

Rome and they will compose the conclave at its opening session.

Montevideo Uruguay, Jan. 30th.—The body of Sir Ernest Shackleton lies in a hospital here. A squad of Uruguayan soldiers acted as guard of honor and until the body has been sent to England, probably on February 1st, the guard will be maintained by the Uruguayan Government which plans also to render other honours.

Berlin, Jan. 30th.—Ludvig Dittmar, whom the Leipsic court recently sentenced to 4 years imprisonment in connection with the sinking of the hospital ship Llandovery Castle during the war, has escaped from the prison at Naunburg, it became known today. A reward of 50,000 marks has been offered for his recapture.

Belfast, Jan. 30th.—John Miller Andrews, Ulster Minister of Labour, accompanied by the Parliamentary secretary Mr. Gordon left for Dublin today to confer with Mr. Jos. Mograth, Minister of Labour in the Dail Eireann Cabinet, regarding the railway situation. This is the first instance of a conference between Ministers of the Northern and Southern Governments since the recent meeting between Sir James Craig, the Ulster Premier, and Mr. Michael Collins, head of the Irish Provisional Government.

London, Jan. 30th.—A special despatch from Dublin states that the municipal councils in various parts of Ireland elected Lord Mayors and Mayors today. Cork Limerick and Sligo chose Republicans. Stephen Omara, after being reelected Mayor of Limerick, declared himself as much republican now as when he was first elected last year. Michael Novin, Republican Labourite, defeated Harry Depaw, Free State Labourite, for the office of Mayor of Sligo today. His majority was four.

Londonderry, Jan. 30th.—The Sinn Fein Extremists today withdrew their opposition and voted for the re-election of Mayor O'Doherty, Nationalist, who recently refused to accept a resolution pledging allegiance to the Dail Eireann. O'Doherty, who was returned by a majority of a party vote, proposed a resolution, which was carried protesting against partition. He said the citizens of Londonderry would not allow themselves to be driven out of the Free State like sheep, notwithstanding any agreement signed by Sir James Craig and Mr. Collins.

New York, Jan. 30th.—The vanguard of 40 vessels, among them 19 passenger-ships which have been battling the gales on the Atlantic since Sunday, crept into New York today. The Fort Hamilton of the Furness-Bermuda Line with 127 passengers aboard docked after one of the stormiest voyages of her history, according to Captain Francis. The Clyde Liner Comanchero reached port three days overdue. She carried 30 passengers who reported that the storm disabled the

ships steering gear for a time and flooded the passengers cabins. As a result of the storm, three veteran pilots today were unwilling passengers on tropic-bound liners. They were unable to return to shore after guiding the steamers safely out of port.

Washington, Jan. 30th.—The text of the five naval power treaty to carry into effect the capital ship settlement, the limitation placed on auxiliary warcraft and the status quo agreement regarding Pacific fortifications, was put into final form today and will be placed before the World at a plenary session of the Arms Conference on Wednesday. Final agreement of the fortifications article, for weeks the only provision of the treaty remaining incomplete came after Japan had suggested and the other powers had agreed that the American Aleutian islands, which are a part of Alaska should be included in the area in which no further fortifications or naval bases are to be erected. As accepted the provision pledges the powers to maintain in their present status the fortifications of the Philippines, Guam, the Aleutian islands and various smaller Pacific possessions of the United States, Formosa and other Japanese islands stretching to the north and south from the principal Japanese group and the British port of Hong Kong together with a number of British islands lying to the southeast. The Japanese mainland, Japanese Sakhalin, British Singapore and the Hawaiians, do not fall under the prohibition. As finally agreed to, the text of the fortifications article contains authorization for repairs and replacement as may be necessary to keep establishments, now existing within the status quo area up to their present standard of efficiency.

Washington, Jan. 31st.—An earthquake of great intensity, probably 2,500 to 2,600 miles south of Washington, was registered early today at the Georgetown Seismographical Observatory. The quake began about 6.25 a. m. and ten minutes later the tremors had become so pronounced as to throw the registering needles off the scale. The quake was also registered on the Seismograph of the Weather Bureau, officials of which described it as "monstrous." The Rev. Francis Tondorf, Director of the Georgetown Seismographical Observatory and one of the foremost earthquake authorities in the world, said the quake was "enormous." The machines were still registering the quake at ten o'clock.

Dublin, Jan. 31st.—Sir James Craig, Premier of Ulster will visit Mr. Michael Collins, Head of the Irish Provisional Government, in the City Hall on Thursday it was announced today, to resume the Conference opened in London recently, at which an agreement was reached between them on various matters, concerning Ulster and Southern Ireland.

Calcutta, Jan. 31st.—Women from Ben-

gal and Punjab region were among the speakers at a non-cooperation meeting on Sunday which was dispersed by the police. One hundred and eight men were arrested.

London, Jan. 31st.—Today having been fixed as the beginning of the "Civil disobedience" campaign in India, several of the London newspapers discussed the outlook, which they regard with considerable anxiety. The plan laid down by Gandhi the noncooperationist leader to try the disobedience experiment first in the two areas of Burdoli, seems from various reports little likely to be observed, indications being that the scheme will be put into operation throughout a much wider area. The recent movement in the Gunter district, cited in support of this supposition. Reports appear almost daily in the press showing that the noncooperation propaganda is becoming intensified in the rural areas where the peasantry are elated at the prospect held out by Gandhi's agents that they shall be exempt from taxation. There are also indication of serious unrest in some provinces chiefly at Barahadki and Hurdoce in Northern Cudh, where it is reported agitators are exciting people with assertions similar to those which materially aided the cause of the Indian Mutiny. Among these are statements that the British are mixing wine with the medicines issued at the public dispensaries and are using pork fat in certain manufactures. Both pork and wine are anathema to Mohammedans. Similar stories affecting the religious prejudice of the Hindu are circulating, with the purpose of influencing that section of the populace. Official despatch admit the seriousness of the situation.

London, Jan. 31st.—The Times in an editorial under the caption, "The mystery of the Genoa Conference success emphasizes the vagueness of the hopes of the promoters." With the United States holding critically aloof, with France reluctantly consenting and the other European Governments doubtfully or anxiously acceding" says the paper, it would be a surprise if the Conference came near to realizing the hopes of its promoters. What these hopes are it is extremely difficult to understand. The Nations are together to discuss the economic reconstruction of Central and Eastern Europe. Austria is in deep distress and the state of Russia beyond imagination is appalling. Can anything be done to relieve the situation by a hasty conference of busy Premiers.

NEW YORK, February 1st.

Flour, Blend 100 lbs. St. Lawrence Brand
pr. bbl. \$6.00.
Meal Kiln-dried per 100 lbs \$1.60
New Season's Pork per bbl. \$37.00
Heavy Mess Pork per bbl. \$25.00
Sugar---Crystals maximum per 100 lbs.
\$3 73
Molasses Sugar 89° test, no quotation.