

## The Lutheran Churches.

You are invited at these mid-week services:

AT FREDERIKSTED:

Tuesday Evening at 8 o'clock in Bethesda.

AT CHRISTIANSTED:

Thursday Evening at 7.30 in the Church.

Subject:—*His Face Set.*

J. P. CHRISTENSEN.

The s. s. "Parima" sails from New York on the 13th inst. as per advertisement in this issue.

Fifty-nine candidates received the rite of confirmation in St. John's Church last evening by the Right Rev. Bishop Colmore of Porto Rico.

### TELEGRAMS.

#### ST. CROIX STATION.

London, Feb. 28th.—As the result of rumours that had spread throughout the country since Sunday to the effect that Queen Mother Alexandra's health was giving cause for anxiety, it was stated in official quarters yesterday that the report was unfounded.

London, Feb. 29th.—If the bill to enfranchise all women at the age of 21, which is being discussed in the House of Commons is enacted, the number of male and female electors in Great Britain will virtually balance according to the estimates of the bill's promoters. Under the present law, limiting the franchise to women of 30 and over, the electorate numbers about 21,000,000 of whom about 8,000,000 are women. It is figured that another 5,000,000 would be added by the adoption of the bill, making 13,000,000 voters of each sex. It is known that the Labourites favour the measure and likewise a great number of Liberals, whose election manifestos declared in favour of treating the women on equality with the men. Mr Asquith the Liberal Leader; who was formerly an unbending opponent of women suffrage in any form, but who changed his views has pronounced in favour of the present proposal. The Conservatives mostly oppose it. The Government is understood to have assured its supporters before hand that it would not treat the bill as a ministerial measure, but would give it its blessings and leave it to the free decision of the House. Some amusement is being extracted from the coincidence that the introduction of the bill comes on leap Year Day.

Washington, Feb. 29th.—Blow a whistle and the skeleton of Germany would immediately recover skin, muscle, blood and nerves, the same as in 1914. General Bourgeois, a member of the Nollet Com-

mission investigation military conditions in the Reich, declared today in an interview with the British United Press. "To abandon allied control of Germany would be a deadly imprudence", the French Commander continued. Fortunately the Allies have understood this. We have undeniable proof that Germany is secretly organising for revenge. She is instructing officers. She has Reichswehr troops more numerous than the Versailles Treaty permits. She is furnishing them with most modern and complete armaments, rifles, machine guns, cannon and plenty ammunition. The Reichswehr is the frame of 21 German army corps. A whistle would call all exsoldiers to join existing companies, which are deliberately wearing the numbers of regiments of the old imperial army."

New York, Feb. 29th.—Turkey has appropriated 50,000 Turkish pounds to train and send athletes to the Olympic Games it was reported today by the Olympic Committee. This is the first move of any importance on the part of the Turkish Government to encourage athletics.

Washington, Feb. 29th.—Canada sold more goods to the United States during January of this year than the old country did. Figures for the month, published by the Department of Commerce today, showed that imports from the Dominion amounted to \$31,048,493, while imports from the United Kingdom were \$30,834,514. These figures compared with imports for January 1923 of \$30,597,122 from Canada and \$33,379,401 from the United Kingdom. United States exports to Canada during January of this year were approximately eight million dollars under those of the previous year. The figures were \$40,749,610 for January 1924, against \$48,832,010 for 1923. Exports to the United Kingdom were \$84,862,719 for January 1924 against \$93,588,621. The department's statement shows a total foreign trade balance for January of \$101,381,556 favourable to the United States.

Washington, Feb. 29th.—The discussions concerning Attorney General Daugherty plunged the Senate into a violent session today, almost unprecedented for the exchange of bitter personalities and insinuations of misconduct. As a result, action was forced over until tomorrow on the proposal for an investigation of Mr. Daugherty's official record. The storm, which broke about the investigation resolution of Senator Wheeler, Democrat, Montana, swept over all boundaries of Senate rules and decorum. There were charges and countercharges of attempts to pack the Investigation Committee. There were attacks upon numerous officials, present and past, from the White House down and upon the personal conduct and affiliation of Presidential candidates and Senators. For more than five hours the battle raged, amid frequent outbursts from crowded galleries, despite repeated warnings and threats

from the Chair. The Senate recessed tonight with the debate in full swing, but with the adoption of the investigation resolution in prospect tomorrow after another hectic period of discussion. Most of today's battlefield was the Attorney General's official record in various matters, including the oil scandal. Many old charges were repeated and one new accusation was made by Senator Heflin, Democrat, Alabama, who declared the Attorney General had written a letter seeking to protect from prosecution an unidentified Republican National Committee-man of the West. Senator Heflin said he had seen a letter to a western district from the Attorney General saying that any favours to the committee man would be appreciated and adding that "he is our man." Senator Wheeler, charging the Attorney General with seeking to "intimidate" Senators, added that President Coolidge lacked "stamina" to call upon Mr. Daugherty for his resignation.

London, March 1st.—The bill extending the franchise to all women at the age of 21 passed its second reading by 277 to 72 in the House of Commons yesterday. The fate of the measure beyond its second reading is problematical as the Government has not promised any further facilities for its progress.

London, March 1st.—Shipping circles were much interested in the announcement of the United States Shipping Board intention to sell its fleet. None professed surprise, but some are skeptical over the appearance of buyers.

Paris, March 1st.—Blows and kicks were exchanged in a turbulent session of the Chamber of Deputies yesterday and the disturbance ended only by a suspension of the sitting and the forcible expulsion of the belligerents by the Chamber attendants. The trouble occurred between Socialist groups headed by ex-Premier Painlevé, Royalists and members of the right. It was precipitated by the Royalist Deputy, M. Magne, repeatedly shouting "curs" during M. Painlevé's discussion of the Caillaux case which was brought in a debate on international affairs. M. Mandel who was M. Clemenceau's chief of cabinet, had held the floor for several hours in an interpellation digging up personal incidents that enraged those involved. After a frequent exchange of compliments M. Painlevé's supporters charged across the Chamber and the fight followed. M. Poincaré watched the disturbance serenely for several minutes and the sitting was suspended.

Washington, March 1st.—The United States Consul, at Ceiba, Honduras, has been fired on by revolutionists and a detachment of marines from the steamer Denver has landed to act as a consulate guard. Consul Walter reported that fighting had been in progress in the streets for hours and that some bullets had penetrated the consulate.