

S T. C R O I X A V I S

Castries, St. Lucia,
8th Jan. 1921.

Mr. Paul Rosseau,
President of the Federation Fran-
caise de Boxe
24, Boulevard Poissonniere.

Dear Sir,

I am directed by Mr T F. H. Morenga-Bonaparte Champion of the West Indian, to inform you that he has entrusted the Management of his affairs in my hands from the month of December last.

Mr. Bonaparte who had proposed coming over to Paris since last Spring, has had to cancell his proposals owing to his tournament through the entire West Indian Isles which will take him another three months.

Among his correspondences, I have made note of your kind letter dated 8th March last which is in reply to a letter of his dated 31st January last making enquiry of Marcel Maillet of Paris whom he would have been glad to meet in a proposed return-match; but, as far as I can gather from the nature of your reply it seems doubtful as to the possibility of the meeting of Maillet who has retired from his professional ring activities to that of a trainer.

As my man (Morenga-Bonaparte) is in condition to meet any French or other professional-boxers of his weight on his arrival in Paris, I should be very pleased if you would be good enough as to communicate to me the condition under which your esteemed Federation and other recognized Clubs in Paris will agree to engage him in your ring.

Taking this opportunity to wish you the compliments of the seasons and a happy New Year bringing you the best of Health throughout.

Trusting that you will oblige me with an early reply,

I am, Dear Sir,

Yours respectfully,

(Sgd. E. M. ZEPHIRIN,
Manager for 'FIGHTING BONAPARTE'
West Indian Champion.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, Oct. 14th.—Proposals for improving Great Britain's export trade by the credit system, have been approved by the Cabinet committee on unemployment including the allocation of 12,000,000 to banks which will act as Govt. agents, says the Evening Standard. The Govt. guarantees to traders exporting to certain countries it is said, will be raised from 50% of the value of the goods to be exported, to 75%. It is understood the Post Office Dept. is considering a plan for providing work for large numbers of unemployed, and at the same time for benefitting the country. This plan includes the laying of several hundred miles of underground cables.

Madrid, Oct. 14th.—Further official messages from Melilla report that the Spanish troops at 11 o'clock this morning occupied the position of Baguenzaim. Between Tanima and the fort, the ground was covered with the bodies of Spanish soldiers who perished in the July massacre.

New York, Oct. 14th. Unemployed British men and women in New York will be given relief through the proceeds of a benefit to be given by the United British Relief Committee at the New Amsterdam theatre on Sunday Oct. 23rd. British and Canadian Clubs and societies in New York are affiliated in the committee. Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador and Lady Geddes, will be in attendance, and Sir Harry Lauder will speak. Prominent Broadway stars will furnish the entertainment.

London, Oct. 14th. Earl Cavan, who commanded the British Fourteenth Army Corps during the war, will be one of the War Office Representatives at the Washington's Conference, it was announced today. According to present arrangements, Mr. Lloyd George expects to sail for the United States on November 4th.

New York, Oct. 14th.—The Standard Oil Company of New York has announced an increase in the price of gasoline of one cent a gallon, making the wholesale tank wagon price 25cents. The price of kerosene also was increased from 14 to 15 cents a gallon wholesale.

Mexico, Oct. 14th.—Fifty armed men under the leadership of the rebel captain Castillo, yesterday held up a passenger train from Vera Cruz to Mexico City near the small station of Signoret, seven miles from Pueblo, robbed the passengers and escaped with considerable booty.

London, Oct. 14th.—The "Times" in an editorial this morning designates as the wise words of a practical statesman President Harding's statement that what he wants through the Washington Conference is "Something practicable that there is a chance to accomplish", repeating also his assertion that the desirability of universal disarmament at this time might well be questioned. "We commend them", adds the "Times", "to the meditation of all who fancy that this imperfect world cannot be effectively policed unless the policemen continue to carry the "Big Stick". The paper declares that it is encouraging that the United States does not aim at Utopian ideals, such as appear to be suggested in a curious inconsequential manifesto from the British Navy League, which it published in another column. This manifesto which was submitted to the "Times" by officials of the Navy League as a memorandum discussing the Washington Conference, says: "The principal problem, the limitation of armaments, treated purely as a material one, does not appear possible of a satisfactory solution on those lines,

for we are forced to the conclusion that it is not a material problem at all, but a moral one". It then proceeds to emphasize that science may so alter the ship of today as to change completely the relative international positions according to the integrity of the various nations inventors though the nations kept strictly to the letter of agreement. It asserts that it is also impossible to assign a mathematical factor of strength of any ship "It is in the exercise of power that most of the difficulty lies", adds the memorandum, which advocates that the sea be regarded as a "field for almost unlimited service", rather than with a view to the "possibility of exercising the greatest power in the world".

London, Oct. 14th.—Information obtained by police emissaries several weeks ago that noon yesterday had been fixed for the beginning of a "revolution" under the Communist banner, accounted for the unprecedented preparations for dealing with any emergency by Scotland Yard, it was learned today. After what the Daily Herald, the Labourite organ, terms "the battle of Piccadilly" yesterday, when hundreds of mounted and foot police charged into the crowds of unemployment demonstrators and a few brusied heads all was quiet today. There were only a few idlers in Trafalgar Square, which yesterday was rimmed by hundreds of police. Scotland Yard authorities expressed the belief that there is little danger of an early recurrence of yesterday's scenes. Inquiry today elicited the fact that yesterday's police preparations included the commandeering of the Metropolitan underground Railways, and the omnibus lines if found necessary, which would have enabled the concentration of 15,000 men at any trouble centre within half an hour.

Ottawa, Oct. 15th.—The Board of Railway Commissioners yesterday issued the following statement:—"In accordance with the judgement and order of the Board dated July 14th, 1921, the rate of exchange in connection with shipments of freight between points in Canada and the United States from October 15th to 31st, inclusive, will be 9 11/32%, and the surcharge on the said traffic will be 6% rate of surcharge on international passenger business will be based on 9% exchange".

Madrid, Oct. 14th.—Further official messages from Melilla report that the consolidation of the captured positions is proceeding rapidly without molestation by the enemy, the Moroccans being in full flight. Their columns are returning to the original station without disturbance of any kind.

Paris, Oct. 15th.—Great Britain has accepted the Upper Silesian decision of the League of Nations Council, according to the Havas Agency. It is said that the Allies, after an exchange of views, are in accord as to the procedure to be adopted for carrying out the decision.