

the date of his coming visit to Chequers Court for a discussion of the reparation question from May 20th to June 19th. This will allow a more ample time for the conversations between the two Premiers.

London, May 11th.—The Sunday Times which is by no means enamoured of the present government's remarks on the spontaneity wherewith M. Poincare accepted Mr. MacDonald's invitation to visit him as a striking testimony to the genius for inspiring confidence "which is the British Premier's outstanding characteristic."

London, May 11th.—Mr. Frank Hodges, the Civil Lord of the Admiralty, speaking yesterday concerning Viscount Curzon's occupancy of the Foreign Office in the two former ministries, described him as a typical example of the aristocracy, a real blue blood, proud, arrogant, aloof and distant, who was regarded by Conservative institutions as the backbone of all that was orderly and progressive for three years, said Mr. Hodges. Lord Curzon outlawed the great progressive in the great nation of Russia and kept her from the family of nations, but Mr. MacDonald recognized Russia at once. "It is a wonderful game we are playing," exclaimed Mr. Hodges "we number only 192 out of 600, yet we are the greatest government in the world, made up of men from the railways the mines and the desks. The country is no longer run by the sons of those god-given persons who claimed to alone possess the capacity to govern."

Berlin, May 11th.—The police report that 11 Communists were killed and a number of others wounded today at Bollberg near Halle.

Halle Germany, May 11th.—"Red Halle" nominally the citadel of German Communism and the incubator of communistic insurrections, was today invaded by a German Fascist army led by General Ludendorff and a score of ex-army and navy leaders, behind whom trailed 25,000 Swastika Knights and troopers of whom the heaviest contingent hail from Bavaria. While today's gathering of Nationalistic clans was ostensibly devoted to unveiling of the restored monument of Von Moltke, which was overthrown during Communistic riots, the master of German Chauvinists was primarily intended to remind political opponents throughout Germany, of the Nationalistic renaissance, the fruits of which were reflected in last Sunday's Reichstag elections. Not since the late war has Germany witnessed an equally resplendent gathering of Generals, Admirals, and Military Nationalists under the old monarchical colours. The House of Hohenzollern was represented by Prince Oscar, who was the centrepiece of a bevy of generals and admirals. The Nationalists were given an eleventh hour tip by Dr. Herz, Chairman of the German Nationalist Par-

ty, in the nature of a suggestion that "all needless provocation be avoided" and as the Socialist Party leaders had also instructed their following to keep out of sight, the unveiling ceremonies which occupied about an hour passed off without interruption, barring local clash between Communists and the younger Fascisti. The only disturbance reported up to three o'clock occurred in the outskirts of the city where police patrols engaged in dispersing Communistic units were forced to use their firearms. One policeman was killed and five wounded. Most of the out of town delegates arrived on Saturday night when the Fascisti conclave was opened with divine service in seven of the city churches and a score of mass meetings. The newly erected monument is the gift of the Nationalistic Secretaries to "all citizens who place the glory and honor of Germany, the fatherland and its proud past, above all other things." Lt-Col. Von Deutenberg, who made the presentation speech, said, "Neither the conscience of the World, the League of Nations, nor the second or third Internationale, saw fit to prevent the enslavement and disfranchisement of Germany, despite the solemn promises made to us. We need no revanche. We Germans have victoriously stood off world foes on all battlefields." The churchbells were tolled and fifty bands played as the monument was unveiled, afterwards the Fascist guards and other marching organizations filed past. Prince Oscar, General Ludendorff and a galaxy of generals and admirals marched to the race track, on the outskirts of the city, where a formal review took place.

Columbus, Olympic Stadium France, May 11th.—The United States rugby football team today defeated Romania in the second match of Olympic rugby competition, thereby winning the right to meet France in the finals next Sunday. The score was thirtyseven to nothing.

New York, May 10th.—Vincent Richards, young tennis star, will play in the Olympic tennis matches with the American team, it was reported here yesterday. Richards has decided to get leave of absence from his work, so that he may play without violating the rule of the Olympic Committee, which he forbids athletes to write while under the jurisdiction of the committee. Richards recently resigned from the Olympic and Davis Cup squads because of the playwright rule of the tennis associations but he withdrew it when he was told that his amateur standing was not questioned.

NEW YORK, May 12th.
Flour, (hard winter clears \$4.50.
" hard winter straights \$5.00
Meal, Kilndried per 100 pounds \$2.20
New Season's Pork per barrel \$37.00
Heavy Mess Pork per brl. \$25.00
Sugar.—Crystals maximum per 100 lbs. \$5.78
Molasses Sugar 89° maximum. 4.75

Cotton, Middling, Upland, at Liverpool per lb. 17 48-100d.
Exchange, New York and London, 60 days' sight \$4.34½
Exchange New York and London, sight \$4.36

LONDON, May 12th.
Sugar, Demerara Crystals, nominal per cwt. 42s. 0d.—45s. 0d.
" Mascavado nominal per cwt. 34s. 0d.—38s. 0d.
" White Java's off United Kingdom 27s. 3d.

Demerara Rum per gal. nominal.
Trinidad Cocoa, good middling red per cwt. 56s. 0d.—57s. 0d.

Cotton, good medium West Indian Sea Island at Liverpool, per lb. 26d. nominal.

Bank of England Rate of Discount per 4s.

Consols 57½.
Three per cent. Rentes in Paris Fcs. 53.00

WOULD SHIP ENGLISH CHURCHES.

Some dozen or more old historic churches in London, abandoned by their congregations and closed, but occupying valuable ground, are to be torn down. A plan was launched by Edward G. Page, the man who tried to get the body of Pocahontas for America, to have these famous edifices moved to and set up in the United States, Canada and various British provinces. Some of them were built by the famous Sir Christopher Wren, architect of St. Paul's Cathedral. —*The Pathfinder*, April 26th.

FLOWERS SHOW A DISLIKE FOR MUSIC.

Flowers show a tendency to lean away from the direction from which music came. In one place where a jazz band was playing it was observed that the blooms, which originally faced the sound, within an hour or so had deliberately turned their backs to the musicians. On being placed so that they again faced the music it was not long before they again reversed their position. It is believed that the sound waves fool nature into believing that harm threatens the blossoms. —*Ibid*.

MOST DISTANT OBJECT SEEN BY MAN.

Harvard observatory reports not only the discovery but also the measurement of the most distant object yet seen by man. It is another universe, but smaller than ours. This faint and nameless collection of worlds is in the constellation of the Archer and is six quintillion miles distant from our globe. It takes a million years for light to travel from there to the earth. The new universe appears as a pin-head of light in the largest telescopes. It was first discovered by the late Prof. E. E. Barbard but was photographed just recently. Heretofore the most distant stars were supposed to be only 250,000 light years away. —*Ibid*.