

will be over a triangular course, ten miles to a leg. The start and finish will be at the Ambrose Channel Lightship, but the course itself will not be announced by the Race Committee until a few minutes before the preparatory signal is blown. Betting odds in Wall Street yesterday on the remaining races were. On the series, even money, on Resolute and Shamrock IV. Today's race, six to five on the Resolute to win 3 straight races, Shamrock 9 to 2.

London, July 16th.—Following is the result of the Eclipse Stakes. 1st Buchan. 2nd Silvern. 3rd Allenby.

St. Thomas, July 17th.—Communication with Trinidad restored.

Wimbledon, July 16th.—Mr. J. C. Parke, the noted British tennis-player, was defeated by Wm. J. Johnston of California in the first match between the British and United States Davis Cup Teams in their contest for the right to challenge Australia for the trophy. The score was 6-4, 6-4, 2-6, -6-2.

Paris, July 16th.—The exchange of ratifications of the treaty of St. Germain, which established peace between the Allies and Austria, took place yesterday in the cloakroom at the Foreign Office. Jules Cambon presided over the ceremony.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 16th.—Three severe earthquake shocks, the first at 10.10 this morning and the second and third at 1.27 and 1.29 this afternoon, created excitement throughout Los Angeles and its suburbs, caused damage of a minor nature to a number of buildings, and inflicted physical injuries upon several men, women and children. Business in many establishments came practically to a standstill after the third shock, and thirty minutes later the crowds were still gathered in the streets, either fearful of returning to work, or interested in learning the extent of the damage. A piece of coping at Market and Main Streets fell and struck a fire alarm box, turning in an alarm. The response of the brigade and rumours flying through the streets caused some person to send in a call for ambulances, which was promptly responded to. Cracks in the front and walls of a few buildings were reported after the second and third shocks, and hospitals in department stores were overflowing with fainting and hysterical women shoppers.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 16th.—A sharp earthquake, the fourth since 10.10 o'clock today, was felt at 6.13 tonight. There was no damage reported.

Spa, July 16th.—The German representatives signed at 8.45 o'clock, thereby settling one of the most difficult questions which has come up in the present discussion. Signatures were affixed on the document after four hours' session at the Villa Fraineuse, one hour of which was spent by the Germans in a cabinet consultation in an adjoining room. There was a conflict over the in-

roduction in the protocol of a menace of the occupation of additional German territory after October 17th. next, if Germany coal deliveries were not up to the stipulated quantity of 6,000,000 tons by that date. The Allies decided to drop this clause of the protocol below the signature line. Before the arrival of the German delegates today the Allied Premiers completed the consideration of the discussion of reparations due from Germany. As finally adopted the reparations will be made on the following basis: France 52%, Great Britain 22%, Italy 10%, Belgium 8%, Japan and Portugal each $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1%, the remaining six and a half percent between Serbia, Rumania and Poland. Besides the eight percent Belgium is to receive she will retain the priority right to 2,500,000,000 marks from which will be paid sums loaned Belgium by the Allies. The proposed changes in the protocol submitted by the Germans were for the most part purely technical and were rejected except an amendment to article one by which the Allies accepted an additional provision that the deliveries of coal should be averaged in order to take into account floods in the Rhine regions. Section two also was amended to allow a premium of five marks per ton on all deliveries by land or sea.

The Pathfinder reproduces a cartoon from the Chicago Drovers Journal depicting a relentless old fellow labeled Labor Radicals, with uplifted axe representing strikes with which he is in the act of decapitating a goose, industry. The inscription under this caricature reads: "When will the striking worker come to his senses and realize that he is killing the goose that lays the golden egg?"—*Pathfinder*.

H. C. L. DOUBLES PRICE OF WIVES.

Travellers in Central Africa aver that old H. C. L. has by no means slighted Africa, even though it is the Dark Continent. An example of the rise in prices is shown in the case of wives. In prewar days a fine, 16 hands high wife could be bought for four spearheads. Now she costs eight. In the cattle districts a healthy young wife is valued at eight cows instead of four.—*Ibid*.

MUST WEAR MORE CLOTHES.

Women coming into the court of Judge F. W. Geiger of Springfield, Ohio, to get divorces will have to wear more than "peekaboo" waists and "seemore" skirts. The judge told the attorneys that it made no difference how hot the weather was the women would have to wear more clothes.—*Ibid*.

BRIDE'S DRESS TOO SCANT.

A wedding ceremony was delayed in

a cathedral in New Orleans because the bride, in the opinion of the officiating priest, was immodestly attired. The bride had started up the main aisle to the air of the wedding march when the priest saw her and found her attire "so shocking" that he had the sexton put out the lights so that she could retire and properly clothe herself. The style of the dress was considered to be a violation of the recent order to the archbishop of the diocese relative to wearing apparel.—*Ibid*.

LIQUORS GO WITH HOUSE IN SALE.

In Chicago the home of the deceased millionaire G. F. Griffin is for sale, and the man who buys the house gets the stock of liquors in the cellar. The house is said to be worth \$50,000 while the contents of the cellar are valued at \$100,000.—*Ibid*.

Don't be surprised when your complaints against profiteers' prices accomplish nothing, if you keep right on buying from them and paying what they demand. Only effective way to combat these gougers is for everybody to boycott goods held at exorbitant prices. It now appears that the rank and file in America have come to recognize this weapon and are beginning to use it with telling effect.—*Ibid*.

Some people have so much money they don't know what to do with it. The Waltham Watch Co. advertises a lady's wrist watch for \$250 to \$1,500, depending on the case. A Washington store advertises men's shirts "at a bargain, three for \$25." A New York store advertises feather fans "starting as low as \$75." It is time that people who have money to squander on luxuries of this sort should be asked point-blank where they got it. And they should be "taxed till it hurts" so much that they will stop spending for such things. When half the world are struggling for the necessities of life such extravagance becomes a crime. It is that sort of thing that brought on the French revolution, and also the present revolution in Russia.—*Ibid*.

Publication.

It is hereby brought to public notice that the Government has, this date, authorized Rev. WALDEMAR IVAN RUTAN to perform civil-religious functions in the Municipality of St. Croix.

Government of the Virgin Islands of the United States, St. Thomas 8 July 1920.

C. C. TIMMONS.
Government Secretary.