

ness if they are in need of work we should be glad to furnish them. Now Mr. Editor I venture to advise you in the future when these suggestions or ideas are brought to you to consult and hear something from parties directly concerned before expressing your opinion in public print and it would seem fair to all fair-minded.

Thanking you for space

PHILIP K. G. TUTEIN.
Fisherman.

TELEGRAMS

ST. CROIX STATION.

Berlin, Sept. 15th. The seismic observer at Jena University has discovered the origin of the earthquake in Italy. It was due to sliding strata forming the bed of the Gulf of Genoa, the displacement causing a violent rupture of the earth's surface.

London, Sept. 15th.—Australia's federal peace loan of 25,000,000 pounds sterling has been substantially over subscribed.

Berlin, Sept. 15th.—Gottfried von Bernstorff is assuming a new role and has turned lecturer. He plans to make a tour of the chief German cities and will start for Frankfurt in November to explain relations between the United States and Germany while he was in Washington. He is expected to reveal many piquant war time intrigues.

Tokio, Sept. 15th.—According to semi-official despatches reaching Tokio concrete plans for Bolsheviking the world have been perfected in Moscow and agents will shortly be detailed to the United States, Japan, and Asia generally for the campaign. The plan includes a propaganda offensive against Germany, according to these advices, where it was declared Bolshevik agents were already active, also in England and in France.

Chicago, Sept. 14th.—Big breaks in the price of wheat, corn and oats took place today started by an acute depression of sterling exchange. Wheat dropped as much as 9½ cents per bushel and closed semi-demoralized at the bottom figures of the day \$2.39½ for the December delivery and \$2.36½ for March. The break in prices carried down wheat 5½ cents and oats 5 5/8.

Paris, Sept. 14th.—Before leaving London M. Kameneff is said to have written several members of the Parliament declaring that statements made by Mr. Lloyd George on the occasion of his departure had brought about a break in Russo British negotiations. A despatch from London says M. Kameneff protested against the declarations accusing Mr. Lloyd George of having "constantly worked to bring about the failure of the Anglo-Russian negotiations".

Rambouillet, France, Sept. 16th.—M. Paul Deschanel, President of France, presented his resignation from that office today. The President at his residence

here gave his letter of resignation and a presidential message to accompany it to Premier Millerand who will read the documents to the Senate and Chamber of Deputies on Tuesday. President Deschanel's resolve to resign from office was reached upon the advice of his physicians, according to the "Echo de Paris". The President reached a decision in the matter several days ago and since that time seemed to be much relieved over the prospect of a release from the burdens of public life.

Paris, Sept. 16th.—The National Assembly will convene at Versailles on Saturday Sept. 25th. To consider the election of a successor to President Deschanel, according to an official announcement today. Premier Millerand will receive the President's of the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies tomorrow afternoon to discuss the convocation of Parliament.

London, Sept. 16th.—Prospects for a settlement of the miners dispute with the Government without a strike in the coal industry appeared brighter today. The miners executive resumed its conferences this afternoon with Sir Robert Horne for the purpose of making new proposals and according to newspaper reports the miners definitely dropped their demand for a reduction in the price of coal. The miners are now said to be seeking assurances from the Government that the price of coal shall not be increased to the consumer to make up for any increase in wages which the men may obtain.

London, Sept. 16th.—Prospects look better today for peace. An industrial dispute which threatened stoppage of all electric power until a question whether a foreman must be a member of a trades union had been disposed of is settled. There are expectations of an early termination of a strike which has held up Manchester and Liverpool newspapers.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 16th.—The thousand union machinists in Cincinnati district who have been on strike for twenty weeks past have voted to end the walk and return to work it was announced at Union headquarters here late last night. The strike was called last April to enforce demands for a minimum wage of 75 cents an hour for machinist.

London, Sept. 16th.—The firm attitude of the Australian Federal Govt. has broken the Sydney Iron Workers "no Saturday work" strike. The "Times correspondent says that the result is another defeat for Trade Union extremists whose manifestos had suggested the capture of Italian factories as an example for Australia.

Rome, Sept. 16th.—It is officially announced that the total number of persons killed in the recent earthquake was 174.

Ottawa, Sept. 16th.—Cabled advices were received today that he King has been

graciously pleased to appoint the Prime Minister of Canada a member of his Privy Council. The appointment will confer on Mr. Meighen the title of Right Honourable.

Wilkesbarre, Pa. Sept. 16th.—According to information from coal companies conditions were improved in district number one of the United Mine Workers. It is said that about 100 of the 125 collieries in the district have resumed operations.

Trinidad, Sept. 17th.—H.R.H. the Prince of Wales arrived here at 6 a. m. on H. M. S. "Renown". After an official visit to the Battle cruiser by His Excellency the Governor, His Royal Highness will land at 10.30. a. m. and proceed to Government buildings where he will be formally welcomed to the colony by His Excellency the Governor. The streets are beautifully decorated and enormous crowds are arriving from the country by train, steamers, and motor cars. Today is a public holiday.

Philadelphia, Sept. 14th. Brilliant bowling by Wm. Clothiere, chance Bowler of the German town Cricket Club, enabled the local eleven to retire the "Incognito Team of British Cricketers in their first innings for a total of 245 runs. Clothiere, the youngest player on the Team, was called upon when Mann, the Star Fowler for Germantown, pulled a tendon early in the match. He took seven wickets for 65 runs. Germantown had scored 92 runs for four wickets when stumps were drawn for the day. They will continue their first innings tomorrow.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18th 1920.
Flour, Blended Clears St. Lawrence Brand
pr. brl. \$11.50

Meal, Kilndried per 100 lbs \$3.85
New Season's Pork per brl. \$27.00
Heavy Mess Pork per bbl. \$31.00
Sugar---Crystals maximum per 100 lbs
\$10.38.

Molasses Sugar 89° test, no quotation.
Cotton, Middling Upland, at Liverpool
per lb. 21 68-100d.

Exchange, New York and London, 60
days' sight \$3.50
Exchange New York and London, sight
\$3.52½

LONDON, Sept. 18th 1920.
Sugar, Demerara Crystals, Govt. controlled and free of control 129s. 9d.
Sugar-Moscovado Govt. controlled price, duty paid 95s. 103s.
Moscovado free of Govt. control duty paid nominal.

German Beet 88°/c f.o.b. no sales.
White Java sugar cif United Kingdom nominal 89s. 0d.

Demerara Rum, per gal. nominal.
Trinidad Cocoa, Good Middling Red nominal per cwt 90s. 0d.
Cotton Medium Fine Sea Island, at Liverpool per lb. nominal

Bank of England rate of Discount per cent. 7.

Consols 45½.
Three per cent rentes in Paris Fcs. 52.90
All prices subject to correction.