

assuming democratic relations with the people. We join their many friends and voice public feeling in wishing Mr and Mrs. McKean bon voyage and health and prosperity in their future home.

In a few days we shall say goodbye to Pastor and Mrs. Frank Hall of the Seventh Day Adventist Church, who after many years residence in this island are moving to Santo Domingo to which field Mr. Hall is transferred for church work. Mr. Hall will be much missed here as a good christian worker and as a helper of the sick many of whom have been restored to health by his treatment. Mrs. Hall has spent a great part of her time here with educational work, first conducting a school of her own, and later on being a teacher in the Christiansted Graded Grammar School. Of a sympathetic and ministering disposition Mrs. Hall, as her husband, has made many friends in our little community and it is with regret that we see them go. They carry the best wishes of a large circle of friends for their happiness and prosperity.

CORRECTION.

In Colonial Council's Proceedings published in yesterday's "Avis", 3rd page, 1st column, please substitute the following amendment in place of the one which appeared from Mr. E. Andersen:

AMENDMENT

*to Colonial Council Bill No 23,
Fourth Council, First Session, 1923-1924.*

That the Resolution now pending be amended to read as follows:

Be it resolved by the Colonial Council of St. Croix in session assembled:

That the Governor be and he is hereby authorized to create a fund in the Colonial Treasury of St. Croix to be designated "The Christiansted Cistern Fund" to which he shall transfer such funds as may remain unexpended upon the date of approval of this Resolution, of the Frances 30,000 appropriated for a Public Cistern for Christiansted in the Budget 1923-1924 maintenance Public Works Dept. Item 51 as approved and of the Frances 100,000 appropriated by additional Money Bill passed by the Colonial Council of St. Croix on March 3, 1924 and approved by the Governor of the Virgin Islands on March 17, 1924: provided that expenditures on account of the Public Cistern at Christiansted shall thereafter be charged to this fund, and when this project is completed any funds remaining unexpended shall be covered into the Colonial Treasury of St. Croix and the fund abolished.

St. Croix, June 23rd 1924.

D. C. CANEGATA,
2nd Member for Christian-
sted Town and Suburbs.

Correspondence

Dear Mr. Editor!

When the "Tribune" comes out with "We are for the people" it does not say against "whom". Is it the arch enemy "our naval government"? Or is it a Don Quixote, against Wenderist points?

Then again "The eternal economical misery" Where is it?

Hoping to hear and learn, I am dear Mr. Editor thanking for space

Yours

A. H.

THE ANSWER

to the all absorbing question in everybody's mind July 4.

Where do we eat?

When do we eat?

These questions will be uppermost in the minds of everybody attending the Fourth of July Race, at Mannings Bay on the glorious day of Independence. For there is one thing that was overlooked by the framers of the celebrated Declaration, and that was to declare ourselves independent of hunger. We are all going to be as hungry on that day as on any other and a good many of us a great deal more so—if that is possible. But don't worry!

If hungry, we shall be fed if we know how to answer the questions at the beginning of this dissertation. First, then, where do we eat? The answer to that is easy. Those of us who attend the Race will, of course, eat at the Red Cross booth which will be supplied and served by the members of the Home Service Committee of Christiansted and Frederiksted, and everybody knows that they can make the best sandwiches, cakes and other things that go to make a appetizing lunch and can serve them in a way to please the most fastidious. Second is When do we eat? That question is as easily answered as the first. The answer is "Eat early and often" for this is the opportunity of a lifetime. The more you eat the better for you and for those for whom the Red Cross committees are working so earnestly. All the profits for the day will go into the local treasury of the Society for the relief of the people of this island. So, let us make the day one of great profit and good will.

Remember to eat and drink at the Red Cross booth July 4.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

New York, June 29th—Balloting for a nominee for the Presidency begins tomorrow morning, with a deadlock in prospect. Tonight the supporters of a dozen candidates renewed their

predictions of victory. The platform was perfected at 2 o'clock this morning following the rejection of a plank condemning the Ku Klux Klan in specific terms. This followed another serious contest, ending in adopting the party's faith in the League of Nations in general terms only. McAdoo and Smith continue to occupy the centre of speculation and the defeat of the Klan plank is considered favourable to McAdoo, who has the support of several strong Klan States. Smith supporters point to the narrowness of the vote as an indication that McAdoo cannot receive the necessary two thirds majority for nomination. The League fight was accompanied by an unusual display of passion. But this was the coldest in comparison with the battle waged over the Klan. Ex-Secretary of State Colby defied the convention to openly denounce the Klan while Bryan closed the argument for the opposition with an old time show of dash and brilliancy. Everywhere tonight the disposition of delegates was to leave well enough alone and let the closeness of the vote speak for itself. The principal planks in the Democratic platform are: (1) Governmental control of the anthracite industry and all other corporations controlling the necessities of life, where the public welfare has been subordinated to private interests. (2) Continued Government operation of the Merchant Marine, without obstructing the development of private owned shipping. (3) Adoption of a constitutional amendment preventing Congressmen from staying in session after their defeat for re-election. (4) Maintenance of Asiatic exclusion laws. (5) Immediate independence for Philippines. (6) Drafting of all resources in time of war. (7) Promotion of the Great Lakes deep waterways. (8) Submitting the United States entry into the League of Nations to popular referendum. A minority report specifically denouncing the Ku Klux Klan was defeated.

Paris, June 28th—Holland was eliminated from the Olympic fencing matches today by the United States team. The United States team won ten matches and the Dutch six. The French fencers eliminated Spain.

Moscow, June 28th—With a view of avoiding repetition of the famine of 1921 the Government is taking every precaution to prevent shortage of food in the districts where crops failed, providing consecutive sittings of the Council of Commissioners have studied the subject. The discussion at each session revealed that over 5,500,000 people probably would be affected by a famine in these districts, but that only 20% of the number were affected in 1921. The Council announces that there is no danger of a famine reaching the proportions that it did in 1921. The Government has appointed a special commission to regulate the price of flour and provide relief.