

THE BURNING BUSH WORKERS

arrived on the beautiful Island of St. Croix November 6, 1921. On the 9th of November they held their first meeting on the wharf.

Ever since their arrival the Lord has blessed their efforts in preaching the gospel of Jesus Christ Salvation from sin.

To-night their work on this island will be one year old.

They will celebrate their anniversary tonight at their church, 47 Company St.

Different ones will speak; also special singing.

A hearty invitation is extended to all.

A. W. SCOTT.
Pastor.

LOCAL

The performance in the theatre last night by the Native Brothers was well attended and was satisfactory in point of entertainment as previous appearances of this local company.

The Creole has not yet returned from St. Thomas being in all probability delayed through the calm weather so peculiar to this season of the year.

Theatre goers will remember that tonight the classical serial Mathias Sandoz will be continued at the Christian Theatre.

It is understood that a position as tutor in music in the public schools, in Frederik is vacant as a result of the resignation of Mrs. C. Daniel. The compensation is not mentioned, and as that does not affect the principle under consideration information concerning the pecuniary attractions of the place is of little importance. What occurs to us and appears to be in the mind of other people who have discussed this opening for some competent and deserving person is that a chance is offered to recognize the ability of one of the ex-service bandsmen who served with the navy during the war and include among them men with good training and first-class credentials from leading colleges of music in the United States. It is remarked that the navy bandsmen of St. Thomas have been shown more consideration and that the Cruzians have been discriminated against even when their ability warranted advancement both during and after their enlistment; this we know nothing about, and mention it only as it is said to be one of the reasons why so many of the St. Croix bandsmen failed to re-enlist. What we would propose is that instead of selecting an appointee on the recommendation of even competent authority, a competitive examination be held and the competitor gaining the highest rating be appointed if otherwise

eligible. We are sure the Department of Education is as interested in the teachers as in the pupils and will entertain any suggestion that contemplates a fair and just appointment of the fittest, regardless of personality.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION

Rheims, Nov. 5th.—Thieves broke into the vestry of the Cathedral and stole the golden chalice ornamented with pearls of inestimable value belonging to Cardinal Lucon.

Doorn, Nov. 5th.—The marriage of the ex-Emperor William with Princess Hermine of Reuss was celebrated today.

Constantinople, Nov. 5th.—The Turks have torn up the Mudania convention and are advancing in the Chanak region occupied by the British, as well as in other neutral zones. The Nationalist administration has been established in this city. Disorders ensued when students marched on the palace, where they clashed with the Allied police, who were forced to use their weapons, several Turks being killed and wounded. At Stamboul, the Christians sought some place of refuge, fearing a massacre by the Turks. The Nationalist authorities, however, have taken steps to put an end to all disorders. The Allied High Commissioners have accepted the new regime and the ministry of the Sultan has had no other course but to render its resignation. The Grand Vizier has telegraphed to the representatives of the Sublime Porte in the various capitals instructing them to hand over their archives to the representatives of the Government of Angora. The Allied High Commissioners, in view of the gravity of the situation, have requested instructions from their respective Governments and consternation reigns among the Christian population. General Charpy, commanding the French troops of occupation, denies that any skirmishes have occurred at Adrianople between the French troops and Turkish Irregulars. The Allied Council at an extraordinary session decided to refuse, categorically, the Nationalist demand for the Allied military evacuations of Constantinople. "The landing of the Allied sailors is not to be permitted unless by special permission of the Angora Government." This pronouncement was made in one of two additional notes, which Hamid Bey handed the Allied Commissioners. In the first note, the port authorities have been instructed not to permit landings, and in accordance with maritime laws the Turks require these vessels to salute the Turkish flag. The other note sets up a claim for the immediate handing over of the Turkish railways in Europe and Asia, which are under temporary Allied control.

London, Nov. 6th.—The Admiralty announces that Vice Admiral Sir Michael Culne-Seymour has been appointed Com-

mander-in-Chief of the North American and West Indies naval station in succession to Vice-Admiral Sir William Pakenham. Sir Michael has been second-in-command in the Mediterranean since 1920.

Rome, Nov. 6th.—The Fascisti and the Nationalists clashed at Perugia over a question of local politics and in the fight which ensued seven were killed and numbers were wounded, casualties being suffered by both sides. Count Sforza, the Italian Ambassador to France, was the object of a hostile demonstration by the Fascisti when he arrived at Bussoleno, in the province of Turin, on the Italian frontier, while returning to Rome for a conference with the new Premier, Dr. Mussolini.

Salisbury, Rhodesia, Nov. 6th.—A referendum held today to decide whether Rhodesia should be incorporated in the Union of South Africa resulted in a majority of 2,785 against incorporation, the vote being 8,774 against and 5,989 in favor.

Spangler, Penn., Nov. 6th.—More than fifty miners are believed to have lost their lives in an explosion in the Reilly Mine of the Reilly Coal Company near here this morning. Trained rescuers were continuing the exploration of the workings tonight, none of the dead having been brought to the surface at ten thirty p. m.

Berlin, Nov. 6th.—An extension of the treaty of Rapallo to include the minor Soviet Republics, is provided for in a sub-treaty, which was ratified by M. Krestinsky, the Soviet Ambassador to Germany, M. Auszies, representing the Ukraine and Baron Moltze, Chief of the Near East division of the German Foreign Office. The treaty, which is in two sections, stipulates that the provisions of the Rapallo treaty shall be applied to the states allied with Soviet Russia, namely White Russia, the Ukraine, the three Caucasus Republics and the Far Eastern Republic.

Constantinople, Nov. 6th.—A telegram from Angora says the National Assembly has instructed Ismet Pasha, the delegate to the Near East Peace Conference at Lausanne, to obtain the realization of the following points: First. The frontiers of Turkey to be in accordance with the National pact. Second. Greece to pay an indemnity. Third. The suppression of the extra territorial rights for foreigners. Fourth. A modification of the frontiers of Irak and Mesopotamia. Fifth. Complete independence for Turkey financially, economically and politically. Rafet Pasha, the new Governor of Constantinople, has suppressed the Turkish Senate.

London, November 6th.—Mr. Winston Churchill in an election address sent to his constituents at Dundee says he stands as a free trader, but is not deserting Mr. Lloyd George or the high-minded conservatives, who have stood by him and who are now exposed to the malicious