C. M. G., K. C. V. O., has been appointed Commander in Chief of North America and West Indies station in succession to the late Vice Admiral Sir Trevelyan D. W. Napier, K. C. B., M. V. O.

London, Aug. 19th.—Leon Trotsky has arrived in Danzig, Secretary to negotiation political and strategic questions with German staff officers, says a despatch to the "Times" from Danzig.

London, Aug. 19th.—The Polish delegates at the Minsk conference have refused to accept the peace conditions advanced by the Soviet, for the disarmament of the Polish army, unless the Russians themselves disarm, says a wireless despatch from Berlin, quoting a report received from Minsk.

Mexico City, Aug. 19th.—The volcano of Popocatepeti is showing signs of activity, luminous smoke being visible above its crater and ashes falling on the neighbouring town of Ayotsingo in the state of Mexico.

London, Aug. 19th.—The Government

of Victoria has been defeated in the House of Assembly by a vote of the public service bill.

London, Aug. 19th.—Viscount Jellicoe left today for New Zealand, to assume his duties as Governor-General.

London, Aug. 19th.—The Times' Cape-town correspondent indicates that a large number of measures were passed during the session of the South African Parliament which has closed, despite the fact that few anticipated that Premier Smuts could retain office for five months without a party majority. Many bills passed involve principles which would have been completely antagonistic to Dutch opinion, six years back. An important feature of the later stages of sessions was the remarkable improvement in the political relationship of all parties. The Finance Minister showed that thirteen million pounds, represent the total value of enemy property held in custody, three million of which had already been paid out to Germans domiciled in South Africa. One million will be applied to South African claims for debt of property in Germany and the balance will be held in South Africa as a loan from the German owners for thirty years at four per cent. Premier Smuts claim that this is the most German action taken by any country and will be an advantage in the future.

Melbourne, Aug. 20th.—The Prince of Wales, having concluded his visit to Australia, sailed aboard the cruiser Renown for Samoa en route to England by way of the Panama Canal.

Calgary, Aug. 20th.—"The field of the Cloth of Gold" is how one member of the Imperial Press Conference described western Canada. Mr. R. H. Dodd, editor of the East London (South Africa) daily despatch spoke with enthusiasm of his trip through the grainfields of the West. "The endless visit fields and the richness and depth of the soil, are the abiding impressions of our tour through this vast granary to the world. He found this country British and British will keep it" and R. B. Bennett, K. C., addressing Calgarians and their guests of the Imperial Press Conference last night, following the dinner by the city to the visiting gentlemen, Mr. Bennett spoke of the difficulties in preserving intact the British spirit in Alberta, in the light of the fact that 75 per cent of the new settlers in the province during the war came from the United States. Viscount Burnham and the Hon. S. C. Mews of New Foundland acknowledged for the visitors, the welcome accorded them. Today the newspaper men were taken by motor-men to Banff for a two days' stay to be followed by another day at Lake Louise and Lake Windermere. In response to an appeal by Mr. Bennett, who asked the British if they desire to keep their markets from the United States, to be

so by means of a tariff and not to publish to the world that our answer suffer from disease when you know they do not, Viscount Burnham emphatically declared that the press of Great Britain would be first to stand up for the rights of Canadians in this matter. This was cheered to the echo by the visiting newspapermen. The main purpose of the visit of the pressmen to Canada, he said, was to learn by friendly association more of this country than could be learned in many years from the reading of blue books. "I wish," he said, "that could follow in our footsteps. I am very sorry that the rumour that Mr. Lloyd George was coming to Vancouver has proved untrue for it is altogether regrettable that the greatest statesmen in Europe should not know this position of the Empire. He would find in this new world, relief from the depression which the constant strain of the contemplation of the ruin of Europe must mean, even a man of his buoyant spirits it is a reproach and a scandal that so few of our public men know the empire and lack of that knowledge, should be a disqualification for political office of any but a purely parochial kind. England also is largely ruled by permanent officials. What can a clerk in dismal Whitehall know of the empire? I believe that these officials should travel in the empire too. The argument does not apply one side only. No statesman who is not acquainted with the strength as well as the weakness of Great Britain, is fully qualified for public affairs in any part of the empire. This blunder is worse than a crime and should not be allowed to continue.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21st 1920
 Flour, Blended Clears St. Lawrence Brand
 pr. brl. \$12.50
 Meal, Kilndried per 100 lbs \$3.90
 New Season's Pork per brl. \$39.00
 Heavy Mess Pork per bbl. \$33.00
 Sugar—Crystals maximum per 100 lbs
 \$12.04.
 Molasses Sugar 89° test, no quotation.
 Cotton, Middling Upland, at Liverpool
 per lb. 24 83-100d.
 Exchange, New York and London, 60
 days' sight \$3.55
 Exchange New York and London, sight
 \$3.69½

LONDON, Aug. 21st 1920.
 Sugar, Demerara Crystals, Govt. controlled and free of control 129s. 9d.
 Sugar-Moscovado Govt. controlled and free control nominal.
 Moscovado free of Govt. control duty paid 124s. 9d.
 German Beet 88° f.o.b. no sales.
 White Java sugar cif United Kingdom nominal 110s. 0d.
 Demerara Rum, per gal. nominal.
 Trinidad Cocoa, Good Middling Red nominal per cwt 85s. 0d.
 Cotton Medium Fine Sea Island, at Liverpool per lb. nominal