

less than that of Ulster. The Sinn Fein publicity department however declares that the Dail Eireann can consent to none of these plans. The all Ireland department, it declares, must be established at the outset and not postponed for any term of years. It likewise insists that the parliament must be so constituted that Ulster shall not have more than her proportional representation in that body.

Vancouver, B. C. Nov. 23rd.—A special cable to the Vancouver World last night that while the Prince of Wales was entering a building in Bombay on Monday night a club was thrown at his head by some one in the crowd of spectators. The club missed its mark, and the Prince passed into the building unharmed. A great crowd had assembled to witness the arrivals for the ball which was being given in connection with the Prince's visit to Bombay. The assailant escaped in the confusion which followed the attack.

London, Nov. 22nd.—In commenting on Premier Briand's speech before the Washington Conference, the morning newspapers follow the respective attitudes which they maintained toward France's policy in keeping a big army. There is one section of opinion which sees in France a militaristic revengeful spirit and another which is constantly distrustful of Germany and consequently regards France as justified in keeping prepared for a possible attack.

Paris, Nov. 22nd.—France speaks through the mouth of Briand, "the almost universal caption in the morning papers over the account of the French premiers address at the Washington Conference.

London, Nov. 22nd.—The Northcliffe newspapers today strongly demand that the Anglo-Japanese treaty be scrapped forthwith. The Times argues that the existence of the treaty is contrary to British interests, impedes cordial understanding between the United States and Great Britain and generally hinders peace.

Melbourne, Nov. 23rd.—Opposing a labour motion introduced in parliament for the reduction of the air force appropriation Mr. Hughes declared today that Australia "cannot yet rely over much on the Washington Conference". The United States and Japan have launched new warships, he declared while Great Britain to show good faith stopped building, throwing thousands out of work, therefore, "it would be unwise to scrap our air force". The motion was rejected.

Berlin, Nov. 23rd.—In a statement issued to the associated press, the German Govt. officially takes issue with the words of M. Briand in his address before the Washington Conference yesterday, that the German police forces and the Reichswehr are constituted a Nucleus for a future army. It declares M. Briand's assertion that the German police

forces and the Reichswehr are composed exclusively of officers, non-commissioned officers of the old army, is incorrect, and that on the contrary the bulk of the Reichswehr is made up of youths between the ages of 19 and 21 recruited since the war. The statement then says that the "protection police" were created at the bidding of the Entente.

Washington, Nov. 23rd.—The anti-medical beer bill was signed by President Harding.

London, Nov. 23rd.—The touring Australian cricket team defeated the Western Provinces eleven yesterday. According to a cable from Reuters correspondent in Capetown South Africa, by 8 wickets. The scores were Western Provinces 153 and 192 Australia 231 and 114 for two wickets.

London, Nov. 23rd.—The Morning newspapers editorially express the utmost satisfaction at the betrothal of Princess Mary to an Englishman and equally approve her choice of a husband in Viscount Lascelles. It is emphasized that there would have been a general disappointment if she had married a member of foreign Royalty and thus have left England, where she is universally popular. Her choice, says one newspaper, "will suit the democratic and romantic instincts of the British people and the modern views of monarchy in an age when the dynastic principle is under 'reconstruction'". "The betrothal of Princess Mary makes it easier to believe that the Prince of Wales in his tour will make a marriage which will appeal to the same romantic democratic sentiments of the nation", is typical of the comments. Meanwhile, expressions of gratification over the betrothal are coming from people in all parts of the Empire. Congratulatory messages were pouring into Buckingham Palace today from every direction, bearing affectionate expressions of Loyalty and Good Wishes from all parts of the British country. A large crowd assembled outside the Palace this morning in the hope of greeting the Princess when she drove out. Meantime the Irish guards band played bright tuneful selections in the forecourt of the Palace during the customary changing of the guard.

London, Nov. 23rd.—The entire visit of the Prince of Wales to the Bombay Presidency has been a great personal triumph, says a message received at the India office from the Governor of Bombay. The departure of the Prince for Baroda was made the occasion of another great demonstration, masses of people thronging the platform in an effort to get near the Prince's car, which made it difficult to get the train moving. The populace, the Governor reports, appears to be stimulated by the unfortunate riots of last week to prove their loyalty.

London, Nov. 23rd.—After today's meeting between Sinn Fein representatives and the Cabinet committee, the Irish situation was described in Govt. circles as critical, but not hopeless. Mr. Lloyd George explained to the Sinn Feiners that the Govt was willing to apply strong moral pressure to Ulster and to offer Sir James Craig attractive financial inducements to persuade him to agree to the only possible settlement of an All-Ireland parliament, but if these proposals were rejected, either by the Sinn Fein or Ulster the Govt. would not introduce any act in parliament which would include Ulster, against her will. The Govt. explained that to force Ulster to accept, would require the sending of troops in defiance of the pledges of all parties against physical coercion. Mr. Lloyd George will discuss the question further with the Ulster Premier on Friday after which Sir James Craig will return to Belfast for the formal reopening of the Northern Parliament.

Washington, Nov. 23rd.—The Irish question was brought before the United States Senate for a moment yesterday, with the introduction of a resolution by Senator La Follette (Republican Wisconsin) to express the hope that the Senate for the success of the present negotiations in London. The preamble says that conditions resulting from the Irish controversy are "a constant menace" to the amicable relations between Great Britain and the United States and the hope is expressed that a treaty of peace will issue which will guarantee Great Britain against hostile aggression and secure the recognition of the existing Govt. in Ireland. Resolution was ordered to lie on the table. Senator La Follette announced however that he expected to call it up at the earliest opportunity after the regular session has convened.

British West India, Nov. 23rd.—The Govt. gave a state banquet in honour of the Prince of Wales today.

London, November 23rd.—The "Times" today publishes a statement by the Hon. Edward Wood, Parliamentary Under Secretary of State for the Colonies, regarding West Indian problems and his forthcoming tour, in which he referred to health and education questions and also the foundation of an agricultural college. After alluding to constitutional problems, he discussed the complications of the present currency system and the need of seigniorage being applied for the benefit of the West Indies.

Paris, November 23rd.—Mr. Rudyard Kipling when asked by the "Eclair" for his opinion on the Washington Conference, replied that speeches were of no avail. There must be acts guaranteeing security against the German danger. He declared it was to the interest of Great Britain and France to remain closely united, to face Germany, their common enemy.