

NOTICE.

THE Food Commission of Saint Croix has fixed the following prices which are to prevail until further notice.

Raw Sugar.....24 cents per pound.
Sweet Milk.....16 " " quart

The price of Milk to become effective on the 1st prox.

(Signed), THOMAS RAMSAY,
Chairman.

Christiansted, Saint Croix, the 22nd July 1920.

EDITORIAL.

The clergy of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, the Anglican Church, the Christian Mission, the Lutheran and Moravian denominations and the Seventh Day Adventists, are circulating lists securing the names of inhabitants in favor of prohibition. These lists are under cover of a joint petition addressed and to be forwarded to the Governor appealing to his influence and assistance in vetoing the anti-prohibition bill just passed by the Council.

LOCAL.

The Post Office authorizes publication of the following mail note:

Schooner 'Creole' left Christiansted with mail for St. Thomas at 12 o'clock noon July 22, and will return tonight, 23rd, on the second half of the trip, bringing mail.

It is now rumored that the "Lake Leland" which was looked for in Christiansted in these days, having sailed from New York on the 15th., is calling only at Frederiksted.

The Naval Band will render its usual Friday night concert on the wharf this evening.

CORRECTION.

In yesterday's editorial in this paper, the word *not* should be inserted between *of* and *losing* in the fifth to last line. The sentence corrected would then read "it appears to us unlikely that the chances of not losing the electric lighting system would be jeopardized," etc.

Correspondence.

Christiansted, July 22, 1920.

Editor St. Croix Avis:—

May I use the columns of your esteemed paper to offer an expression of cordial approval and congratulation to the correspondent H. C. B. for his letter in yesterday's Herald? I am sure I have not

enjoyed such a hearty laugh as I did over some parts of that communication, especially the paragraph in which the writer comments on the churches being so divided, and some of them turning back to look for Italy perhaps, and making a terrible mess. That's the sort of talk we want for sooth, and if your correspondent Friend had taken some such stand in his recent writings there would have been less fighting between us. Now I can understand a man like H. C. B., he evidently does some of his own thinking, not like A. T. who holds on to the apron string of his "spiritual guide". I wish H. C. B. would write some more on this subject; that's the kind of dope we feel amused at.

Yours

FOLLOWER, etc.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Warsaw, July 19th.—The Bolsheviki in their westward push have reached the vicinity of the former Russo German battlefield on the western region of the Pripet marshes. Here the Poles are making a stand and heavy fighting is in progress at various parts of this line. The Bolsheviki have brought up armoured trains from the railway leading southwest from Minsk and along another railway extending through the marshes from Mozir and Kaienko-Vitch.

Beyrut, July 19th.—The Bedouin tribes of northern Mesopotamia have formed a coalition against the French while Feisal, head of the Syrian State, is endeavouring to organize the bands west of Aleppo into a movement against the French. Clashes between the Arabs and French are expected any day and the situation is tense. The Lebanon Legislative Assembly is reported to have agreed secretly with Feisal that an autonomous Lebanon shall be part of the Syrian Kingdom.

Sandy Hook, July 19th.—Sir Thomas Lipton would not say this afternoon that developments might be expected after tomorrow's race with the Resolute nor would he deny that he and his advisers had virtually decided to remove Capt. Burton from the tiller of the Shamrock after Saturday's contest in which Capt. Burton's handling of the Lipton craft, have been severely criticized. Sir Thomas was somewhat perturbed when he read in the newspapers of plans for supplanting Capt. Burton. "Capt. Burton will be at the wheel tomorrow, I understand", said Sir Thomas this afternoon, "after that I cannot say and of course I will not talk about it". It was the general belief aboard the Victoria today that Capt. Burton had asked for another chance to sail the challenger and that it had been granted him. Capt. Burton could not be seen. The Shamrock IV will be required to give Resolute a time

allowance of seven minutes and one second in tomorrow's race the regatta committee of the New York Yacht Club announced tonight. This increase of 21 seconds over the previous allowance followed the granting of the application of the Lipton craft for permission to use a larger club topsail the new time allowance was announced after official re-measurement had been made on the Shamrock's canvas.

Berlin, July 19th.—"We saved the Ruhr from invasion, but we paid a big price for it," is the way that Dr. Simmons, Minister of Foreign Affairs, epitomized the result of the meeting at Spa last week between the Germans and the Allies, according to a news agency report. "Germany's calvary" is the caption in today's issue of the Zeitung Amm Mittag, which says: "From Versailles to Spa then Geneva and then Brussels. Where will it end?" The Dortmund General Anzeiger comments on the surprise that it must have been to the conference when the President of the German National Association told the conference that half a million German miners were ready to lay down their tools unless they were adequately fed. A new force, says the newspaper, manifested itself when he put it plainly, "No food, no coal".

London, July 20th.—The Govt. was severely attacked in the House of Commons last night when Capt. Ormsby-Gore (Coalition Unionist) moved an adjournment to call attention to the French policy in Syria, and get a clear declaration of the British policy regarding it. Capt. Ormsby-Gore emphasized the moral responsibility of the British Govt. which was deeply involved in view of specific pledges it had given in support of Arabian independence. The supreme British interest in the Middle East, he declared, was the restoration of peace while the inevitable outcome of the French ultimatum would be a need for more British troops and money for this region. He added that it was the British pledges alone which brought the Arabs into the war on the side of the Allies. Lord Edward Winterton, a Coalition Unionist, in supporting Gore, strongly resented having the Arabs as Allies in the war and abandoning them afterwards for the sake of French interests. He did not believe Englishmen would be willing to fight their former Allies, he added. Major General Seeley, Coalition Liberal, thought the French acted advisedly, because if they withdrew their forces from Cilicia probably tens of thousand of Armenians would be massacred. Mr. Bonar Law contended the promise of Arab independence was not incompatible with the mandate and that King Feisal of Syria had attended the conference when the mandate was given to France. Earlier in the day, replying to a question, Mr. Bonar Law had said that the French ultimatum