

St. Croix Avis.

77TH YEAR.

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TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Winnipeg, Man., July 9th.—Reports were received here last night of a heavy windstorm which struck Rosetown, Sask., and other towns early on Sunday morning, causing the loss of three lives in the storm area and heavy damage to the property of farmers, whose buildings were demolished by the wind. Wire communication with the affected parts is cut off and confirmation of the report is not yet obtainable.

Lausanne, July 9th.—Ismet Pasha has proved himself perhaps a greater diplomat than a general, for by the Near Eastern peace, which was arranged in principle between the Allied and Turkish representatives in the early hours of this morning, he achieved signal victories for his country, entitling him to high honours from the Grand Angora Assembly. Ismet never relinquished his grasp on the delicate situation that often confronted the conference. He kept all the skilled diplomats guessing from the start, he smiled always but seldom if ever did yield. The Angora Government must still be consulted on several points concerning Allied concessions in Turkey, but everybody at Lausanne believes that peace will surely be signed within ten days and the secretariat is going ahead with preparations for a plenary assembly of the delegations and the solemn signature of the Peace Pact. Should Bolshevik Russia accept the invitation to come here to sign the Straits Convention, the final ceremony will possess special significance since this would bring Russia into official relations with the powers in an important international treaty. The great result of

the Lausanne peace, as seen by the diplomats here, is that one of the most serious dangers to the happiness of the continent has been removed by the liquidation of the state of war in the Near East and by the agreement of Turkey and Greece to lay down arms at last. European troops will evacuate Turkish soil. "Peace, peace, tell it to the world". These were the words of the Turkish leaders to the correspondents, as they emerged jubilant from the conference hall, after a session that extended well into the night. Turkey won a succession of victories throughout the conference and by the Lausanne treaty will achieve two results worthy of an important place in European history. In the first place, in one sweep she obtains abolition of capitulations, a step which it took Japan long years to accomplish. In the second place, Turkey by her reentry into Eastern Thrace, comes back into Europe. The agreements show that the Allies were able to maintain a united front despite moments when the incompatibility of views appeared seriously to threaten the solidarity of the powers.

New York, July 9th.—Another slash was made in the price of refined sugar in the local market today, which caused refined granulated to drop as low as 6 75 by one refiner, or 1 1/2 cents below the high price of the season and half a cent below last week's close. The drop was due to reofferings of 2,300 tons of refined sugar which had been shipped abroad but were returned because no foreign market could be found. The slack domestic demand also was a contributing factor.

Lausanne, July 9th.—Turkey wants Great Britain to remove her warships from Turkish waters simultaneously with her land forces, that is, within six weeks after the ratification of the peace treaty by the Angora Government. The warships of France and Italy must also go. Ismet Pasha declares, so that Ottoman subjects may be freed of all this evidence of foreign dominion. The Allied representatives have referred the question to their home Governments. It is presumed that Great Britain will agree to a reduction in number of ships, but will decline to withdraw all of them, pending general ratification of the Straits Convention, which fixes the number of warships which may pass through the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus. The protocol on concessions, which will be attached to the treaty, provides that in

case the Chester Company abandons parts of its contracts and decides not to build the allotted railways, Turkey will give an option to the British and French companies enjoying prewar rights.

London, July 9th.—The German Government itself is responsible for the depreciation of Germany's currency, is the finding of the Reichstag's committee of inquiry, which issued its report today, says a central News despatch from Berlin. The report, adds the message, says the collapse of the mark was particularly due to extensive purchases of foreign coal by the railway administration, without notifying the Reich bank or other authorities.

Dusseldorf, July 10th.—The German railwaymen's strike funds, amounting to 17,000,000,000 marks, has been seized by the French at Maximilienau.

Paris, July 9th.—Ernest Julet, charged with conspiring with the enemy during the war, was acquitted today after ten minutes deliberation by the Jury.

Fargo, N. D., July 9th.—At least three persons were killed and damage estimated at \$1,500,000 was done by terrific wind, hail and rainstorms which swept over the North, central and northeastern part of North Dakota late on Sunday, according to reports reaching here today.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED MAIL FOR THE WEEK ENDED JULY 7, 1923.

Mr. Christian George, (2)
Estate Constitution Hill,
Miss Alma O'Neale,
Mr. Holger Whitehead,
Post Office, Christiansted, Virgin Islands, July 9, 1923.
B. R. LARSEN, Postmaster.

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