

that now that Dr. Knapps regime has fallen, the whole danger lies in a communist uprising. Communist forces are reported to be marching on Berlin from various other cities, but Mr. Dresel says if a few more hours pass quietly, a crisis may be averted.

Washington, March 18th.—Constitutional guarantees have been suspended throughout the Republic of Salvador, because of a threatened revolution.

Washington, March 18th.—The exodus of Mexican labourers to the United States has grown to such proportions that entire towns are leaving.

Constantinople, March 18th.—On the occupation of Constantinople by the British French and Italian forces, the High Commissioner issued the following proclamation. First: The occupation is provisional. Second: The Entente powers have no intention to destroy the Sultans authority. They wish rather to strengthen it in all places which shall remain under Ottoman administration. Third: The Entente Powers are persisting in their purpose not to deprive the Turks of Constantinople. But if, which God forbid, troubles develop and massacres occur, that decision will probably be modified. Fourth: In this critical hour every one must attend to his own affairs and assist in maintaining general security, without permitting himself to be deceived by those whose frenzy tends to destroy the last hope of building out of the ancient Turkish empire a new Turkey. In short, certain persons implicated in threats have been arrested in Constantinople and they naturally will be held responsible for these acts and for consequent results. Among the agitators arrested were Djemal Pasha, former Minister of war, and his chief of staff, Djavad Pasha.

London, March 18th.—The Westminster Gazette says that Sir Auckland Geddes will be spared one of the most difficult functions of an Ambassador to the United States, through the excellent decision to allow Canada to maintain her own representative at Washington. Innumerable questions crop up there which a British Ambassador naturally would not always understand thoroughly. The paper questions the objections of Washington concerning the representation of the Dominions on the League of Nations and says this question can be handled more effectively between the Canadian and Washington Governments than by any Government of Great Britain.

London, March 18th.—The British and French Governments have notified Prince Feisal, son of the King of Hedjaz, that they cannot recognize the validity of the Damascus Government which proclaimed him King of Syria. This statement was made by Mr. Lloyd George in the House of Commons, in answer to a question, and he added

that the Prince had been asked to come to Europe to state his case.

Sydney, N. S. W., March 18th.—Mr. Hughes the Premier, in a speech here today, said the United States was hesitating to accept the covenant of the League of Nations owing to a misunderstanding and because each British dominion had a vote. "We stand fast by the treaty on the same status of nationhood as the United States," said the Premier. "Australia paid a thousand fold greater price than the United States. We are a small nation, but we are jealous of our liberty and determined to maintain our rights."

Paris, March 18th.—The "Temps" today quotes a Russian Bolshevik radio despatch, issued since the Berlin Coup as saying in connection with the Bolshevik propaganda in Alaska, that the population of Alaska are seeking to separate from the United States and organize a Soviet Government.

London, March 18th.—The Royal Commission on the income tax recommends, with respect to incomes taxed both in Great Britain and the Dominion of Canada, that there should be deducted from the United Kingdom the whole of the Canadian tax charged in respect to the same income. This recommendation is however subject to certain reservations concerning the maximum amount of relief so granted.

London, March 18th.—Seven candidates were nominated today in the Stockport election, for which two seats are vacant. The candidates include two Coalitionists, representing both wings of the party. Also Sir Leo Chizsa Monev, the noted economic writer, who stands as Labour candidate, and Mr. G. Kadel connected with many company flotations, who fights under the banner of Mr. Horatio Bottomley. Alderman O'Brien, Secretary of the Irish Labour Party in Dublin and now in prison, has been nominated by the Stockport Irish Party.

London, March 18th.—The "Evening Standard" says it learns that the commander of the Turkish troops in Thrace has refused to accept orders from Constantinople and has renounced the armistice and purposes to establish a Government in Adrianople.

Berlin, March 19th.—The Ebert Government is again in control at Berlin and Vice Chancellor Schiffer, in whose hands the sudden retirement of Dr. Knapp has temporarily placed administrative power, and Herr Noske, Minister of Defence, are engaged in bringing about order in the city and restoring its activities to their normal basis.

London, March 18th.—Questioned in the House of Commons concerning when a statement of policy in regard to the situation in Germany would be made, Mr. Lloyd George said that in a rapidly changing situation, such as that at present existing in Germany, the Government does not consider any fresh state-

ment of policy possible. He said the matter was under consideration and the public might rest assured that Great Britain in common with the other allies intended to see that the terms of the peace treaty were observed. Diplomatic despatches from Germany filed last night give a much more optimistic view of the general situation, notwithstanding that there have been more reports of Spartacist uprising.

This morning there was hardly any meat in the Butchers' Stall due to, if we have the liberty of stating that our Food Commission have without reflective thought given the advantage to other places over us by allowing cattle to be shipped from the Virgin Islands to other places; being familiar with our small area for cattle raising and hence "a-beef-and-veal-panic" today, which might continue for some time. The Commission ought to reconsider this; perhaps a mistake on their part in allowing cattle to be shipped from the Virgin Islands to the supposed benefit of others abroad should now do all in its power to adjust matters. We have, however, always believed that competition in a crucial time with certain Governmental relations would have easily settled local conditions in a small community to the satisfaction of all.—*Com.—St. Thomas Bulletin, March 24th.*

We had the pleasure of a visit this morning from Senor M. Gondra, the Paraguayan Minister to Washington, D. C., and who is a passenger on board the American s.s. "West Avenal". His Excellency, who is "driving the town" will be with us until tomorrow when he leaves for his "poste official". *St. Thomas Mail Notes, March 26th.*

THE TRUE SPIRIT OF BOLSHEVISM.

Bolshevist A (to a friend): "well old chap, if you were the happy owner of six ships, would you not, as a genuine promoter of our noble cause, be disposed to fraternally divide your fortune with me?" Bolshevist B: "why, certainly dear brother."

Bolshevist A: "If, perchance, you possessed six goats, would you not be likewise inclined to do the same."

Bolshevist B: "Now, look here don't you make any such joke with me, for you know full well that I own six goats!,"—*Com.—Ibid*

It is reported that a very serious accident occurred this morning by the Quartermaster's Department (known as 75) when the marine motor truck ran over a man. The man was immediately conveyed to the hospital and is pronounced to be in a bad condition. The case is under investigation and we hope as soon as the truth is obtained to give a full report.—*St. Thomas Bulletin, March 29.*