

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Proposed Schedule Of Sailings From New York.

S.S. Guiana	Tuesday	Oct. 4th	1921.
" Parima	Thursday	" 20th	"
" Guiana	Monday	Nov. 7th	"
" Fort St. George	Sat.	" 26th	"
" Guiana	Saturday	Dec. 10th	"
" Parima	Wednesday	" 21st	"
" Fort St. George	"	Jan. 4th	1922.
" Guiana	Saturday	" 14th	"
" Parima	Wednesday	" 25th	"
" Fort St. George	Sat.	Feb. 4th	"
" Guiana	Friday	" 17th	"
" Fort St. George	Sat.	March 4th	"

Subject to change without notice should circumstances require.

EDITORIAL.

Following the Police Court's action in a case of contempt of court brought against Rev. R. G. Barrow as writer of the editorial in the Herald of the 12th instant, Mr. Barrow was on Saturday last committed to 15 days in jail and fined \$20. Those who are of the impression that the Avis is responsible for this development are of course wrong, but we do regret that in publishing the report as it was given to our office, we made technical misstatements which are regarded as a basis for the present issue.

LOCAL.

The Mystery with St. Thomas and Porto Rico mails, and a small mail from New York, arrived at Frederiksted Saturday evening. The mails for this town reached here after 8 p. m. and were distributed, delivery being made to box-holders on Saturday night and yesterday morning.

The Schooner "Lizzie May" from Providence, R. I., bound for St. Vincent, B. W. I. called at this port yesterday in distress.

The Native Brass Band enlivened the town with a popular concert last night. There was a goodly gathering to listen to it and fine moonlight favored the evening's enjoyment.

Mr. Ernest Nielsen's public address near the wharf yesterday afternoon was attended by a large crowd whose interest the speaker appeared to hold throughout his discourse.

A football match played between the Dreadnought No. 2 and the Native Stars Football team on Holger Danske Ground yesterday afternoon resulted in a victory for the Native Stars who secured two goals to none.

The S. S. "Guiana" arrived in port yesterday at daybreak from New York via St. Thomas and brought the following passengers:—

From New York: Mrs. C. Wilson, and infant, Sister Emma Francis, Mr. L. Hill, Mrs. R. Hill, Mr. A. V. Svitzer, Mr. R. Petersen, Mr. & Mrs. Latimer, Mrs. G. Lewis, Mrs. E. Mahony, Masters Alfredo & Leo Mahoney, Mr. & Mrs. James, Mr. A. James, Mr. W. S. James and Mr. J. Dyer.

From St. Thomas: Mr. C. Wilson, Mrs. Daniel, Mr. E. D. Boardman, Mrs. L. Henderson, son and infant, Mr. J. de Jongh, Mr. H. A. Delemos, Miss C. George, Lucille Remo, Mr. M. Hill, Mrs. Mena Hill, Leroy Nicholas, Carmen Nicholas, and Mrs. Solomon.

IN TRANSIT.

5 cabin 70 steerage and 7 deck passengers. — *West End News*, Oct. 15th.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, October 12th. — Viscount Birkenhead, the Lord Chancellor, today ordered the release from Brixton Prison of the Councillors of the borough of popular, whose recent arrests grew out of a refusal to comply with certain tax provision of the London County Council.

Halifax, N. S. October 12th. — Detained in port by dense fog for many hours, the four units of the North Atlantic Squadron, H. M. Ss. Raleigh, Calcutta, Cambrian, and Constance, left at 11-30 o'clock last night to return to Bermuda.

Geneva, October 12th. — The Council of the League of Nations met behind closed doors yesterday to hear the report of the four members charged with the study of the partition of Upper Silesia. The meeting continued in the afternoon, as a complete agreement does not seem to have been realized in the Council as a whole regarding the solution which should be recommended to the Allies and Associated Powers.

Washington, October 12th. — Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, formerly Secretary of State, died at his home here tonight after a stroke of paralysis. Mr. Knox was on his way to the dining room at 6.15 o'clock when he suffered the stroke. He died fifteen minutes later without regaining consciousness. Senator and Mrs. Knox returned from England only yesterday, where they had spent a vacation during the recent recess of Congress, touring by automobile. The trip seemed to have benefitted the Senator and had given no indications of failing health. Mrs. Knox and the Senators Secretary, were near the Senator when he was stricken and summoned aid, but it was futile.

London, Oct. 12th. — Presiding at a meeting at the Mansion House today, the Prince of Wales made a strong plea for the support of the British Empire exhibition at Wembley, near London, in

1923. The Prince gave it as his opinion that the preparations for the big exhibition should be proceeded with immediately, in order to provide employment for some of the thousands of able-bodied men who had offered their life for their country. "There should be no delay in starting the work", said the Prince. He asked for an immediate guarantee of one million pounds for the work and declared that nothing would set him on his way to India with rejoicing more than the knowledge that this problem was being tackled and that there were consequently a few thousand happier homes in Great Britain. Referring to his recent tours of the Dominions, the Prince emphasized the "rapid expansion and sturdy development and perhaps, most of all, the infinite possibilities of those nations whose people are our own kith and kin and on whose continued prosperity the future of our own communities depends". The Prince said that his recent visits to Australia and Canada provided him with valuable experience which enabled him to appreciate, far more intimately than he otherwise could have done, the great problems which are common to the Statesmen and peoples of each portion of the Empire. He was much struck, he said, by the unanimity with which the British Empire exhibition project was welcomed by the Prime Ministers and other representatives of the Dominions and India. He had not doubted the wisdom of the gospel that they preached, namely, that it was to the interest of the Empire to develop its great resources and to exploit to the utmost the possibilities of Imperial and National improvement. He shared the optimism of the Dominion Prime Ministers, also their anxiety, that Britons should be fully alive to the great possibilities of what a quarter of a century ago the late Rt. Hon. Jos. Chamberlain called "our vast undeveloped estate." The Prince said that Great Britain and the Dominions wanted, in connection with the prospective exhibition, to take stock of British assets, to explore every avenue to fresh markets, and fresh sources of raw materials, to invest men and money in parts of the Empire which called for such investments and promised an early increase in the wealth of the British Nations and an early growth of the prosperity and happiness of the individual. They wanted, said the Prince to focus public attention in Britain on problems which are the daily experience of statesmen throughout the seven seas, to encourage commercial, industrial and scientific research and make the different nations of the Empire better known to each other, and help people to believe that an Empire which was worth dying for, was worth living for and working for. That task, said the Prince, demanded the highest ideals and the most earnest endeavours. He intended that nothing should be lack-