

St. Croix Avis.

76TH YEAR.

CHRISTIANSTED, V. I. U. S. A., WEDNESDAY 13TH JULY 1921.

No. 162.

THE ST. CROIX AVIS

is printed and published daily (Sundays and Holidays excepted) by G. Johansen at the Avis Office.

TERMS--50 cents monthly in advance.
2 cents per single copy.

Entered as second-class matter May 26th 1917 at the Post Office at Christiansted, St. Croix, V. I. of the U. S. A., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Contribution to this paper will be gladly received when the same deals with matters of general interest, and is accompanied with the author's name, as a guarantee of good faith. The editor cannot be responsible for the views of his correspondents nor does he necessarily endorse them.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, July 8th.—The wage dispute in the building trades of Great Britain which has for some time seriously retarded building operations has been settled on lines which it is believed will result in the speedy expansion, of construction work on a considerable scale and help to further clear the industrial situation generally. Owing to the coal shortage, the underground railways of London have decided to suspend the operation of all their trains after midnight. This involves the dismissal of 300 men, a step which the union admit is necessary. General train service are still seriously curtailed.

London, July 8th.—The evacuation of Upper Silesia by the insurgent forces was officially completed at midnight on Wednesday, according to a London Time despatch from Kaltowitz. Railway traffic has been resumed over the entire plebiscite area. British forces, it is added, now occupy the Polish frontier as far as Beathen while the French are in control of Konigasutte Kaltowitz and the southern region.

London, July 8th.—Mr. Lloyd George informed the House of Commons today, in reply to a question, that the Greek reply to the Allied offer to mediate between the Greeks and the Turkish Nationalist, which has just been received, is of a simple negative character. He added it did not call for immediate further action on the part of the British Government.

New York, July 8th.—The raw sugar market was firm early today, and prices were $\frac{1}{2}$ c higher to the basis of 4.25 for

centrifugal. Refined was firmer, and prices were advanced 10 points by three of the leading refiners to the basis of 5.50 for fine granulated. Two were unchanged at 5.20.

Paris, July 8th.—The French Govt. has informed its Allies that it has withdrawn the French Mission appointed to follow the trials in Leipsic of Germans accused of violating the rules of civilized warfare. An exchange of views has been going on between the Allied Govts. as to the attitude to be taken in view of the verdicts rendered in the cases thus far decided. The French are particularly indignant because of the acquittal on Wednesday of Lieutenant-General Stenger who was charged with ordering his troops to kill the French wounded and prisoners, and the hostile attitude of the Leipsic troops towards the Allied Missioners. The newspapers comment bitterly on the result of the trials, some of them suggesting that since there is no justice to be obtained in Leipsic, the French troops will remain on the Rhine.

London, July 8th.—Notice was issued at 10 Downing Street the Premier's official residence, that arrangements are being made for hostilities in Ireland to cease from noon Monday. A truce has been decided between Great Britain and Ireland. It will take effect at noon on Monday next. Preparations are already underway to end hostilities on the part of those actively engaged in the Irish cause and the crown forces. Developments leading to the truce were divided between London and Dublin. In Dublin, Ramon de Valera, Irish Republic Leader and his Nationalists associates renewed their conference with the Southern Unionists. Earl Middleton, a Unionist who recently conferred with the Prime Minister, read a letter from Mr. Lloyd George to the effect that hostilities must cease if negotiations looking to peace were to succeed. General Sir Nevil Mac Ready, British Military Commander in Ireland appeared at the De Valera conference and it was not for many hours later that the announcement was made at the Prime Minister's official residence in London, that in accordance with the Prime Minister's offer and Mr. De Valera's reply, arrangements were going forward for the cessation of hostilities from Monday noon. The King has been a leading figure in the developments up to the present, while General Smuts, the South African Premier, has acted as the pivot on which the peace movement has turned. There

is hope in London and Dublin too that peace must come out of the forces which are now engaged in seeking a settlement.

Publication.

It is hereby made known that the Horse Carriage and Boat Tax for the second half year 1921 will be received by the Director of Police in Christiansted and Frederiksted from the 20th inst. to the 10th prox., both days included, after which the list of arrears will be transmitted to the same authority for further measures.

Each debtor of tax will be subject to a fine of Frcs. 1.00 if the tax be under Frcs. 25.00 and Frcs. 2.00 if the tax be Frcs. 25.00 or above, beside the ordinary levy expenses.

Government of the Virgin Islands, of the United States of America, St. Croix, July 9 1921.

C. W. FOX,
Despatching Secretary

NOTICE

is hereby given that the Reverend A. C. BOUGH is no longer Manager of the business carried on in this town under the name of JAMES SUMMERSILL; nor is he in anyway whatsoever connected with the said business.

SOPHIA SUMMERSILL.

St. Croix, Virgin Islands. July 7th. 1921.

NORTHERN Assurance Company

Limited

OF LONDON
GEO. L. MARKOE

Agent for Frederiksted's District

ERIK R. STAKEMANN

Agent for Christiansted's District
Policies are not subject to average.