

letter to his archdiocese, which was read in the churches today, refers to the "horror and outrage" in Ireland. The letter continues. "In the midst of this welter of confusion I have grave reason to fear that some of my own flock, impelled by legitimate love of my country and urgent longing for realization of the lawful aspirations, are unwarily allowing themselves to become implicate by active sympathy or even actual cooperation in societies and organizations, which are in opposition to the laws of God and the Catholic Church". Cardinal Bourne referred to the warning of Cardinal Manning in 1867, in which Catholics are reminded that the Church had declared all conspiracy whether against the Church or State, was as against the former, because it could not be without heresy and apostasy, and against the latter, because it was rebellion. Cardinal Bourne adds, "And I take that warning heard 54 years ago and make it my own today. The name Fenianism is no longer in use, but its activity is still alive, and the denunciation of the second Archbishop of Westminster applies in unchanging measure to the activity today, by whatever name it is called". The cardinal concludes by declaring that parliament should deal "justly and promptly with this tragedy of Ireland".

Ottawa, Feb. 13th.—Parliament opens tomorrow with the Cabinet reorganization and tariff revision dominating the political field. Cabinet shuffle is well in progress and will be the most thorough since 1911, the tariff revision, which will come in April, the most complete since 1897. The possibility of an immediate general election has dwindled.

London, Feb. 13th.—The King has approved the appointment of Mr. Winston Churchill as Secretary of State for the colonies. Sir Laming Worthington Evans as Secretary of State for war, Lord Lee of Fareham, first Lord of the Admiralty and Sir Arthur Griffith-Boscawen as President of the Board of Agriculture.

Melbourne, Feb. 14th.—The Australian completed their first innings in the fourth cricket match with England today, and scored 389. Armstrong, the Australian Captain, scored 123. England had scored 123 for one wicket in her second innings, when stumps were drawn. Twenty thousand people attended the play.

Rome, Feb. 14th.—The Vatican announced that Archbishop Dougherty of Philadelphia, will be created a Cardinal.

London, Feb. 14th.—The Prince of Wales has promised to attend the farewell banquet, which the pilgrims will give to the retiring United States Ambassador, Mr. Davis.

New York, Feb. 14th.—M. Paderewski, ex-Premier of Poland, and his wife arrived today, on the S. S. France. The professional career of Paderewski is at an end. The distinguished Polish musician, who artiste at the piano has de-

lighted the music lovers of two continents for more than a generation, announced his retirement from the concert stage upon his arrival.

New York, Feb. 14th.—The Standard Oil Company of New York, today reduced the price of petrol two cents a gallon, making the wholesale price twenty-eight cents. This is a drop of three cents from the high mark of thirty-one cents reached in 1920. Kerosene was also reduce one cent a gallon, making the wholesale price seventeen cents.

London, Feb. 13th.—The West India Committee announces that Messrs. T. & E. J. Harrison have consented to book passengers by their steamers for the West Indies, early in May.

Ottawa, Feb. 14th.—The fifth session of the thirteenth Parliament of Canada opens this afternoon at three o'clock, when His Excellency the Governor-General will attend in the new Senate Chamber for the purpose of formally opening the session and delivering the speech from the throne. The session which opens today is expected to be full of light. Members to force an early election, and some of the Govt. supporters are said to be strongly in favour of an early dissolution, and an appeal to the country. The first move to this end is expected to come when Mr. MacKenzie King, the Liberal leader, gets the floor tomorrow. Mr. King is expected to move an amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne, in which he will call for dissolution and a speedy election on the ground that the Govt. is without a mandate to carry on further, and that the people of Canada be given the opportunity of saying who shall govern them.

Stockholm, Feb. 13th.—The Swedish Cabinet has resigned, its action being an outgrowth of the resignation last week of the Finance Minister, whose resignation was due to the rejection by Parliament of the Bill providing for an increase in the import duty on coffee.

New York, Feb. 14th.—No sales were reported in the market for raw sugar early today. Holders were asking five cents for Cuban C. and F., equal to 6.02 for centrifugal. The firmness of holders was due to reports from Cuba that the Commission to handle the market of the present crop had been appointed and it was rumoured that a minimum price of five cents was to be fixed. Refined was firmer, with several more refiners advancing their list prices to the basis of seven cents for fine granulated. There was a good inquiry. The rumours of a minimum price for Cuban sugar led to active buying in figures by both trade and outside interests, and prices at midday were 50 to 65 cents net higher.

London, Feb. 14th.—Sir Auckland Geddes, Ambassador to the United States, will leave here for Southampton early tomorrow, on his way to Washing-

ton, after three weeks on this side of the Atlantic. In that time he had numerous conferences with Mr. Lloyd George and Lord Curzon, both in Paris and London, and other members of the Cabinet there, and was received in audience by the King. These conferences, it is declared, have equipped the Ambassador with all information available in advance, for the handling of various questions which have accumulated, and which have been held in abeyance, mainly for the advent of the new Washington administration. When the Domestic political trend of the United States became apparent, matters between the nations, of an essentially controversial character, but it is pointed out that both Govts. are desirous of facilitating the clearance of these questions as quickly as possible. Sir Auckland will not be accompanied by Lord Chalmers, who is stated the treasury still intends sending to the United States at a later date.

Melbourne, Feb. 15th.—The English team scored 315 in its second innings of the fourth match against Australia. This leaves Australia with only 211 runs to make to win. The Australians made 91 of them today for the loss of 2 wickets. The English batsman collapsed today before the bowling of Mailey who took 9 wickets for 119 runs, 3 wickets falling to him for only 1 run.

Ottawa, Feb. 14th.—Parliament met today, in the first session, with Mr. Meighen as Premier. The Government's legislative programme for the session as indicated in the speech from the throne, is not a heavy one. Revision of the tariff, repeal of another station act, an amendment to the election act, are the main provisions.

It is understood that within a few days the S. S. "Brazos" of the New York and Porto Rico S. S. Company will come off dry dock, taking the name of "San Lorenzo", and again running between New York, San Juan and other ports of Porto Rico.

The vessel has been equipped to burn oil as fuel and many other improvements have been made. Her first class passenger capacity has been increased to accommodate 220, by doing away with open hatches and substituting side staterooms, also ten luxurious suites with private baths. Other attractive additions are the enlarged saloons and lounges, with sun-parlor and awning deck in connection with a new smoking room on the hurricane deck.—*Sparks, Feb. 12th*

Captain O. W. Koester, Vice-president of the United States Mail S. S. Company has announced that plans have been completed for the conversion of the S. S. "Martha Washington", into an oil burner, and the award of the contract will be made shortly.—*Ibid.*