

CHRISTIANSTED THEATRE

8.15. THURSDAY EVENING 8.15.

Bethlehem Theatre Wednesday 7.30

"MAX LINDER"

IN

"SEVEN YEARS BAD LUCK"

THE FUNNIEST FARCE COMEDY EVER MADE.

Based on one of the weaknesses of human nature, SUPERSTITION, "Seven Years' Bad Luck" is an extraordinary and at the same time uproariously funny comedy. It is absolutely custard pieless and free from the ordinary slapstick and suggestive vulgarity of most so-called comedies. The fun is subtly achieved.

The Story:

Returning from his last bachelor supper, a little worse for the night's potations, Max retires.

In a chase for a kiss, Max's valet and the parlor maid upset and smash a cheval mirror. Before they can replace it, Max decides to dress. To hide their loss gives opportunity for some of the best pantomime seen in many a day. At last a mirror arrives.

Max thought that he had seen things, so to prove if the mirror is real, he hurls his shoe and there is a big smash. The jinx begins to act.

His sweetheart throws him over and in his endeavors to forget his sorrows, Max tries to leave town. All the misfortunes and difficulties that ever befall hapless mortal are visited upon him.

Max's adventures with minions of the law and railroads, burglars, lions and what not are numerous, unique and cleverly developed.

Monday Evening:

"BIG HAPPINESS"

ADMISSION

Reserved Seats.....25c.
Children.....15c.

General Entrance.....15c.
Children.....10c.

proved from an attack of ptomaine poisoning from which he has suffered during the last two days, President Harding arrived in San Francisco today needing, according to his physician, an indefinite rest to restore him to normal health.

St. Johns, N. F. July 28th.—With the formation today of a new ministry under the Premiership of Mr. Warren, the political chaos which resulted from the forced resignation of Sir Richard Squires and his Government, owing to alleged scandals, ended. Mr. Warren pledged a thorough investigation of the scandal. The new ministry, sworn in today, comprises Mr. Warren, Premier and Minister of Justice, Dr. A. Barnes, Minister of Education, Joseph Fowney, Minister of Agriculture and Mines, Matthew Harco, Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, W. Halfyard Colonial Secretary, W. H. Cave, Minister of Finance, Sir W. F. Coaker, Sir M. Winter and Mr. George Shea, are Ministers without portfolio.

Boston, July 29th.—Two stablemen, and 82 horses were killed in a fire which swept through the Landays Broadway

stables in the south end of Boston late yesterday. The damage was placed at \$70,000.

St. Paul, Minn., July 28th.—Magnus Johnson, recently elected United States Senator from Minnesota on the farmer-Labour ticket, yesterday reiterated his statement to the Associated Press that "Even an armed revolution is among the possibilities the United States faces unless present conditions are changed. I intended to emphasize" Mr. Johnson said, "that this country should not consider itself immune from armed revolution, although naturally all other means would be exhausted before the people of the United States, would resort to arms. I am not a red, nor an I. W. W., but there is no use disregarding the fact that serious unrest is manifest throughout the country. I did not intend to suggest revolution as a means to accomplish a change, I simply wanted to point out that we must not bring ourselves to the belief that it is an impossibility."

Paris, July 29th.—The text of the Belgian reply to the British communication dealing with reparations was received at

the Quay D'Orsay this morning and the French and Belgian replies will be delivered to the British Foreign Office tomorrow. Baron De Gaiffiere Dehestroy, the Belgian Ambassador, presented the text of the Belgian note this morning to Count Peretti De La Rocca, director of political affairs, in the absence of M. Poincare. A convention lasting two hours ensued, in which Jacques Seydoux, Economic Adviser and Director of Commercial relations to the Foreign Office, took part. While the strictest secrecy still prevails with regard to the contents of the replies of France and Belgium, it can be said that the Belgian Government has given effect to certain observations made by the French Government this morning with regard to certain phrases in its draft reply, as M. Poincare did to the observations of the Belgian Government in the draft to his reply submitted to it on Friday. The secrecy on which so much was insisted had not prevented the Brussels and Paris newspapers of serious thought from assuring their readers that the replies will be found to be an agreement, in principle, on leading points, that there will be no negotiations with Germany before the abandonment of German passive resistance, that the evacuation of the Ruhr will be subordinate to sufficient payment by Germany and a settlement of the differences regarding the method of payment of reparations which already has been proposed by Belgium to the Allies.

FIND PLOT TO KILL JEWS.

The police of Vienna arrested 27 young men, members of a terrorist band, who had planned the murder of a number of prominent Jews. A list of those marked for death, headed with the name of the premier, Ignaz Seipel, was found in the terrorists' headquarters together with guns and munitions. A few non-Jewish leaders of the Liberal party were also listed.—*The Pathfinder*.

SHIPWRECKED CREW DRIFT 23 DAYS.

After having been given up as lost for a month Capt. Foster of the British ship Trevesa and 16 men reached the island of Mauritius, east of Madagascar, after rowing and sailing for 23 days in an open boat. The men covered 1750 miles in their little boat in the Indian Ocean, guided by the Sun and stars. Each man had one biscuit and two spoonfuls of condensed milk a day, with only the water they could catch when it rained. Two died from exposure. A second life boat soon after arrived with sixteen men, eight having expired when they began drinking sea water to relieve their thirst. The last of them died in sight of land.

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