

will be personagrate with the Government, but having departed for his posts will not return to Newcastle. With the settlement of the rumrunning and Newcastle issues, Mr. Harvey leaves London with no problems left over for his successor who as, the Ambassador said today, is likely to have troubles of his own. Mr. Harvey and his wife lunched at Buckingham Palace yesterday, after which the King and Queen presented them with a farewell gift. During luncheon the Ambassador had the opportunity to present the name of Mr. Frank B. Kellogg, who has been appointed to succeed him, in a more informal manner than is usual, and was assured by their Majesties that the former Senator would have a most cordial reception at the Court of St James.

Halifax, N. S. Nov. 1st.—The Nova Scotia schooner "Bluenose" won the second race of the International Fishermans Series, which took place today, by defeating the challenger, "Columbia" of Gloucester, Mass., by two minutes and forty-five seconds, over a forty mile course. The "Bluenose" holds the cup for another year.

Moscow, Nov. 1st.—The Soviet War Minister, Trotzky, has issued an order to the army and navy declaring that the achievements of the revolution have been endangered by the European situation. Therefore the order says on Nov. 7th there will be a grand parade, which will show that the peacefully minded of the Soviet forces have firmly decided to defend effectually what they have achieved and demonstrate their ardent sympathies with the workers of the whole world.

Athens, Nov. 1st.—An important meeting was held by the Cabinet yesterday to discuss the future constitution for Greece. It was agreed that the time was ripe for a change in the form of government. Upon the recommendations of this meeting, the Government will make its decision which, according to the newspapers, will be for the proclamation of a republic.

Sofia, Nov. 1st.—The Bulgarian Government claims that, after an exhaustive study of evidence in their possession, they have established clearly the fact that the recent Communist uprising in Bulgaria was both ordered and threatened by officials of the Third Internationale in Moscow. This evidence will be used by the Government, it is reported, for outlawing the Bulgarian Communist Party in the same manner that the Serbian Communists were outlawed over a year ago. The first result of this action will be to prevent the Communists from voting in the elections on November 18th.

Norwich, Eng., Nov. 1st.—This city has the honour of naming the first woman Lord Mayor of England. This dignity has now been bestowed upon Miss Ethel Colman, daughter of the late Mr. J. J. Colman, M. P., a member of the

world famous mustard making firm. The city authorities further surprised male office seekers by appointing Miss McGregor to the Town Clerkship, an office usually given to the local lawyer. Miss McGregor was chosen over the heads of many male applicants.

New York, Nov. 1st.—A price cutting movement was started by the big sugar factories today, in an effort to stimulate a lagging demand by consumers. Fine granulated was listed at \$3.60 by one of the leading local refiners and was generally followed by others, although the latter's list of prices ranged from \$8.70 to \$8.85. This represents a cut of about half a cent in the past week and follows a similar reduction in the cost of raw sugar. For some weeks both the raw and the refined markets have been very quiet and it is agreed that refiners are determined to adjust their prices to levels that will meet competition of western beets, which have offered as far East as Albany district.

Belfast, Nov. 1st.—The Ulster Premier is going to London tonight in response to an invitation from Mr. Baldwin for a discussion of the question of the boundary between Northern and Southern Ireland, the conversations to be a preliminary to a conference planned for the new year. According to the Belfast Telegraph, the conference if it materializes, will be along the lines of the meeting of Sir James Craig and Mr. Michael Collins in January 1920, and will not be in the nature of a settlement through the boundary commission provided for under the treaty setting up the Free State.

Dublin, Nov. 1st.—The Irish Free State Government announces that the report it has accepted an invitation to the conference in London based on the agreement between Sir James Craig, the Ulster Premier, and Mr. Michael Collins, the Free State Delegate, in 1920, is not true and that it does not intend to accept.

London, Nov. 1st.—Mr. J. E. Stead, brother of the noted journalist, Mr. W. T. Stead, died yesterday at his home at Redcar, Yorkshire, after a long illness. Mr. Stead was the acknowledged British authority on the manufacture and metallurgy of steel and famous as a metallurgical chemist. His opinion was much sought after and respected on those subjects. He was born in 1851.

Coblenz, Nov. 1st.—Unless there is some indication soon that efforts to establish an independent Rhineland State have the support of the general population, the present Separatist movement may dissolve of itself within a few weeks, it was said today in official circles which are closely in touch with developments. Several proposals for compromise have already been advanced, it is understood. One of these provided for an autonomous State, but Joseph Matthes, Premier of the provisional Government of the Rhineland Republic, as-

serts he will not consider any such proposition. At the French press headquarters it was said to be quite apparent now that the present movement is not backed by representative leaders, nor by the people generally. The British attitude here and at Cologne towards the Separatists, is that the movement is being carried on merely by mobs, who are endeavouring to gain control and that London would never countenance recognition under the circumstances.

Dusseldorf, Nov. 1st.—It is officially announced that the definite accord has been reached between the Krupp interests and the occupational authorities for a resumption of delivery of coal from the Salzer, Nouack, Hanover, Hannibal, Helon and Abalin Mines. These are six of the most important pits in the Krupp system.

Berlin, Nov. 1st.—The dollar rate, which has been stationary for a week at 65 billion marks, took a spectacular leap to one hundred and thirty billion today, not only creating havoc on the Bourse, but seriously dislocating conditions in the food situation, where the price levels for stable commodities have again attained prohibitive limits for the average wage earner. Today's dollar rate is explained on the ground of severely restricted allotments of foreign currencies for the Reichsbank, because of which unsatisfied applicants sought, to cover their needs outside regular trading channels. Germany's new dollar gold loan scored record quotations and was eagerly being sought ranging from one hundred and thirty billion marks in the early morning hours to three hundred and fifty billion in post bourse trading.

Moscow, Nov. 2nd.—A severe earthquake was felt yesterday in Southern Azerbaijan. No details have been received here.

Manila, Nov. 2nd.—Another earth shock, the fourth in three days lasting about ten seconds, was felt at 2.43 p. m. No damage has been reported. The origin is believed to have been near Tall volcano which is located on a small island in Bombon lake Batangas Province, Luzon.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2nd.
Flour, (hard winter clears \$5.00.
" " hard winter straights \$5.35
Meal, Kilodried per 100 pounds \$2.25
New Season's Pork per barrel \$37.00.
Heavy Mess Pork per brl. \$25.50
Sugar—Crystals maximum per 100 lbs. \$7.28
Melasses Sugar 89 maximum 6.25.
Cotton, Middling, Upland, at Liverpool per lb. 17 44-100d.
Exchange, New York and London, 60 days' sight \$4.43 1/2
Exchange New York and London, sight \$4.46

LONDON, Nov. 2nd.
Sugar, De nerara Crystals, nominal per cwt. 60s. 0d.—65s. 0d.