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TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Manila, Nov. 2nd.—The Philippine Senate today unanimously adopted a resolution asking the United States Congress to authorize the Philippine Legislature to call a Constitutional Convention to create a future independent Republic in the Philippines and determine what relation it should bear to the United States Government. The resolution was sent to the House of Representatives.

London, Nov. 2nd.—Russian rouble notes, overprinted with the legended "vote for Labour and this is what your money will worth," are being distributed by the Conservatives in the latest electioneering dodge of the campaign. Thousands of the latest and most attractive Soviet issues have been bought up at no very great expense for this propaganda.

Bristol, Nov. 2nd.—The subject of Great Britain's debt to the United States and the money due Great Britain from other countries was discussed briefly by Lord Birkenhead, speaking here today in place of Mr. Lloyd George, who is indisposed. "The happy prospect", he said, "with which we are confronted is that we are to pay everything we owe and that no one is to pay anything they owe us. Some people, he continued, "asserted that the Entente cordiale would be endangered if Great Britain said she was going to pay her debt and he did not see why she should forgive all those who owed her money. We do not think America is in danger of quarreling with her good friend Great Britain, when she politely reminds us that we owe her a considerable sum of money and I do not

ST. MARY'S MOVIES

Tuesday Nov. 7th 1922, 8.15 P. M.

"THE SIGN INVISIBLE"

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so why other nations should be so very sensitive on matters of business". He paid a tribute to the work of Lord Balfour at the Washington conference last winter, adding, ironically "Lord Balfour is the one clever man, who this country no longer needs". In conclusion, Lord Birkenhead declared that he did not despair of seeing an extension of the field of the Washington conference to cover land armaments and aerial preparations.

London, Nov. 2nd.—Stunned by the heavy downfall of their candidates in municipal elections throughout England, the labourites have intensified their campaign with the hope of making a better showing in the general elections for Parliament. The labourites have lost 149 seats, which they previously held in London and about 150 seats, which they occupied in eighty boroughs outside of the capital, for the most part in such large cities as Manchester, Liverpool, Birmingham, Derby, Nottingham, Southampton and Portsmouth.

Washington, Nov. 2nd.—Collectors of Customs were instructed today by the Treasury to assess the duty on cement imported from Canada at the rate of eight cents per one hundred pounds under the provisions of the new tariff act.

London, Nov. 2nd.—The following is the time table of the British election proclamation dissolving Parliament on October 26th. Nomination day, November 4th, elections, November 15th, assembly of the new Parliament, November 20th.

Paris, Nov. 2nd.—The allied council of ambassadors is awaiting an important report from General Nollet, head of the allied commission of control in Germany, regarding a recent incident at Passau,

Bavaria, and other developments, which threaten to bring to a halt the commission's work of supervising Germany's disarmament. It is expected that General Nollet's report will inform the council that the commission has reached obstacles, which must be removed, before it can go on with its duties. The incident at Passau, where civilian mobs molested members of the commission and prevented the search of a factory in which the manufacture of arms was suspected is regarded in allied quarters, and particularly by the French, as the gravest incident that has yet occurred in connection with the control of the German disarmament.

New York, Nov. 4th.—German marks dropped to another low record today, being quoted here at one and thirteen-sixteenths of a cent per hundred. This is the first time they have broken below two cents per hundred in the local market. Foreign exchange dealers could only account for this further collapse by the constant and expanding note circulation and the increasing seriousness of Germany's economic condition.

London, Nov. 3rd.—Addressing a meeting of women at Drury Lane theatre last night, Mr. Bonar Law stated that British relations with France must be the keynote of British foreign policy. The Premier declared that he hoped the approaching Near East peace conference would bring a peaceful solution of the questions, so that the withdrawal of the British troops could be effected. He announced that he had exchanged friendly messages with the new Italian Premier. The naval position of Great Britain must, he said, be maintained and

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