

source of revenue to such municipal district or local division.

(c). The indebtedness owed by any taxable person, association or corporation, to the extent and in the manner prescribed in section 23 and 24

(d). Shares of capital or stock in institutions, corporations or companies organized under the laws of the Municipality when the property of such corporation is exempt or when such shares are taxable to said institutions, corporations or companies themselves, to the extent and in the manner prescribed in section 40 of this Ordinance.

(e). Every building used and set apart exclusively for religious worship, and the ecclesiastical equipment within the same; every building used and set apart exclusively for educational, literary, scientific or charitable purposes, and the furniture, appliances and apparatus appurtenant thereto; and every tract of land not exceeding five acres in extent, upon which building or buildings is or are situated; Provided: That such grounds and buildings are not leased or otherwise used with a view to the pecuniary profit of either the lessor or the lessee.

(f). Cemeteries, tombs and the rights of burial so long as the same shall be dedicated for the burial of the dead and no dividends or profits derived therefrom.

(g). Fish in the possession of the fishermen by whom caught.

(h). The growing crops and products of the land actually owned by and still in the hands of the producer.

(i). The professional tools or working tools of mechanics, or artisans, moved or worked exclusively by hand.

(j). Household furnitures, wearing apparel, and provisions and fuel kept for the use and consumption of the person to whom they belong. But nothing in this Ordinance contained shall be held to exempt agricultural machinery, or the furnitures or utensils and provisions of hotels, restaurants and eating-houses except as provided for in the preceding paragraphs.

(k). All educational and professional books and private libraries.

(l). All family pictures.

(m). Non-interest bearing mortgage bonds and other obligations used exclusively as guarantees or securities for the proper performance of official duties liens and annuities the interest on which does not exceed five percent per annum provided the same are specially devoted to carry out testamentary wills applying them to charitable or educational purposes. But all property hereby exempted from assessment, in so far as it is real property, shall be duly listed valued and described as is other property and the Secretary shall keep a record showing for each piece of real property so exempted its description and estima-

ted value, and by whom it is owned, the reason for its exemption from taxation, and such other information as the Secretary may deem desirable.

(To be continued.)

EDITORIAL.

Some daylight saving measure seems to be necessary at this time with the sun rising just after 5 a. m. and setting after 7 p. m. As it is, people are up and about long before they actually have to be at their business, and business hours are mostly stretched beyond the regular closing time. It would be an advantage to all as far as this has been ascertained to have the time put back at least one hour for the next two months. This was done formerly every and appears to be specially warranted now.

LOCAL.

The postmaster advises that the Creole sailed from St. Thomas at 10 o'clock last night with Porto Rico and St. Thomas mails.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, June 25th.—A banquet was given yesterday by the West India Committee in honour of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales. The Earl of Harewood, K. C. V. O, President of the Committee, was in the chair, while over 200 persons were present, including Mr. Winston Churchill, Colonel Amery, Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Messrs Arum Ewing, Rust, Tripp, Dacosta, Rutherford, Gurney, Aspinall and other members of the executive committee. The Prince in replying to the toast, "Our Guests," proposed by Lord Harewood, expressed his sorrow that the West Indian islands were suffering so acutely as a result of the world wide economic depression reducing the price of staple products. He was glad to hear of the scheme to establish an agricultural college in Trinidad and hoped all the West Indian colonies would join the scheme. He expressed his regret at having had to omit visiting Jamaica, St. Vincent, St. Kitts and Nevis, during his recent tour, but said he hoped the next time he would be able to visit these islands and also the Bahamas. Mr. Churchill, in proposing the prosperity of the British West Indies, coupled with that of the West India Committee, said we should see that the colonies had the technical apparatus necessary for the development of colleges, method of research and credit during the present depression, and he would always advocate the same. He added, that the more the fortunes of the West Indies are linked to Canada

the more certain would their future be. Canada, he said, was incomplete commercially unless associated with the West Indies. With regard to the problem of communication between the mother country and the West Indies, Mr. Churchill said he hoped that before long he would be in a position to make a definite announcement in this respect. Sir John Chancellor, Governor of Trinidad and Tobago, proposed the health of the Chairman, to which Lord Harewood responded. His Royal Highness shook hands with all those present, individually, bringing to a close a most successful function.

London, June 25th.—The request of the coal miners representatives for a new meeting with the Government and the coal mine owners, decided upon last night, with the object of obtaining a settlement of the coal strike brought a quick response from Mr. Lloyd George. This morning he invited the owners and miners to a joint conference to be held at the Board of Trade on Monday. The decision to attempt the reopening of negotiations between the mine owners and their employees was reached last night at a meeting of the executive committee of the miners union. This step was influenced, it was declared, by the failure of the miners to secure financial support from other unions and the reluctance of their organizations to join with the miners for industrial action to enforce their mutual demands. The hope was expressed that the Government would renew its offer to grant ten million pounds subsidy to the coal industry, as an aid to the settlement.

London, June 25th.—Both the striking coal miners and the mine owners have accepted an invitation extended today by the Premier to confer with him at the Board of Trade on Monday, with a view to endeavouring to reach a settlement of the coal strike.

Denver, Col., June 26th.—By a vote of 25,032 to 12,324, Samuel Gompers, on Saturday John L. Lewis, head of the United Miners of the United States, for the presidency of the American Federation of Labour. Only two of the largest organizations cast a solid vote for Lewis, the Machinist Union and the United Brotherhood of carpenters.

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