

DA det for undertegnede Bank er blev en anmeldt, at Sparekassebog Nr: 12390 er bortkommen, indkaldes herved den mulige Ihændeher af samme til inden 12 Uger fra Dato af fre komme med navnte Bog og for os at godtgøre sin retmæssige Besiddelse af samme, da Bogen i modsat Fald efter Udløbet af nævnte Frist, vil blive mortificeret.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF THE DANISH WEST INDIES.

Frederiksted, den 2' August 1920.

The New St. Croix Savings Bank.

THE Members of the New St. Croix Savings Bank are hereby notified that the 39th Annual General Meeting will be held at the office of the Institution on FRIDAY AUGUST 20th AT 4 O'CLOCK P. M. at which a statement of the transactions for the year ending March 31, last will be laid before the meeting and election of Trustees take place.

Christiansted, St. Croix, August 2, 1920.

By Order.

T. J. STRIDIRON,
Accountant.

TO CORRESPONDENT:—Rev. P. Bartels your communication received, will be published to-morrow.

OFFICIAL NEWS.

2nd August 1920.

Major William Small, U. S. M. C., who has been in command of the Marine Barracks, St. Croix, for over a year and a half, has been ordered detached from the Virgin Islands and transferred to Washington, D. C. Capt. Roy D. Lowell, has been ordered to relieve Major Small. Captain Otto Bartoe, U. S. M. C., will be transferred to St. Thomas.

Captain H. Sitz, U. S. M. C., recently detached from Marine Barracks, St. Thomas, and ordered to Washington, D. C., left for the States last week.

Mrs. Evans, wife of Lieut. Donald R. Evans, U. S. N., and Miss Hilda Keller, sister of Lieut. George Keller, U. S. N., also left St. Thomas last week for the States.

The U. S. S. GULFPORT sailed from St. Thomas Saturday morning.

Frederiksted, St. Croix, V. I. U. S.
August 2nd 1920.

Mail schooner "Virginia" arrived on Saturday afternoon about 3 o'clock with a large American, Porto Rican and St. Thomas mail.

The following passengers arrived by her:

From Porto Rico: Mrs. Ruth O. Stevens.

From S. Thomas:—Masters Ejnar & Knud Dendtler and Octav Jensen. Mrs. Ann Mullicks, Mr. Jacob Francis, Mr. William Jones, Mrs. Ann Harrigan & 2 children.

She also brought a large cargo general merchandise.

The M/S "Jorge Bird Leon" with tug "James B. Coombs" left 31 July 7 p. m. for Fajardo, Porto Rico, the tug freighted with 63 head cattle.

We understand Mr. Edwin Cassimere is now attached to the Sanitary Department of this town. We wish him good luck!

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, July 30th.—Following is the result of the Goodwood Cup Race. 1st Mount Royal. 2nd Kentish Cob. 3rd Saint Eloi.

Copenhagen, July 28th.—M. Litvinoff, the Bolshevik Assistant Foreign Minister, in an interview today insisted that Poland, having in previous negotiations with Russia shown herself crafty and unfaithful, the Soviet Govt. must see to it that any armistice with Poland is not used to strengthen Poland's forces for further aggression against Russia. Moreover, Litvinoff added, in face of the lessons already learned, we cannot rely upon mere assurances, even of the great powers. We are firmly resolved not to impose harsh terms on Poland but do not intend to abandon the cherished principles of the self-determination of peoples, because the fortune of war has favoured us. Litvinoff claims that Russia had given generous and honourable terms to Esthonia, Georgia and Lithuania, when she stood victorious over these States, thereby showing herself the true friend of small nations. Poland, he continued, has nothing to fear from us, as long as she is prepared to live in peaceful and neighbourly relations. Our peace conditions will show an absence of aggressiveness and our essentially peaceful aspirations. There is not a single influential man in Soviet circles, but desires immediate peace with the rest of the world.

Paris, July 29th.—The Franco British Mission to Poland has made a report on the military situation in that country, which it declares, is not desperate and that it can be relieved without great difficulty if the missions that remain recommendations are followed. The mission reports that the Polish man-power is satisfactory both as to quality and quantity. It recommends first the immediate sending of munitions to Poland. Second, the immediate employment of 600 French and 200 British officers. Third, a regrouping of the Polish army, notably,

the moving of troops from the Galician front to the northern front.

New York, July 29th.—Sir Thomas Lipton had difficulty going aboard his own yacht tonight when an enthusiastic crowd of more than three thousand who had gathered at a Hudson Pier, where the craft was moored, barred his way. The crowd cheered the Irish Baronet and blocked the pier until the police reserves cleared a lane to the dock. Shamrock IV and the 23 metre Shamrock were towed up the Hudson today to permit visitors to go aboard the challenger. None had been allowed on board however before Sir Thomas Lipton arrived and he pulled a gang plank from the dock to her deck and invited the crowd to visit the boat. Later he announced the yachts will remain in the Hudson until Saturday.

Warsaw, July 29th.—The Bolsheviks have captured Bialystok, about 40 miles southwest of Grodno. In Galicia Polish cavalry is reported to be 37 miles from Lemberg, where women and children have been turned out to aid in building defences about the city. Every hill to the east and northeast of Lemberg is entrenched with barbed wire entanglements.

Dublin, July 28th.—A permanent peace can be arranged between Ireland and England on the basis of England now explicitly accepting the first condition of peace laid down by President Wilson in a speech in New York in Sept. 1918 on the issues of the great war. Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein, told the Associated Press today in discussing the Freeman's Journal suggestion that Ireland is ready to accept Dominion Home Rule. In that speech President Wilson said, "The military powers of no nation shall be suffered to determine the fortune of peoples whom they have no right to rule except the right of force. Peace on that basis, continued Mr. Griffith, was arranged after a prolonged conflict between Switzerland and France by the treaty of Fribourg in 1516. That peace has since endured.

Nome, Alaska, July 29th.—Three members of Amundsen's Arctic expedition who left the explorer's ship, the Maud, with mail last fall while the vessel was off the northern Siberian coast, are missing and are believed to have lost their lives, according to a Russian Govt. advice received by Amundsen here. The names of the three men have not been learned.

London, July 30th.—A general movement to deport all East Indians residing unlawfully in the United States was launched yesterday by the Immigration authorities with the bringing to Ellis Island of 27 Singalese from the mining districts of Western Pennsylvania.

Tientsin, July 29th.—Reinforcements from the English Wiltshire Regiment passed through here from Peking to do