

vote taken on the motion made by the Honorable 2nd Member for Christiansted Town (Canegata), some emergency may exist before the Council reconvenes, I move that the Budget Committee be re-elected today; I further propose that the same Committee be confirmed,

1st Member for Frederiksted Country District (Andersen) seconded the Member's proposals.

(To be concluded)

LOCAL.

There is no news of the mail-boat Mystery, nor the steamers Korona and Tupper, all of which are looked for about today. It is requested advised that as soon as information is received concerning the Mystery notice will be published at the post office.

Correspondence

To the Editor of the St. Croix Avis.
Christiansted.

Dear Sir:

Perhaps I could assist in settling the present controversy over the words Pontiff and Pontifical by giving the meaning of these words as defined in Nuttall's Standard English Dictionary.

Pontiff:—A high priest; the pope.

Pontifical:—Belonging to a pontiff, priest or pope.

There is also the word Pontifical the meaning of which is stated in this Dictionary to be "pertaining to the Pope". Apparently the introduction of an i into the word pontifical changes the meaning somewhat, cutting out the priest and leaving the pope only

I am,

Yours very truly

LONGFIELD SMITH.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Washington, May 31st.—Informal feelers regarding an international agreement for the reduction of armaments have been put out by the United States for the purpose of developing the attitude of foreign powers before formal negotiations are undertaken.

Cork, Ireland, May 31st.—Three soldiers were killed and many injured by the explosion of mines in Youghal Barracks. The perpetrators escaped.

New York, May 31st.—There was no change in the price of sugar today. The increased duty in the new tariff is causing holders of dutiable sugar to await the attitude of refiners toward purchases including readjustment on the basis of the new tariff.

Riga, May 30th.—A Moscow dispatch says that Lenine has declared that Communism is in complete bankruptcy. He

asks approval of unlimited return to capitalism.

Tokio, Japan, May 30th.—Anti Bolshevik forces control Vladivostock. Quiet prevails.

Paris, June 1st.—The Crown Prince of Japan visited M. Millerand this morning at the Elysee and handed him the insignia of the order of the Chrysanthemum. The President later entertained the Prince at breakfast. M. Briand, the Ministers and Marshalls Joffre, Foch, Petain and Fayolle being also present. M. Millerand, in welcoming the Prince, expressed his wishes for the prosperity of Japan, to which the Prince replied thanking him for his warm reception in which he saw a fresh proof of the friendly sentiments uniting Japan and France, who are striving for the same ideal of justice and liberty. Referring to his forthcoming visit to the devastated regions, he added that he would see how an energetic and laborious people repair their ruins and rest in peace and order the foundations of a new prosperity.

Berlin, June 1st.—In the Reichstag today Herr Wirth, the Chancellor, declared that the govt. would loyally fulfil its engagements. He enumerated the measures taken for disarmament and gave assurances that the delivery of arms would be carried out within the periods fixed, but he contended that the dissolving of the civic guards did not fall under the terms of the treaty regarding disarmament. The Chancellor also announced the programme resulting from the economic clauses of the ultimatum, including the Govt. financial plans and he stated that new taxes would shortly be imposed. Referring to Upper Silesia, he spoke strongly against the Polish insurrection and proclaimed the necessity for German protection, declaring that the region should remain in the hands of Germany. He concluded by making an appeal to all parties for a loyal execution of the obligations assumed by Germany.

Paris, June 1st. A communique issued by the Committee on Reparations announces that the Commission have taken note of the accomplishment by Germany of the payments she was required to make and have conveyed to the Imperial Govt. their satisfaction upon seeing it taking steps for the carrying out of the treaty.

Paris, June 1st.—The "Temps" publishes a despatch from Oppeln announcing that General Hoefler, leader of the German insurgents, upon being invited by the inter Allied Commission to retire his forces, replied that his honour as a soldier was opposed to such a retirement and that besides if he gave the order his men would refuse to carry it out but he promised not to go beyond the line his troops have reached. Another despatch from Oppeln announces that the Polish insurgent's leaders have

renewed their assurance to the inter-Allied Commission that they are ready to withdraw their troops on conditions imposed.

Paris, June 1st.—The United States may be asked to pay the reparations Commission for German ships seized during the war.

Riga, June 1st.—The Communist Congress has approved the new programme of Lenine for the restoration of capitalists, small industries and agriculture, as being necessary for an increase in production.

Santiago, Chile, June 1st.—The President has suggested a plebiscite to determine whether Tacna and Arica are Chilean or Peruvian.

Mexico, June 1st.—President Obregon has requested the Governors of all states to adopt the sternest measures to prevent Bolshevik demonstrations.

Helsingfors, June 1st.—Now that the markets are again opened in Moscow, the populace is living by speculation in food, according to an official who has just arrived from the Russian Capital. Trade however, is permitted only in provisions. The markets are crowded, nevertheless, with people, formerly wealthy, selling clothing of all sorts and other belongings for food. In consequence of free trade, food prices are falling, but the food shortage is serious and the July supply of flour is now being used.

Washington, June 1st.—The Senate has passed the naval bill and one hundred million dollars added to the appropriation. It also included Senator Borah's amendment for a disarmament conference.

New York, June 1st.—The six months strike of operatives in clothing manufacturers plants, involving 65,000 workers, has terminated by an agreement of a 15 percent wage cut recognition by the Unions.

New York June 1st.—Sugar prices are unsettled. Seventy five thousand bags of Porto Rico's were sold at \$4.95.

Oppeln, Upper Silesia, June 1st.—A grave situation has resulted from the German attack on French barracks at Buethen. The Germans were repulsed, a number being killed.

NEW YORK, May 31st

Flour, Blended Clears St. Lawrence Brand
pr. brl. \$8.60.

Meal, Kilndried per 100 lbs \$1.95

New Season's Pork per brl. \$37.00

Heavy Mess Pork per bbl. \$25.00

Sugar---Crystals maximum per 100 lbs.
\$5.06

Molasses Sugar 89° test, no quotation.

Cotton, Middling Upland, at Liverpool
per lb. 7 54-100d.

Exchange, New York and London, 60
days' sight \$3.86

Exchange New York and London, sight
\$3.89

LONDON, May 31st 1921.

Sugar, Demerara Crystals, per cwt. 50s.
—56s.