

TELEGRAMS

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, Jan. 19th.—According to a well-known statistician the Jewish population in the world is fifteen millions, and there are three hundred thousand in the British Isles.

Paris, Jan. 18th.—The Clemenceau Cabinet resigned today and President Poincare has asked M. Millerand, Governor of Alsace, to form a New Cabinet. The outgoing Ministry had been in office since October 1917.

Paris, Jan. 18th.—The Paris edition of the New York Herald states that President Wilson asked for delay by the League of Nations on the matter concerning the Saare Valley, until the United States should have appointed delegates to the League, but that the Saare Commission has been appointed without reference to the United States.

Brussels, Jan. 18th.—Deep emotion is felt in Holland at the Allied demand for the extradition of former Emperor William, according to a despatch from the Hague. It is expected that pressure will be brought to bear upon him to surrender voluntarily.

Stockholm, Jan. 18th.—Efforts to mediate between employers and workers in Sweden have failed and a lockout, to begin on the twenty sixth, has been declared. As a result, nine hundred and fifty thousand men will be unemployed. The employers association may later extend the lockout to all skilled labour. A commission appointed by the Government will begin deliberation immediately in the interests of conciliation.

Kingston, Jamaica, Jan. 18th.—The Government is considering a proposal to grant preference to British imports notably cotton goods. The rate of exchange is having a prejudicial effect upon the American market.

London, Jan. 19th.—Some members of the Parliamentary Labour Party have gone to Dublin to study the condition of Ireland, among them being Messrs. Henderson, Adamson, Clynes, Wilson, Parkinson and Smith. They will visit Belfast, Cork and other centres and will seek the viewpoint of all sections of Irish opinion.

Constantinople, Jan. 19th.—Protests against the reported intention of the Peace Conference to dismember the Turkish Empire and internationalize Constantinople, were voiced at a great mass meeting held here, and much enthusiasm was aroused, while Turkey's inalienable rights to Constantinople were discussed. Resolutions were adopted that the City should remain the Capital and seat of the Government, demanding the evacuation of Smyrna and the adjacent regions by the Greeks, and the immediate conclusion of Peace.

Trinidad, Jan. 18th.—Admiral Lord Jellicoe and Sir Robert L. Borden were the guests of honour at a dinner given by the Trinidad Union Club last night.

His Excellency the Governor, President of the Club, presided, and there was an attendance of some two hundred members and guests who included Admiral Sir A. F. Everett and officers of H.M.S. "New Zealand", "Calcutta" and "Constance". Speeches were delivered by His Excellency the Governor, Sir Henry Alcazar, K.C., Lord Jellicoe, the Hon R. S. A. Warner, K.C., and Sir Robert Borden, and they were of a very high order. The toast of Admiral Lord Jellicoe and Sir R. Borden were enthusiastically received.

Trinidad, Jan. 20th.—The Ball given at Government House last night in honour of Admiral Lord Jellicoe by His Excellency the Governor and Lady Chancellor was a brilliant success. Admiral Jellicoe and Admiral Everett with their Staffs entered the Ball Room at 9.30 p. m. and dancing was kept up until 3 a. m. About 500 guests, including many officers from H.M.S. "New Zealand", "Calcutta" and "Constance" were present and the Band of the "New Zealand" supplied the music.

London, Jan. 20th.—Lord Robert Cecil, one of the foremost advocates of the League of Nations, says it would be foolish to shut our eyes to the fact that the present organization of the Empire is not so perfect as to be free from danger. We could continue indefinitely, he says, the system by which the direction of our foreign policy would be exclusively in the hands of the Mother Country, though any blunder might effect the prosperity and the national existence of the Empire. But, conversely, it was indefensible that some chauvinistic outburst or administrative folly committed by the Government of a distant dominion without consultation with the Imperial Authorities, might plunge the Empire into foreign complications.

London, Jan. 19th.—The regulations of the Ministry of Food regarding the exportation of tea have been relaxed.

New York, Jan. 19th.—Liquor valued at five million dollars has been seized since Friday.

Berlin, Jan. 19th.—Proposals by the Allies for the postponement for five days of the occupation of certain points have been agreed upon by the Germans. Transport delays are stated to be the cause of the postponement.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20th 1920.

Flour, Blended Clear St. Lawrence Brand pr. brl. \$12.25
Meal, Kilndried per 100 lbs \$3.57
New Season's Pork per brl. \$45.00
Heavy Mess Pork per bbl. \$45.50
Sugar---Crystals (Confirmed by Brokers) per 100 lbs. \$7.28.
Molasses 89° test pr 100 lbs. no quotation
Cotton, Middling Upland, at Liverpool per lb. 27 85-100d.
Exchange, New York and London, 60 days' sight \$3.63½
Exchange New York and London, sight \$3.66½

LONDON, Dec. 20th 1919.

Sugar-Demerara Crystals duty paid price, fixed by the Royal Commission per cwts 104s. 0d. -106s. 0d.

Muscovado, 89° basis, floating terms in bond, Ditto duty paid. 63s. 6d. - 95s. 0d.
German Beet 88° f.o.b. no further sales during the war

White Java sugar cif U. Kingdom cif without engagement. 86.0.

White Java Sugar, cif United Kingdom if arrives before 27th December 85/
Demerara Rum, per gal. nominal.

Trinidad Cocoa, Good Middling Red per cwt 128s. 0d. 130s. 0d.

Cotto Medium Fine Sea Island, at Liverpool nominal per lb.

Bank of England rate of Discount per cent. 6.

OBITUARY.

News was received this morning, of the death in Trinidad on the afternoon of Friday the 16th inst. of Mr. Bartholomew Bornn, after an illness of but practically four weeks. The deceased who was not only very well known here but beloved and esteemed for his amiable qualities, and who for practically his lifetime was engaged in all charitable works, social, religious and otherwise, was born here in September 1832. Hence, he had not only long since passed his "three score years and ten," but was fast merging in his 90th year. Truly a blessed age!

Through the falling away of trade he left with his family on the 20th November 1905 for Trinidad, where he ever since resided. He leaves behind a widow, fourteen children, and a large number of grand-children and great-grand-children to lament his loss. All of this large family, with but the exception of the Widow Mrs. Vance and daughters and our well-known and esteemed townsman Consul David O. Bornn, and sons, are residing abroad; some in New York, others in Havana, Cuba, but the majority in Trinidad.

In his life time among us, Mr. Bornn manifested great concern, and evinced much interest in the uplift of the poor, and by his kindness and gentleness won the hearts of one and all. Nothing was of too much trouble for him to undertake; he was always ready and willing to assist every good and worthy cause, and now that his allotted space on earth is run, and he has been called home by the Master, we can but bow our heads in submission to the Divine Will, hoping that a life spent and given to so many good and useful works will but receive its just reward in the land of light.

To the sorrowing and grief-stricken members of the family we beg to extend our sincerest sympathy, assuring them that as the deceased was very intimate with, and well-known to us, that we too grieve with them. "Whatsoever the Lord pleaseth, he doeth." He has but taken our departed friend into the "realms of bliss and felicity."—*St. Thomas Mail Notes, Jan. 19th.*