

for State purchase of the coal mines. The desired end would be achieved through "the common-sense realization of the justice of our claims". Mr. Smillie said he knew the hardships that strikes caused, but there were times when it was criminal for labour leaders not to call strikes to enforce justice. The miners, he declared, were really fighting for organized labour, the highest output was impossible, he insisted, under the present working conditions and the lack of modern machinery and equipment. Mr. Thomas, General Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, in seconding Mr. Smillie's motion, said the question had come to the point of a definite decision. He exhorted the delegates to be sure that they saw clearly where they were going. Mr. Havelock Wilson, President of the International Seamen's Union, in opposing the resolution pointed to the failure of the state-controlled enterprises, when he was interrupted with a shout of "WHAT ABOUT THE WAR". President Dunning announced that a definite vote on the question of direct action would be taken on Friday, and American sovereignty, and thereby best serve the welfare of mankind" fears that other nations may not accept the covenant, the report dismisses with the statement "that is one thing that certainly will not happen. The other nations will take us on our own terms for without us their league is a wreck and their gains for a victorious peace are imperilled.

Washington, Sept. 11th.—Characterized as an alliance and not a league "which will breed wars instead of securing peace," the German peace treaty, including the covenant for a league of nations was formally presented to the Senate today by the Foreign Relations Committee with forty-three amendments and four reservations, accompanying the treaty was the majority report of the Foreign Relations Committee subscribed to by every Republican member excepting Senator McCumber of North Dakota, explaining the amendments and reservations all of which, it was declared, were "governed by a single purpose and that is, to guard American rights and sovereignty, the invasion of which would stimulate breaches of faith, encourage conflicts and generate wars." The reservations propose; 1. The unconditional right to withdraw from the league. 2. Declination to assume any of the obligations of the much discussed article ten "except by action of the Congress of the United States." 3. Reserving to the United States the exclusive right to decide what questions are within its own domestic jurisdiction. 4. Absolute reservation of the Monroe Doctrine to the judgment of the United States alone. The principal amendments are proposed to provide voting power for the United States with Great Britain in the assembly of the league. Giving to China instead of Japan, the Province of Shang-

tung. Relief of the United States from having representatives on commissions deciding matters in which it has no concern. Others concern phraseology. These amendments and reservations, the majority report says are submitted to "Conserve American Independence".

On board President Wilson's Special Train, Sept. 10th.—Ten points in the peace treaty were defined by President Wilson tonight as the fundamental principles on which he is asking its acceptance by the United States. They follow; 1. The destruction of autocratic power as an instrument of international control, admitting only self-governing nations to the league. 2. The substitution of publicity, discussion and arbitration for war, using the boycott rather than arms. 3. Placing the peace of the world under constant international oversight in recognition of the principle that the peace of the world is the legitimate immediate interest of every State. 4. Disarmament. 5. The liberation of oppressed peoples. 6. The discontinuance of annexation and the substitution of trusteeship with responsibility to the opinion of mankind. 7. Invalidity of all secret treaties. 8. Protection of dependent peoples. 9. High standards of labour under international sanction. 10. The international co-ordination of humane reform and regulation.

London, Sept. 11th.—A Bolshevik wireless despatch from Moscow today, claims the capture of nearly 12,000 prisoners from Admiral Kolchak's all-Russian forces in the region of Aktubinskorsk. It is declared the surrender of Admiral Kolchak's southern army is expected.

London, Sept. 11th.—Great Britain intends to insist upon having 2,250,000 tons of the 3,000,000 tons of German shipping to be divided among the Allies by the Reparation Commission after the ratification of peace, is the statement made to the "Daily Mail" by an official of the Ministry of Shipping who added that the position was delicate and complicated and that intricate internal negotiations were yet to be completed. Nevertheless he was confident that Great Britain ultimately would obtain approximately what she demanded. Even then her loss in shipping during the war would exceed 5,000,000 tons.

Keywest, Fla., Sept. 11th.—With daylight today following the storm of yesterday and a night darkness, the people of Keywest and surrounding territory were able for the first time to survey the destruction wrought by the hurricane that swept through here on Tuesday night. Not a home in the city had escaped damage and many were totally wrecked, the harbour presented a tangled mass of fishing vessels and other small craft, but latest reports failed to show deaths, other than on the dredge Grampus. Of the 14 men on this craft, ten were rescued last night, one body was

recovered, and three were missing. The British tanker Tonowanda which had to be scuttled to save the steamer Comal after the vessel had broken her moorings and gone aground, was reported not in a bad position. The steamer St. Cougal was also loose. No vessel had left port early today, nor has any train come in over the Florida Coast Railway. In addition to the temporary stoppage of gas and electricity, the telephone service was suspended, and newspapers were forced to suspend publication.

Glasgow, Sept. 11th.—By a comparatively close vote, the Trades Union Congress in session here today, voted down a resolution declaring against the principle of direct action. The vote was 2,250,000 against the resolution to 2,086,000 in its favour. The vote was on a resolution of Mr. Thomas Shaw, Labour Member of the House of Commons for Preston, reading, "The Congress declares against the principle of industrial action on purely political matters".

Paris, Sept. 10th.—The Rumanian delegation to the Peace Conference, in explaining its attitude in refusing to sign the treaty with Austria today, holds that since Rumania acquired membership in the league of nations, through signing the treaty with Germany, the league must be the tribunal which will eventually consider its claims and decide whether Rumania can be forced to accept a treaty providing for foreign interference in her domestic affairs. Rumania's objection to signing the treaty was based on the clause providing that nations receiving territory from the former Austro-Hungarian Empire must provide for the protection of racial and religious minorities residing there. Rumania might have acquired Bukowina under the Austrian treaty but as her delegates failed to sign, the Supreme Council holds the signature of other powers does not make the transfer possible until Rumania accepts the treaty. Under the proposed treaty with Hungary Rumania would acquire Transylvania but under the terms relative to minorities in that region. Rumania for this reason is expected to refuse also to sign that convention.

Dublin, Sept. 10th.—The Government has proclaimed the suppression of the Sinn Fein Organization, the Gaelic League, the Irish Volunteers and the Cumann Namoan Society in the city and county of Cork. The Government has also declared that the first section of the Criminal Law procedure Act of 1887 shall be applied to Cork, Limerick, Clare Tipperary and Dublin counties.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13th 1919.
Flour, Blended Clear St. Lawrence Brand pr. brl. \$10.25.
Meal, Kilndried per 100 lbs \$4.50
New Season's Pork per brl. \$52.00
Heavy Mess Pork per bbl. \$56.00
Sugar---Crystals (Confirmed by Brokers) per 100 lbs. \$7.28.