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with all its evil consequences, has caused distress throughout the world, although it is lower in the British Isles than elsewhere. The problem of reducing it requires constant consideration, and measures were taken, which, it is hoped, may prevent the charges of unreasonable prices for necessary articles". The session was marked by the passage of an unprecedented number of domestic bills dealing with reconstruction in all its aspects. An important measure was passed affecting the conditions of labour."

Paris, Dec. 23rd.—The Chamber of Deputies today voted confidence in the Government by 458 to 71. The vote, which carried approval of Premier Clemenceau's programme, was taken after the Chamber listened to the Premier's declaration on the determination of the Allies to crush Bolshevism, his confidence in the Anglo-Franco-American Pacts, his prediction of a solution of the Fiume Problem, and his understanding with Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain. M. Clemenceau told the Chamber that Great Britain and President Wilson had offered "Military protection to France. Certain points in the Peace Treaty had been questioned but there were no serious objections to the military agreement. The Premier added that the latest indications, were that the Fiume Situation would be solved "and then only can we breathe freely. M. Clemenceau appealed to the Chamber to work hard and talk little. He said that the Cabinet the end of the remaining weeks of its tenure of office, would give its resignation to the President and added. "It will not be an exit by one door to enter another." Asked by the Socialist Deputy, M. Marcel Cochin, if he ought not to give the country explanations of the Treaty and the Anglo-American Military pacts, M. Clemenceau said. "I did not ask for these military guarantees" They were offered by Great Britain and President Wilson. I do not believe they will be questioned. Although certain points of the Treaty have been discussed, there is no serious objections to the guarantees. During the discussion of the London Conference, Ex-Premier Barthou questioned M. Clemenceau on Russia, and the Premier said "that had been discussed previously" but added. "I will tell you the two principal decisions have taken. Not only will we not make peace but we won't compromise with the Government of the Soviets. We have decided that we will be the allies of all people attacked by Bolshevism". M. Clemenceau added that the Allies would maintain a barbed wire around Russia, notably by banding the Poles, Roumanians and others along the frontier. Resuming his discussion of the London conference, he said. "Mr. Lloyd George told me if we reach an understanding,

there will be no more war in Europe". I replied "whatever happens you can count not only on me, but upon the whole of France". Regarding the situation in the Adriatic, the Premier said. "The Fiume Question has been agonizing. Italy promised Fiume to the Jugo-Slavs, but went back on her promise. France, England and the United States have sought a solution, and that latest indications are that it will be finally reached, only when this is solved can we commence to breathe freely'.

Publication.

IN conformity with § 22 of the Colonial Law all persons residing in the town of Christiansted who consider themselves to have been, during the last year, in receipt of a clear yearly income of 1500 Francs and otherwise to be entitled to the franchise in conformity with § 18 of the said Colonial Law, or who before the 31st of March 1921 will attain the qualifications of franchise see § 23 last clause) are hereby requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned Chairman of the Electoral Board before the expiration of this month.

The Electoral Board for Christiansted's Town and Suburbs. St. Croix, December 4th 1919.

JOHN L. CURRY.
Chairman.

Publication.

IN conformity with § 22 of the Colonial Law all persons residing in the Country District of the Jurisdiction of Christiansted, who consider themselves to have been, during the last year, in receipt of a clear yearly income of 1,500 Francs and otherwise to be entitled to the franchise in conformity with § 18 of the said Colonial Law, or who before the 31st March 1921 will attain the qualifications of franchise [see § 23, last clause] are hereby requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned Chairman of the Electoral Board before the expiration of this month.

The Electoral Board for the Country District of Christiansted. St. Croix, December 4th 1919.

JOHN L. CURRY.
Chairman.

Publication.

IN conformity with § 22 of the Colonial Law all persons residing in the town of Frederiksted who consider themselves to have been, during the last year, in receipt of a clear yearly income of 1,500 Francs and otherwise to be entitled to the franchise in conformity with § 18 of

the said Colonial Law, or who before the 31st March 1921 will attain the qualifications of franchise (see § 23, last clause) are hereby requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned Chairman of the Electoral Board before the expiration of this month.

The Electoral Board for the Town of Frederiksted, St. Croix, December 4th 1919.

JOHN L. CURRY.
Chairman.

Publication.

IN conformity with § 22 of the Colonial Law all persons residing in the Country District of the Jurisdiction of Frederiksted who consider themselves to have been during the last year, in receipt of a clear yearly income of 1,500 Francs and otherwise to be entitled to the franchise in conformity with § 18 of the said Colonial Law, or who before the 31st March 1921 will attain the qualifications of franchise (see § 23, last clause) are hereby requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned Chairman of the Electoral Board before the expiration of this month.

The Electoral Board for the Country District of Frederiksted, St. Croix, December 4th 1919.

JOHN L. CURRY.
Chairman.

The Post Office desires to bring to the notice of the public that the sale of War-savings Certificate Stamps of the series of 1919 will cease at close of business on December 31, 1919, and that War-Savings Stamps of the series of 1920 will be placed on sale beginning January 1, 1920. The 1919 stamps **POSITIVELY WILL NOT** be sold after December 31, and to avoid disappointment as has proved the case when previous issues were no longer obtainable, patrons and those wishing to complete collections, are advised to secure their stamps before that date. The 1920 issue of W. S. S. is printed on white paper with white lettering on a red ground, and contains a photogravure of Washington, the general design being the same as in former issues.

WANTED

A Secondhand Upright Piano.

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White Lime delivered in town from Estate Southgate Farm at 60 cents pr. barrel.

CATHRINE IUDVIG