

stricted, should secure, and we hope it will secure, for its author the patronage it so amply deserves and warrants.

Football.

A Grand Juvenile Football match will be played at Parade Ground on Sunday Jan. 8th., between the Red Sox and Merry Juvenile Clubs of this town. Kick off at 4.15 p. m. sharp.

Names of players.

Red Sox:	Merry Juvenile:
E. James <i>Capt.</i>	J. Bough <i>Capt.</i>
E. Harrigan,	O. Larsen,
C. Edwards,	H. Olsen.
R. Quinn,	K. Petersen,
A. Danielsen,	E. Whitehead.
G. Benmers,	K. Heyn,
R. Paulus,	A. Schmiegelow,
J. Moore,	O. Hall,
H. Jackson,	C. Phaire,
C. Petersen,	E. Nelthropp,
D. Brunn,	L. Jensen.

—Com.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Washington, Jan. 2nd.—Despite the New Years holiday, naval experts of the Arms Conference delegation kept at work, today on their task of ironing out details of the naval limitation plan which they hoped to put into final treaty form by the end of the week. With no serious difficulty expected in formulating the necessary technical adjustments to cover such questions as replacement and scrapping of ships there was a general feeling today that the end of the week may see another plenary session of the conference, for announcement of a formal five power treaty covering the naval limitation scheme. With this prospect for final disposition of the naval programme there was a general expectation among the delegation that in the following week a settlement covering the Far Eastern field would be effected, permitting the conference to adjourn about the middle of the month, despite the several troublesome issues which apparently have yet to be cleared in that branch of the negotiations, including the Shangtung question upon which the Japanese and Chinese are not deadlocked. It was believed that a settlement would not be delayed beyond two weeks and most of the foreign delegates have definite arrangements for their departure at the end of that time. In connection with the Far Eastern questions, the Siberian situation has been brought suddenly into prominence today through publication, by the special delegation here from the Far Eastern republic, of copies of alleged communications between the Japanese and French Govt's. covering proposals that the two Govt's. act in concert at the Washington Conference with respect to

the establishment of a Japanese protectorate over Siberia. Although the documents were promptly declared by a member of the Japanese delegation to be a malicious fabrication and characterized by the French delegation as forgeries stupidly contrived there was considerable speculation today whether the accusation would be brought formally before the conference by the Chinese or some other delegation, when the Siberian situation is taken upon the agenda. The Far Eastern representatives themselves not only are members of the conference, but are speaking for an unrecognized Govt. which left it entirely uncertain as to what cognizance may be taken of the changes. An alleged cable from the Foreign Office in Paris was among the documents made public by the Far Eastern representatives. It said in part: Our agreement with Japan on the Siberian question forces us to be very careful, for our decisions are in conflict with the policy of America, which is not playing an important part in the East. America's intention to secure for herself a place in Soviet Russia has been frustrated by our policy. The Americans are therefore pushing the Eastern questions, so as to gain supremacy in the East. We must resist such efforts by all means, and the French Govt. hopes to have the help of the Japanese Govt. in that the Japanese plan to create a free republic in the East under the protectorate of Japan is comprehensible to us, and the French Government will give its support to that plan by all means, especially as we believe that the Japanese Govt. will take into consideration our interests in the Chinese eastern railway, Manchuria and our interests in concessions. Japan's plan to evacuate Siberia our Government regards as premature and dangerous, if we take into consideration that the communistic regime in Russia is reaching its end and collapse can be expected at any time. There is no need for sending out troops against the Bolsheviks, or of taking any other step. The French Govt. hopes that at this time, when the fate of new Russia is being decided, Japan will not put any obstacles in the way and the French Govt. will readily defend the interests of Japan in every respect.

Annedabad, British India, Dec. 31st.—A plea for an Indian Republic, to be called the United States of India is to be declared on January 1st. and to be attained by Guerrilla warfare if necessary, was the principal feature of President Hazrat Mohadi of the All India Moslem League, in opening the annual session of the League today.

London, Dec. 31st.—No explanation was at hand from British India today as to what was meant by an invitation extended by Mohani to Mahatma Gandhi for the formation of a parallel government. It is considered probable here, however, that Mohani proposes one re-

public for Mohammedans and another for Hindus, the latter to be headed by Gandhi.

Paris, Dec. 31st.—The economic conference of Allied bankers and manufacturing interests, which has been considering measures for re-establishing the international credit of Europe, agreed today upon the draft of a project for an international consortium which will be submitted to the Allied Supreme Council at Cannes, as a representative of Japan today joined the British, French, Italian and Belgian delegations in the conference. The project, as it has previously been drawn up in London, was somewhat modified in the talks that have occurred between the British and French interest here, it is based particularly upon the international credit scheme of Dr. Teroulen the Dutch economist, which was approved by the Finland conference at Brussels last year. The idea is first to upbuild the public utilities, railways and agencies in countries where economic stagnation is due to lack of transportation. The assets of the countries thus aided will, as provided for in the Teroulen scheme, be pledged as security for the loans involved in cash where the consortium has not given a concession for operations. Austria, which is regarded by the conference as in the direct need, is expected to be the first beneficiary in the working out of the scheme, with the hope that her recovery will contribute to the improvement of the situation generally and particularly to the smaller states of central Europe.

Shanghai, Jan. 2nd.—Serious trouble between sailors from Italian and United States warships developed today when a band of some two score Italian sailors surprised and attacked about a dozen U. S. jackies in a cafe and then went from one cafe to another seeking out and attacking isolated groups of the men from the U. S. ships. Five of the latter sustained wounds two of them being seriously stabbed. The attacks were the outgrowth of a trifling brawl in a cafe, following which the Italian's gathered the raiding party, which was armed with knives and several revolvers. The Americans are declared to have been unarmed. All shore liberty from the war craft has been suspended in consequence of the trouble, an investigation into which is being made by the authorities.

Cherbourg, Jan. 1st. The battleship "Vengeance" which has been adrift in the storm in the English Channel, was safely towed into this port today.

Paris, Dec. 31st.—The French delegation at Washington, it was understood in official quarters here today, already have given hearty assent to the application of international law to the operation of submarine, which in the French interpretation, satisfies the demand of Great Britain that submarines in time of war be prohibited from torpedoing merchant ships.